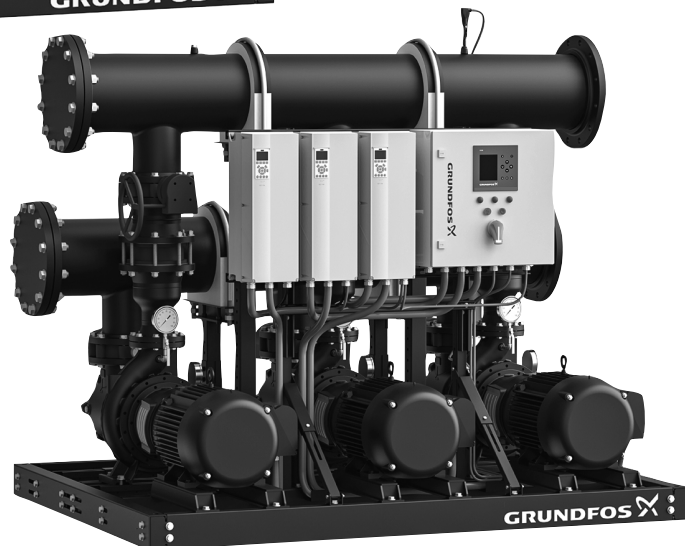
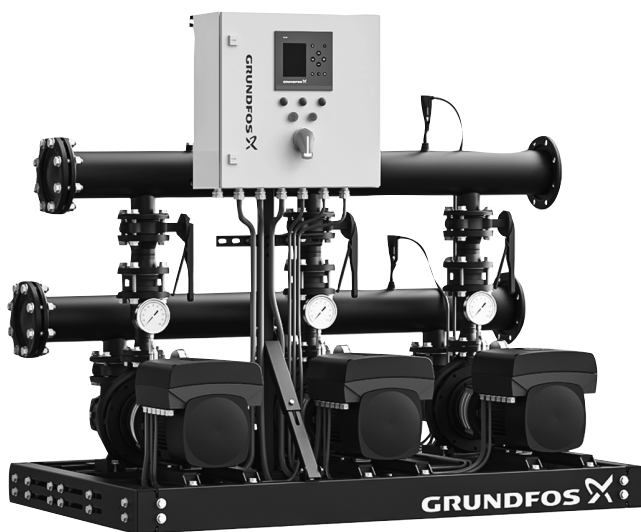


GRUNDFOS DELTA HCU

60 Hz

North America

Installation and operating instructions



GRUNDFOS DELTA HCU
Installation and operating instructions
(all available languages)
<http://net.grundfos.com/qr/i/92705454>

GRUNDFOS DELTA HCU

English (US)

Installation and operating instructions	4
Limited consumer warranty	87

English (US) Installation and operating instructions

Original installation and operating instructions

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1. General information



Read this document before you install the product. Installation and operation must comply with local regulations and accepted codes of good practice.

1.1 Hazard statements

The symbols and hazard statements below may appear in Grundfos installation and operating instructions, safety instructions and service instructions.



DANGER

Indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious personal injury.



WARNING

Indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious personal injury.



CAUTION

Indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in minor or moderate personal injury.

The hazard statements are structured in the following way:



SIGNAL WORD

Description of the hazard

Consequence of ignoring the warning

- Action to avoid the hazard.

1.2 Notes

The symbols and notes below may appear in Grundfos installation and operating instructions, safety instructions and service instructions.



Observe these instructions for explosion-proof products.



A blue or gray circle with a white graphical symbol indicates that an action must be taken.



A red or gray circle with a diagonal bar, possibly with a black graphical symbol, indicates that an action must not be taken or must be stopped.



If these instructions are not observed, it may result in malfunction or damage to the equipment.



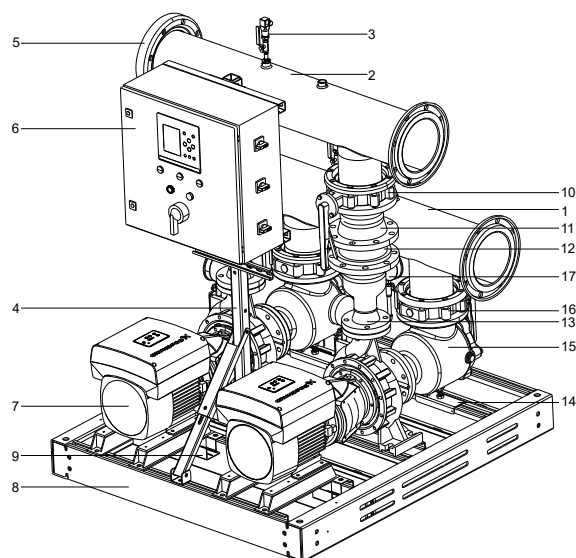
Tips and advice that make the work easier.

2. Product introduction

2.1 Product description

As standard, the GRUNDFOS DELTA HCU pump skid consists of two to five identical NBS or NBSE pumps in parallel, installed on a common base with all necessary pipes and control equipment. The control cabinet and VFDs are also installed on the base frame.

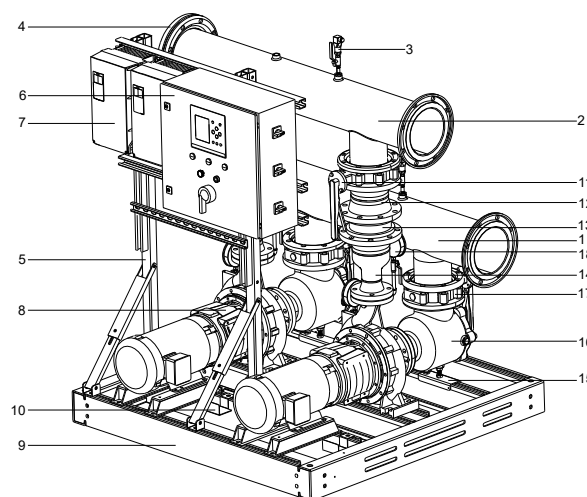
GRUNDFOS DELTA HCU with E-pump



TM084336

Pos.	Description
1	Inlet manifold
2	Outlet manifold
3	Pressure transmitter
4	Support bracket for cabinet and VFD
5	Blind flange
6	Control panel
7	Pump
8	Base frame
9	Cable bracket
10	Butterfly valve
11	Spool spacer pipe
12	Check valve
13	Spool reducer pipe
14	Cover plate
15	Suction diffuser
16	Butterfly valve
17	Pressure gauge

GRUNDFOS DELTA HCU with non-E pump



TM084337

Pos.	Description
1	Inlet manifold
2	Outlet manifold
3	Pressure transmitter
4	Blind flange
5	Support bracket for cabinet and VFD
6	Control panel
7	Grundfos CUE
8	Pump
9	Base frame
10	Cable bracket
11	Butterfly valve
12	Spool spacer pipe
13	Check valve
14	Spool reducer pipe
15	Cover plate
16	Suction diffuser
17	Butterfly valve
18	Pressure gauge

2.2 Intended use

GRUNDFOS DELTA HCU circulates water with or without glycol in heat transfer systems. The main applications include but are not limited to the following:

- variable primary or secondary hot water system
- variable primary and secondary chilled water system
- condenser water system
- primary distributed pumping system
- district energy system.

2.3 Pumped liquids



WARNING
Flammable material
Death or serious personal injury

- The pump must not be used to transfer flammable liquids, such as diesel oil, gasoline and similar liquids.

The product is suitable for pumping clean, thin, non-aggressive and non-explosive liquids without solid particles, fibers or mineral oils. If required, a certain volume solution of glycol and water can be used. For detailed information about the water-glycol mixture, please refer to the sizing tool, Grundfos Express (<https://grundfos.portal.intelliquip.com>). However, a decrease in pump performance may occur due to an increase in the viscosity of the solution. Contact the manufacturer for information regarding the suitability of the pump for pumping other liquids.

The pump is designed to circulate water from 14 to 212 °F (-10 to 100 °C) up to a maximum pressure of 175 psi (12 bar).

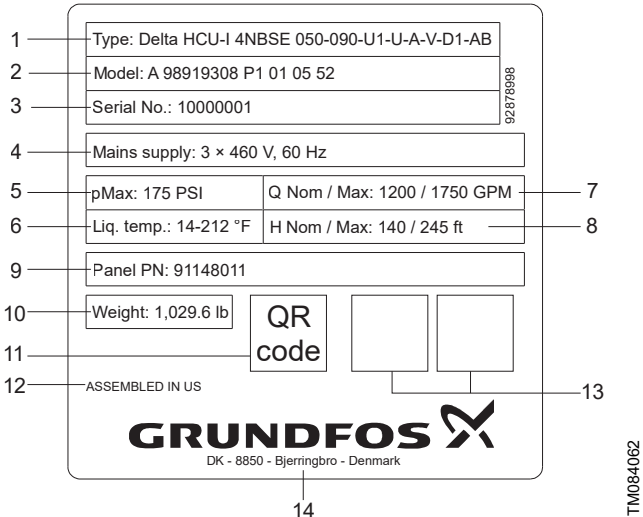
2.4 Control variant

The Grundfos DELTA HCU pump skids are divided into two groups based on the control variant:

Control variants	Description
- E	Two to three electronically speed-controlled NBSE pumps with integrated frequency converter utilizing the built-in control of the MLE motor.
- I	Two to five electronically speed-controlled NBS pumps connected to Grundfos CUE frequency converters (one per pump), or NBSE pumps with integrated frequency converters. All pumps are controlled by CU352.

2.5 Identification

2.5.1 Nameplate



Example of GRUNDFOS DELTA HCU nameplate

Pos.	Description
1	Product name
2	Factory code and production code (year and week)
3	Serial number
4	Mains supply
5	Maximum operating pressure [psi]
6	Temperature range of liquid
7	Max. flow rate
8	Max. head
9	Material number of the control panel
10	Net weight
11	QR code
12	Production site
13	Marks of approval
14	Address of manufacturer

Related information
[12.5 Electrical data](#)

2.5.2 Software label

The software label is placed on the back of the CU 352.

The diagram shows a rectangular software label with a rounded top-left corner. It contains a table with 3 columns and 6 rows. The first row is divided into three sections: '1. Control MPC' (column 1), '3. Hydro MPC' (column 2), and a section with the Grundfos logo (column 3). The second row is divided into three sections: '2. C-MPC options' (column 1), '4. H-MPC options' (column 2), and '5. Pump data' (column 3). The remaining four rows are empty. Numbered callouts point to these sections: 1 points to '1. Control MPC', 2 points to '2. C-MPC options', 3 points to the Grundfos logo section, 4 points to '4. H-MPC options', and 5 points to '5. Pump data'. Below the table, the text 'CONFIGURATION STEPS - PLEASE FOLLOW THE NUMBERS' is on the left and '96586126' is on the right. The label is oriented vertically on the right side of the page, with the text 'TM031742' written vertically next to it.

Software label

Pos.	Description
1	Control MPC - GSC file number
2	Control MPC options - GSC file numbers
3	Hydro MPC - GSC file number ¹⁾
4	Hydro MPC options - GSC file numbers ¹⁾
5	Pump data - GSC file number ²⁾

1) Applies only to systems.

2) Applies only to CR, CRI, CRN, CRE and CRIE pumps.



A GSC (Grundfos Standard Configuration) file is a configuration data file.

2.5.3 Type key

Example: DELTA HCU-I 4NBSE 050-090-UL-J-A-A-I8-AB

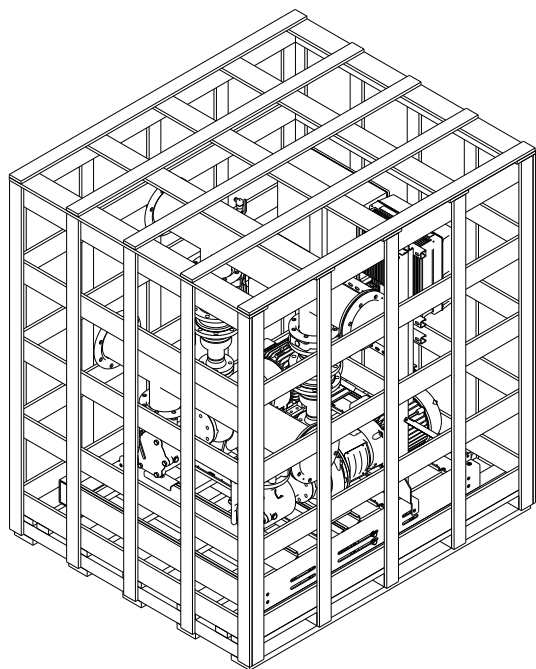
Code	Description	Designation
DELTA HCU		Product name
-I	E: Multi-E control, with E-motor I: MPC, with E-motor or CUE X: Customized system type	System type
4	2, 3, 4 etc.	Number of main pumps
NBSE 050-090	TP, TPE, NB, NBE, CR, CRE etc.	Pump type
-UL-	UJ = 1 × 208-230 V, PE, 60 Hz UK = 3 × 208-230 V, PE, 60 Hz UL = 3 × 460-480 V, PE, 60 Hz UX = CSU variant (special voltage rating)	Voltage code
J-	B: Manifolds on the same side of the pump, stacked on top of each other with the manifold centerlines in the same vertical plane I: Manifolds on opposite sides of the pump, in a straight branch configuration, with the manifold centerlines in the same horizontal plane J: Manifolds at the top of the system with manifold centerlines in different horizontal and vertical planes L: Suction manifold and branch centerline in the same horizontal plane, discharge manifold and branch centerline in the same vertical plane U: Manifolds at the top of the system with the manifold centerlines in the same horizontal plane X: Other type of design	Design, manifold layout
A-	A: - Suction: suction diffuser with isolation valve - Discharge: non-return valve with isolation valve B: - Suction: suction diffuser with isolation valve - Discharge: combination valve C: - Suction: suction diffuser with isolation valve - Discharge: combination valve with isolation valve D: - Suction: Y-strainer with isolation valve - Discharge: non-return valve with isolation valve E: - Suction: Y-strainer with isolation valve - Discharge: combination valve F: - Suction: Y-strainer with isolation valve - Discharge: combination valve with isolation valve G: - Suction: isolation valve only - Discharge: non-return valve with isolation valve H: - Suction: isolation valve only - Discharge: combination valve I: - Suction: isolation valve only - Discharge: combination valve with isolation valve X: Other	Design, branch layout

Code	Description	Designation
A-	A: ANSI flange T: Thread connection V: Victaulic connections X: Other	Build type
I8-	I3: 3" I4: 4" I5: 5" I6: 6" I8: 8" IA: 10" IB: 12" IC: 14" ID: 16" IE: 18" IF: 20" IG: 24" X: Other	Manifold size
AB	A: Additional sensors, gauges and tapping points B: No standby pumps C: Bypass D: Pump electrical disconnect switches E: With expansion joints, bellows and compensators F: Alternative manifold connection points when built with Victaulic, flanged ends G: Without manifold blind flanges I: Insulation required O: Outdoor installation P: Pipework material other than mild steel S: One pressure & one temperature sensor on the inlet manifold, one pressure sensor on the outlet manifold T: Certificate for pumps U: Undersized motor V: Vibration dampers X: More than 2 options Y: Other Z: SWA Cabling (BS 5467) for Power Transfer	Options

3. Receiving the product

3.1 Transporting the product

Depending on the size, GRUNDFOS DELTA HCU is placed in a wooden crate designed for forklift trucks or similar transportation equipment.



Example of DELTA HCU package

3.2 Inspecting the system

Before installing the system, check the following:

- The system corresponds to the order.
- All visible parts are intact.

3.3 Scope of delivery

The package of GRUNDFOS DELTA HCU contains the following components:

- the GRUNDFOS DELTA HCU system
- the Installation and operating instructions of GRUNDFOS DELTA HCU
- a wiring diagram.
- CUE Installation and operating instructions³⁾
- CU 352 Installation and operating instructions.⁴⁾

³⁾ Only available when the product contains CUE.

⁴⁾ Only available when the product contains CU 352 controller.

3.4 Handling and lifting the product

WARNING **Overhead load**

Death or serious personal injury



- Before lifting the product, make sure that the lifting equipment is capable of lifting the load stated on the nameplate.
- Do not stand under or close to the load that is lifted.
- Lifting should comply with local regulations.

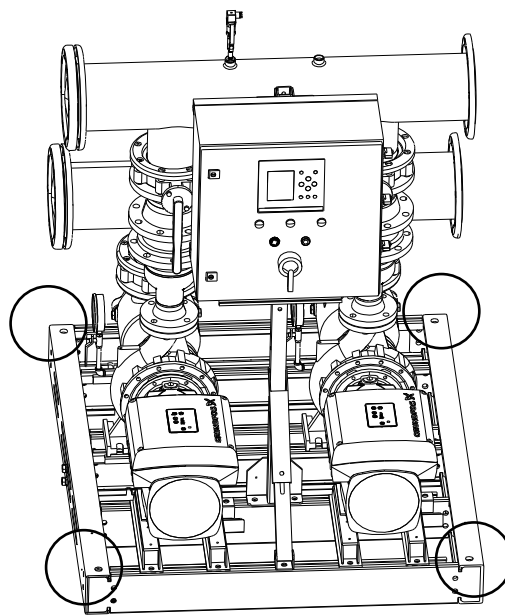
WARNING **Overhead load**

Minor or moderate personal injury



- Use appropriate lifting equipment when lifting the product.
- Do not lift the product by the manifolds.
- During handling, the lifting point must always be above the center of gravity of the pump system.

- The base frame contains some holes in the four corners for installing the lifting equipment. See the figure below.



Example of lifting the system

4. Installation requirements

4.1 Location



The system is only designed for indoor installation. Do not expose the system to direct sunlight.

- Install the system in a well-ventilated room to ensure sufficient cooling of the control cabinet and pumps.
- Install the system with a one-meter (3 ft) clearance on all sides for inspection and removal.

TM084841

TM084785

5. Mechanical installation

WARNING

Body injury

Death or serious personal injury



- Wear a helmet when operating the product to prevent hitting by the exposed parts of the product.
- Before starting up the system, make sure that all the butterfly valves are open.
- All operations must be carried out by qualified personnel and according to the local regulations.

WARNING

Body injury

Death or serious personal injury



- To avoid stress on pipes or joints inside the pumping system, do not apply any extra tension on the connection to the main pipeline.
- Make sure that the thermal expansion doesn't cause any damage to the joints
- Before starting up the system, make sure that all the butterfly valves are open.

WARNING

Hot surface

Death or serious personal injury



- Wear personal protective equipment to prevent being scalded by the hot surface of the product.

WARNING

Overhead load

Death or serious personal injury



- Before lifting the product, make sure that the lifting equipment is capable of lifting the load stated on the nameplate.



The flanges connected to the system should be Class 150. The screws for connecting the pipe must be at least Grade 8, in case the deformation causes pipe leakage.



Disconnect the pipe with the system before welding on the pipes.

5.1 Pipes

WARNING

Hot surface

Death or serious personal injury



- To avoid stress on pipes or joints inside the pumping system, do not apply any extra tension on the connection to the main pipeline.
- Make sure that the thermal expansion does not cause any damage to the joints.

WARNING

Hot surface

Death or serious personal injury



- Install the external pipe connections according to the guidelines of the pipe manufacturers to avoid excessive stress on the pipes.



The screws for connecting the pipe must be at least Grade 8, in case the deformation causes pipe leakage.

Arrows on the pump base show the direction of the flow through the pump.

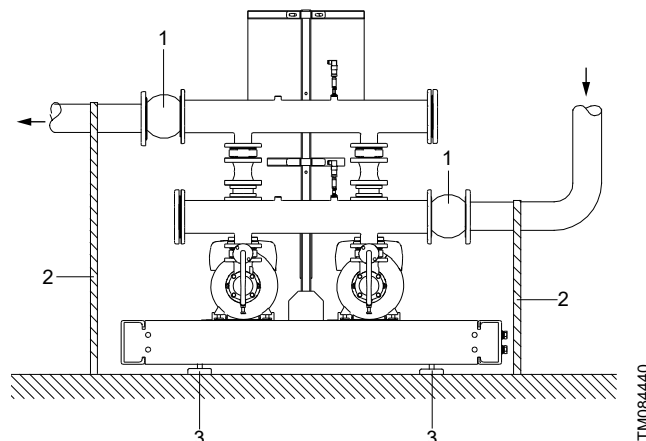
The pipes connected to the system must be of adequate size.

Connect the pipes to the manifolds of the system. Either end of the manifold can be used. Apply a blind flange to the unused end of the manifold. For the other side of the manifold, you need to remove the flange protector first before you connect the manifold to the pipes of the customer. For manifolds with flanges, install a blind flange with a gasket.

To optimize the operation and minimize the noise and vibration, it may be necessary to consider vibration damping of the system.

Noise and vibration are generated by the motor and pump rotations, and flow in the pipes and fittings. The effect on the environment is subjective and depends on the correct installation and the state of the other parts of the system.

If systems are installed in blocks of flats, or the first consumer on the line is close to the system, we recommend that you install expansion joints on the inlet and outlet pipes to prevent vibration from transmitting through the pipes.



Example showing the position of expansion joints, pipe supports and machine shoes

Pos.	Description
1	Expansion joint
2	Pipe support (and good location for system isolation valve)
3	Vibration damper (machine shoe)



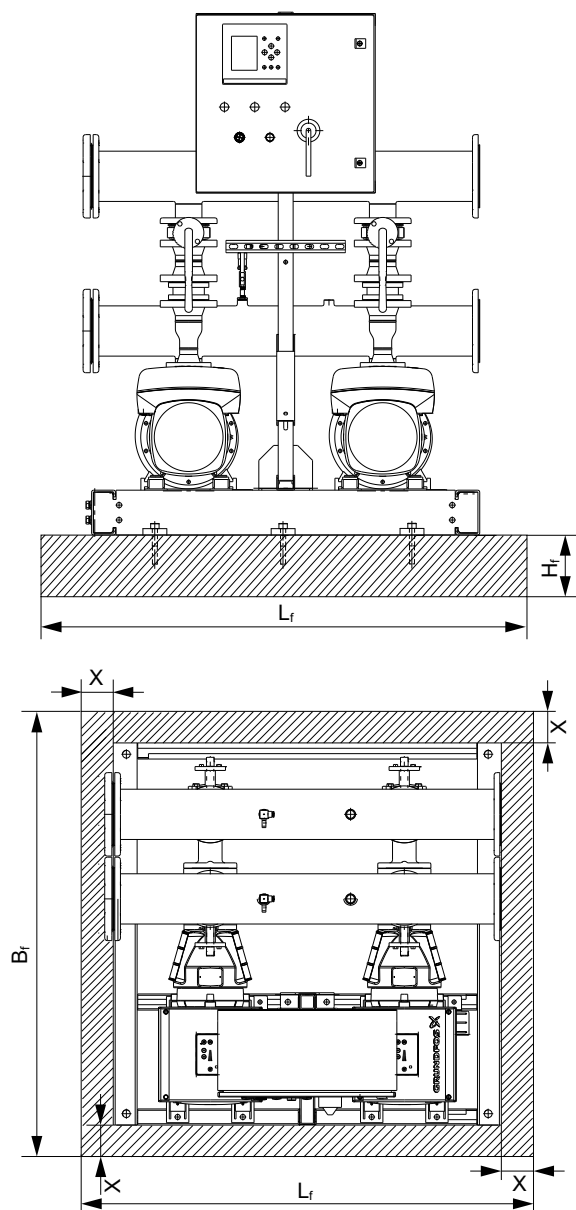
Expansion joints, pipe supports and machine shoes shown in the figure above are not included in a standard system.

5.2 Foundation

We recommend that you install the system on a flat plane and rigid concrete foundation which is heavy enough to provide permanent support for the entire system. The foundation must be capable of absorbing any vibration, normal strain or shock.



The weight of a concrete foundation must be 1.5 times the weight of the system.



Dimensions of the foundation

Variable	Description	Unit
h_f	The minimum height of the foundation	ft
W_{system}	The total weight of the system	lb
L_f	The minimum length of the foundation	ft
B_f	The minimum width of the foundation	ft
X	The foundation is 0.328 ft (100 mm), that is dimension x, larger in length and width than the dimensions of the base frame.	ft
$\delta_{concrete}$	The density of concrete	lb/ft ³

The minimum height of the foundation, h_f , is calculated by the equation below:

$$h_f = \frac{W_{system} \times 1.5}{L_f \times B_f \times \delta_{concrete}}$$

The density, δ , of concrete is usually taken as 137 lb/ft³ (2200 kg/m³).

The figure above shows how to construct the foundation of the system. When setting up the foundation, make sure that the foundation is 0.328 ft (100 mm), that is the dimension x, larger in length and width than the dimensions of the base frame.

To ensure a secure connection between the system and the foundation, we recommend a minimum drill hole depth of 0.427 ft (130 mm) to fasten the anchor bolts.

5.3 Vibration dampers

To prevent the transmission of vibration to buildings, we recommend that you isolate the system foundation from the building parts by vibration dampers.

A proper damper varies in different installation situations, and a wrong damper may increase the vibration level. Vibration dampers must therefore be sized by the supplier. If the system is installed on a base frame with vibration dampers, always install expansion joints on the manifolds. This is important to prevent the system from "hanging" on the pipes.

5.4 Expansion joints

Install expansion joints for the following reasons:

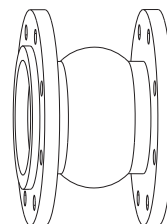
- to absorb expansions or contractions in the pipes caused by changes in liquid temperature
- to reduce mechanical strain caused by pressure surges in the pipes
- to isolate mechanical structure-borne noise in the pipes (only expansion joints like rubber bellows).



Do not install expansion joints to compensate for inaccuracies in the pipes, such as flange center displacement.

Proceed with the following steps when you install an expansion joint:

- Install expansion joints at a minimum distance of 1 to 1.5 times the nominal flange diameter from the manifold on the inlet and on the outlet side. This prevents the development of turbulence in the expansion joints, resulting in better inlet conditions and a minimum pressure loss on the pressure side.



Example of an expansion joint

- Expansion joints with limiting rods can be used to minimize the forces caused by the expansion joints. We always recommend that you use expansion joints with limiting rods for flanges larger than four inches.
- Anchor the pipes so that they do not stress the expansion joints and the pump. Follow the supplier's instructions and pass them on to advisers or pipe installers.

6. Electrical installation

DANGER Electric shock

Death or serious personal injury



- The installation location should match the environmental rating of the control cabinet.
- SCCR of the cabinet must meet or exceed the limits of the supply transformer.

**WARNING**
Body injury

Death or serious personal injury

- All electrical installation must be carried out by a qualified electrician according to local regulations.

WARNING
Electric shock

Death or serious personal injury



- Switch off the power supply and make sure that the power supply cannot be accidentally switched on.
- Make sure that the wires to be connected to the connection groups are separated from each other by reinforced insulation throughout their entire length.
- The connection of the electrical supply, transmitters and external monitoring equipment must be carried out by an authorized electrician in accordance with the NEC, local regulations and the DELTA HCU wiring diagram.

**WARNING**
Electric shock

Death or serious personal injury

- Make sure there are no metal scraps after drilling and cutting, and install a gland to protect the power cable.

**WARNING**
Electric shock

Death or serious personal injury

- The pump and the internal pipes must be grounded to the same PE equipotential.
- Accessible metal parts must be grounded.



Read the wiring diagram carefully. According to the NEC, if the motors cannot be seen from the control panel, they must be equipped with a disconnect switch.

Any GRUNDFOS DELTA HCU pump skid that utilizes a variable frequency drive must be connected to an electrical supply with all phase lines electrically symmetrical with the ground. We recommend that you use a four-wire Wye electrical supply with a line impedance between 0.5 % and 3 %. If a variable frequency drive is connected to a delta transformer or if the line impedance is not within the recommended value of 0.5 to 3 %, the drive may not operate correctly and may not provide optimum performance, such as excessive faults, erratic behaviour, or complete failure. We do not recommend using open delta power. Ask your power company or electrician to determine what type of electrical supply is present. Generator-supplied power must meet public utility power quality standards.



- Make sure that the power supply and frequency correspond to the values stated on the nameplate.
- Make sure that the conductor cross-section meets the specifications in the wiring diagram.
- Make sure that the DELTA HCU controls and the pumps are suitable for the electricity supply on which they will be used. See the section on Technical data.

Related information[12.5 Electrical data](#)**7. Starting up the product**

Liquid may be present in the system. In situations that could cause the liquid to freeze, make sure that the liquid is melted before starting the product.

After carrying out the mechanical and electrical installation, proceed as follows:

1. Ask a qualified person to check if the power supply and plumbing connections are proper. Make sure the power supply is off.
2. Prime the system as follows:
 - a. Turn off all the isolating valves on the outlet pipe of the pump and slowly open all pump isolating valves on the inlet pipe. Both the pumps and the inlet pipe must be completely filled with liquid.

WARNING
Escaping liquid

Death or serious personal injury



- Pay attention to the orientation of the priming hole to ensure that the escaping liquid does not cause personal injury or damage to the motor or other components.
- In hot-liquid installations, pay special attention to the risk of personal injury caused by scalding hot liquid.
- In cold-liquid installations, pay special attention to the risk of personal injury caused by freezing cold liquid.

- b. Loosen all priming plugs to vent the pumps. Once the liquid runs out, tighten the priming plugs.

3. Make sure that all the circuit breakers are in the ON position.
4. Make sure that the pump isolation valves on the outlet manifold are closed.
5. Switch on the power supply.
6. If this is the first time the system is powered on, the Start-up wizard may appear. Complete the Start-up wizard and go to step 8. If the wizard does not appear, go to step 7.
7. Run the Start-up wizard and do the following:
 - a. Move the top line display to **Settings**. If it prompts a password, enter 1234.
 - b. Move down to **Functions, CU 352** and press the **OK** button.
 - c. Move down to **Run wizard again** and press the **OK** button.
8. Vent the system by opening the vent plug on each pump as in step 2, while the pump is running in step 6 of the Start-up wizard. Venting the pump by running it ensures all air is removed from the inlet pipe. Do not run the system with the isolation valves on the outlet side closed for more than five minutes to prevent overheating of the pumped liquid.
9. As the pumps stop, check the pump rotation. Repeat this step if necessary.



To get better visibility, remove the coupling guard. If the surroundings are not bright enough, a flashlight may be required.

WARNING
Crushing of hands

Death or serious personal injury



- Do not touch the couplings while the pumps are running. Replace all the coupling guards after checking the rotation.
- Disconnect the main power supply when removing and replacing the coupling guards.

If the direction of rotation is incorrect, navigate to 1-06 Clockwise Direction in the CUE and adjust the rotational direction.

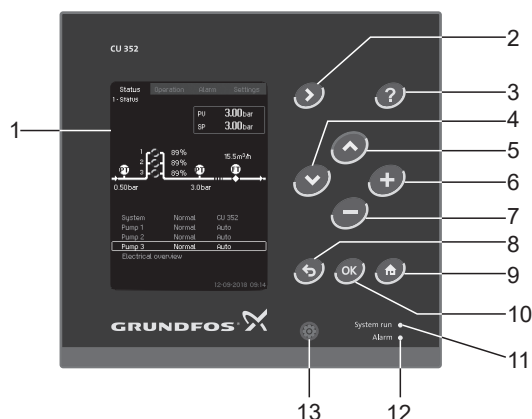
10. When the pumps are vented and checked for correct rotation, the system is now ready for operation. As the isolation valves on the outlet side are still closed, partially open each outlet isolation valve to allow water to enter into the outlet pipe. Continue the process of filling the outlet pipe until the outlet piping pressure is approximately at the desired setpoint pressure of the system.
11. Open the isolation valves completely on the outlet side of the pump. The system is now ready for operation.



It may be necessary to clear alarms in the fault log.

8. CU 352 operating panel

The operating panel in the front cover of the control cabinet features a display, a number of buttons and two indicator lights. The operating panel enables manual setting and monitoring of the performance of the system.



TM054258

CU 352 operating panel

Pos.	Description
1	Display
2	Arrow to the right
3	Help
4	Down
5	Up
6	Plus
7	Minus
8	Esc.
9	Home
10	OK
11	Indicator light, operation (green)
12	Indicator light, fault (red)
13	Display brightness

8.1 Buttons and indicator lights

The buttons on CU 352 operating panel are active when they are on.

8.1.1 Arrow to the right (2)

Press [➤] to go to the next menu in the menu structure. If you press [➤] when the menu **Settings** is highlighted, you will go to the menu **Status**.

8.1.2 Help (3)

When this symbol is on, a help text applying to the display will appear if you press the button.

Close the text with ⏮.

8.1.3 Up and down (4 and 5)

Move up and down in lists with [v] and [^].

You can select a text with [OK] when it is in a box.

If a text is marked and you press [^], the text above will be marked. If you press [v], the text below will be marked.

If you press [v] in the last line in the list, the first line will be marked.

If you press [^] in the first line in the list, the last line will be marked.

8.1.4 Plus and minus (6 and 7)

Increase and reduce a value with [+] and [-]. Save with [OK].

8.1.5 Back (8)

Press ⏮ to go one display back in the menu.

If you have changed a value and press ⏮, the new value will not be saved. See also section OK (10).

If you press [OK] before pressing ⏮, the new value will be saved. See also section OK (10).

8.1.6 Home (9)

Press 🏠 to return to the menu **Status**.

8.1.7 OK (10)

Use the button as an enter button.

The button is also used to start the setting of a value. If you have changed a value, press [OK] to save the change.

8.1.8 Indicator lights (11 and 12)

The operating panel incorporates a green and red indicator light.

The green indicator light will be on when the system is in operation and flash when the system has been set to stop.

The red indicator light will be on if there is an alarm or a warning.

The fault can be identified from the alarm list.

8.1.9 Display brightness (13)

You can change the brightness in the display with this button:

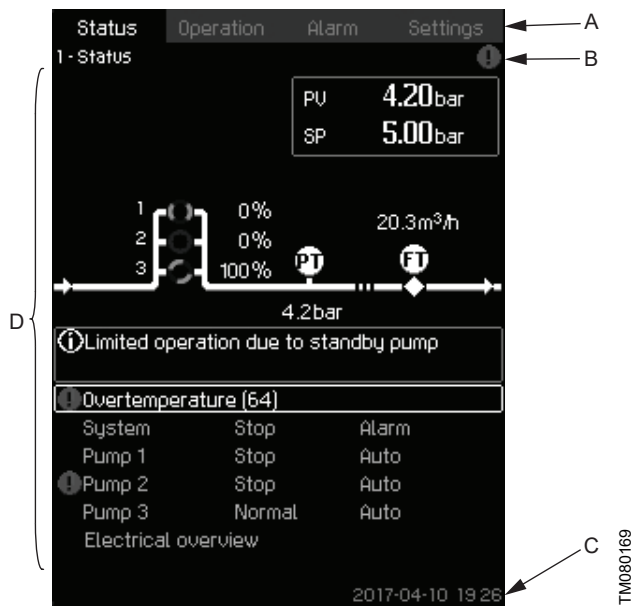
1. Press ☀.
2. Adjust the brightness with [+] and [-].

8.1.10 Back light

If no button is touched for 15 minutes, the back light of the display will be dimmed.

Press the HOME button to re-activate the back light.

8.2 Display



Display

Pos.	Description
A	Menu line
B	Top line
C	Bottom line
D	Graphical illustration

8.2.1 Menu line

The menu line (A) is illustrated on the display.

The display has four main menus:

Status	Indication of system status
Operation	Change of operating parameters such as setpoint
Alarm	Alarm log for fault finding
Settings	Change of settings (password option)

8.2.2 Top line

The top line (B) shows the following:

- the display number and title (left side)
- the selected menu (left side)
- the symbol ☒ in case of alarm (right side)
- the symbol ⚠ in case of warning (right side)
- the symbol ↗ if the service language has been selected (right side)
- the symbol 🌐 if there is an active ethernet connection.

8.2.3 Graphical illustration

The graphical illustration (D) may show a status, an indication or other elements, depending on the position in the menu structure.

The illustration may show the entire system or part of it as well as various settings.

8.2.4 Scroll bar

If the list of illustration elements exceeds the display, the symbols ▲ and ▼ appear in the scroll bar to the right. Move up and down in lists with these symbols.

8.2.5 Bottom line

The bottom line (C) shows the date and time.

9. Functions

9.1 Overview of functions

Display and display number

Status (1)

This menu shows alarms, status of the system and a graph of logged data.

Note: No settings can be made in this menu.

Actual alarms (3.1)

System (1.2)

Operating mode (1.2.1)

Setpoint (1.2.2)

Setpoint influence (1.2.3)

Measured values (1.2.4)

Analog inputs (1.2.5)

Log graph (1.2.6)

Battery status (1.2.7)

Pump 1-6, Pilot pump (1.3 - 1.10)

Operation (2)

In this menu, you can set the basic parameters, such as setpoint, operating mode, control mode and individual pump control.

Operation (2)

System operating mode (2.1.1)

Control mode (2.1.2)

Alternative setpoints (2.1.3)

Individual pump control (2.1.4)

- Pump 1-6 (2.1.4.1 - 2.1.4.6)
- Operation, pilot pump (2.1.4.7)

Alarm (3)

This menu gives an overview of alarms and warnings.

You can reset alarms and warnings in this menu.

Alarm status (3)

Actual alarms (3.1)

Alarm log (3.2)

Service contact information (3.3)

Settings (4)

In this menu, you can set various functions:

- Primary controller**
PI controller, Alternative setpoints, External setpoint influence, Primary sensor, Clock program, Proportional pressure, S-system configuration, Setpoint ramp.
- Pump cascade control**
Min. time between start/stop, Max. number of starts/hour, Number of standby pumps, Forced pump changeover, Pump test run, Pump stop attempt, Pump start and stop speed, Min. performance, Compensation for pump start-up time.
- Secondary functions**
Stop function, Soft pressure build-up, Digital inputs, Analog inputs, Analog outputs, Emergency run, Min., max. and user-defined duty, Pump curve data, Control source, Fixed inlet pressure, Flow estimation, Reduced operation.
- Monitoring functions**
Dry-running protection, Min. pressure, Max. pressure, External fault, Limit 1 exceeded, Limit 2 exceeded, Pumps outside duty range, Pressure relief, Log values, Fault, feedback sensor.
- Functions, CU 352**
Display language, Units, Date and time, Password, Ethernet, GENibus number, Software status.

Primary controller (4.1)

Display and display number
<i>PI controller (4.1.1)</i>
<i>Alternative setpoints (4.1.2)</i>
• <i>Alternative setpoints 2-7 (4.1.2.1 - 4.1.2.7)</i>
<i>External setpoint influence (4.1.3)</i>
• <i>Setting of influence function (4.1.3.2)</i>
<i>Primary sensor (4.1.4)</i>
<i>Secondary sensor (4.1.5)</i>
<i>Clock program (4.1.6)</i>
<i>Proportional pressure (4.1.7)</i>
<i>Setpoint ramp (4.1.9)</i>
Pump cascade control (4.2)
<i>Min. time between start/stop (4.2.1)</i>
<i>Max. number of starts/hour (4.2.1)</i>
<i>Standby pumps (4.2.3)</i>
<i>Forced pump changeover (4.2.4)</i>
<i>Pump test run (4.2.5)</i>
<i>Pump stop attempt (4.2.7)</i>
<i>Pump start and stop speed (4.2.8)</i>
<i>Min. performance (4.2.9)</i>
<i>Compensation for pump start-up time (4.2.10)</i>
Secondary functions (4.3)
<i>Stop function (4.3.1)</i>
<i>Pilot pump (4.3.2)⁵⁾</i>
<i>Soft pressure build-up (4.3.3)</i>
<i>Emergency run (4.3.5)</i>
<i>Digital inputs (4.3.7)</i>
• <i>Functions of digital inputs (4.3.7.1)</i>
<i>Analog inputs (4.3.8)</i>
• <i>Analog inputs (4.3.8.1 - 4.3.8.7)</i>
• <i>Analog inputs and measured value (4.3.8.1.1 - 4.3.8.7.1)</i>
<i>Digital outputs (4.3.9)</i>
• <i>Function of digital outputs (4.3.9.1 - 4.3.9.16)</i>
<i>Analog outputs (4.3.10)</i>
• <i>Output signal (4.3.10.1 - 4.3.10.3)</i>
<i>Min., max. and user-defined duty (4.3.14)</i>
• <i>Min. duty (4.3.14.1)</i>
• <i>Max. duty (4.3.14.2)</i>
• <i>User-defined duty (4.3.14.3)</i>
<i>Pilot pump curve data (4.3.18)</i>
<i>Pump curve data (4.3.19)</i>
<i>Control source (4.3.20)</i>
<i>Fixed inlet pressure (4.3.22)</i>
<i>Flow estimation (4.3.23)</i>
<i>Reduced operation (4.3.24)</i>
<i>Multisensor settings (4.3.25)</i>
<i>Differential sensor (4.3.27)</i>
<i>Customisable measured value type (4.3.28)</i>
Monitoring functions (4.4)
<i>Dry-running protection (4.4.1)</i>
• <i>Pressure/level switch (4.4.1.1)</i>
• <i>Measurement, inlet pressure (4.4.1.2)</i>
• <i>Measurement, tank level (4.4.1.3)</i>
<i>Min. pressure (4.4.2)</i>
<i>Max. pressure (4.4.3)</i>

Display and display number
<i>External fault (4.4.4)</i>
<i>Limit 1 exceeded (4.4.5 - 4.4.6)</i>
<i>Pumps outside duty range (4.4.7)</i>
<i>Pressure relief (4.4.8)</i>
<i>Log values (4.4.9)</i>
<i>Fault, feedback sensor (4.4.10)</i>
<i>Non-return valve (4.4.11)</i>
<i>Controlled output 1-2 (4.4.13-4.4.14)</i>
Functions, CU 352 (4.5)
<i>Display language (4.5.1)</i>
<i>Units (4.5.2)</i>
<i>Date and time (4.5.3)</i>
<i>Password (4.5.4)</i>
<i>Ethernet (4.5.5)</i>
<i>GENIbus number (4.5.6)</i>
<i>Software status (4.5.9)</i>
Status display menu (4.6)

5) **Pilot pump** needs to be activated via PC Tool.

9.2 Description of functions

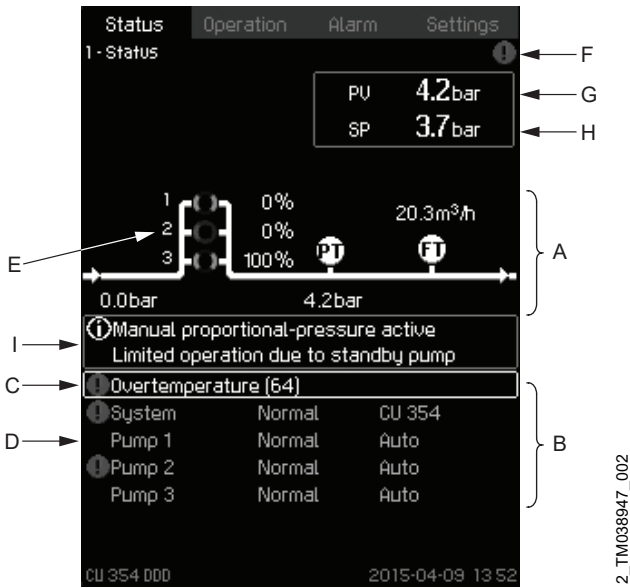
The description of functions is based on the four main menus of the CU 352 control unit:

- **Status**
- **Operation**
- **Alarm**
- **Settings.**

The functions apply to all control variants unless otherwise stated.

9.3 Status (1)

This display is shown when the power is switched on, and it appears if the buttons of the control panel remain untouched for 15 minutes.



Status

Description

No settings can be made in this menu.

The actual value (process value, PV) of the control parameter, usually the outlet pressure, is shown in the upper right corner (G) together with the selected setpoint (SP) (H).

The upper half of the display (A) shows a graphic illustration of the system. The selected measuring parameters are shown with sensor symbol and actual value.

In MPC-E systems where the differential pressure across the pumps and pump curve data are known, the display shows the estimated flow rate when the flow rate and speed of the pumps are within a range where it is possible to estimate the flow rate.

≈ : This indicates that the flow rate is an estimated value.

The estimated flow rate may differ from a measured value.

In the middle of the display, an information field (I) is shown if any of the following events occurs:

- Limited operation due to standby pump
- Proportional-pressure influence active
- External setpoint influence active
- Alternative setpoint active
- Low flow boost active
- Pressure relief active
- Clock program active
- Remote-controlled via GENI (RS-485)
- Limited due to reduced operation
- Stopped due to low flow.

The lower display half (B) shows the following:

- the most recent active alarm, if any, and the fault cause with the fault code in brackets
- system status with actual operating mode and control source
- pump status with actual operating mode.

If a fault has occurred, the warning symbol or alarm symbol is shown in the line (C) together with the cause and fault code, for instance "Overtemperature (64)".

If the fault is related to one of the pumps, one of the symbols or is also shown in front of the status line (D) of the pump in question. At the same time, the pump status indicator (E) changes colour to either yellow or red as described in the table below. The symbol or is shown to the right in the top line of the display (F). As long as a fault is present, this symbol is shown in the top line of all displays.

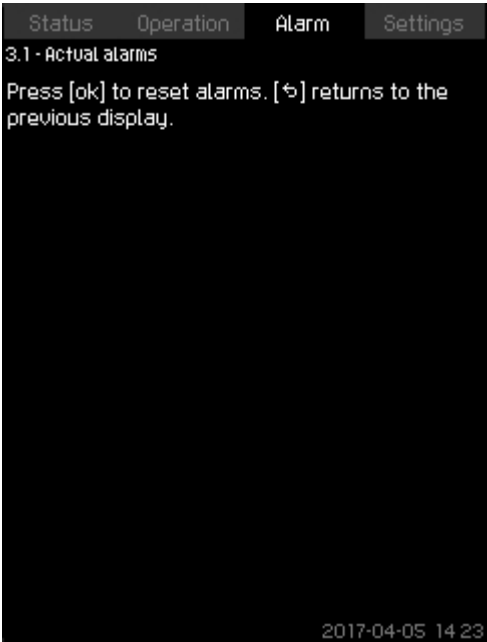
To open a menu line, select the line with [v] or [^] and press [OK]. The display allows you to open status displays showing the following:

- actual alarms
- system status
- status of each pump.

Description of pump status

Pump status indicator	Description
Rotating, green	The pump is running.
Permanently green	The pump is ready (not running).
Rotating, yellow	Warning. The pump is running.
Permanently yellow	Warning. The pump is ready (not running).
Permanently red	Alarm. The pump is stopped.

9.3.1 Actual alarms (3.1)



Actual alarms

Description

The display shows active unset alarms and warnings. For further information, see sections Actual alarms (3.1) and Alarm log (3.2).

9.3.2 System (1.2)

Status	Operation	Alarm	Settings
1.2 - System			
Actual operating mode			Normal
From			CU 352
Actual control mode			Closed loop
Selected setpoint			5.0bar
Actual setpoint			5.0bar
Actual value			5.0bar
Control source			
System controlled from			CU 352
Further information			
Operating mode			
Setpoint			
Setpoint influence			
Measured values			
Analog inputs			
Log graph			
2017-04-05 14:22			

1-2_TM038946_085

System

Description

The display shows the operational state of the system. Go to subdisplays for further details.

The display allows you to open the displays below:

- **Operating mode**
- **Setpoint**
- **Setpoint influence**
- **Measured values**
- **Analog inputs**
- **Log graph**
- **Battery status.**

9.3.3 Operating mode (1.2.1)

Status	Operation	Alarm	Settings
1.2.1 - Operating mode			
Actual operating mode	Normal		
From	CU 352		
Operating mode, all control sources			
Control source	Operating mode	Selected	
CU 352	Normal	☒	
Bus	Normal	☐	

1-2-1_TM032273_086

Operating mode

Description

The display shows the operating mode of the system and from where it is controlled.

Operating modes

The system has six operating modes:

1. **Normal**
 - The pumps adapt their performance to the requirement.
2. **Max.**
 - The pumps run at a constant high speed. Normally, all pumps run at maximum speed.
3. **User-defined**
 - The pumps run at a constant speed set by the user. It is usually a performance between **Max.** and **Min.**.
4. **Min.**
 - The pumps run at a constant low speed. Normally, one pump is running at a speed of 70 %.
5. **Stop**
 - All pumps have been stopped.
6. **Emergency run**
 - The pumps run according to the setting made in display **Emergency run** (4.3.5).

The performance required in these operating modes can be set in the menu **Settings**:

- **Max.**
- **Min.**
- **User-defined**
- **Emergency run.**

See sections **Min.**, **max.** and **user-defined duty** (4.3.14) and **Emergency run** (4.3.5).

The actual operating mode can be controlled from four different sources:

- **Fault**
- **External signal**
- **CU 352**
- **Bus.**

Control source

You can set the system to remote control via an external bus (option). In this case, you must set a setpoint and an operating mode via the bus.
In the menu **Settings**, you can select whether CU 352 or the external bus is to be the control source.
The status of this setting is shown in the display **Operating mode**.

Related information

[9.4.2 System operating mode \(2.1.1\)](#)

9.3.4 Setpoint (1.2.2)



Setpoint

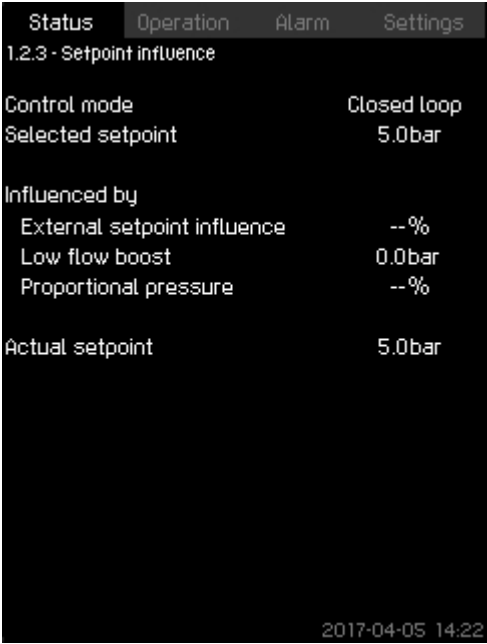
Description

The display shows the selected setpoint and whether it comes from CU 352 or an external bus.
The display also shows all seven possible setpoints from CU 352 (for closed- and open-loop control). At the same time, the selected setpoint is shown.
As it is a status display, no settings can be made.
You can change the setpoints in the menus **Operation** or **Settings**. See section Alternative setpoints (4.1.2).

Related information

[9.6.24 Stop function \(4.3.1\)](#)

9.3.5 Setpoint influence (1.2.3)



Setpoint influence

Description

Actual setpoint (SP) = selected setpoint x influence (1) × influence (2) × etc.
The display shows the parameters influencing the selected setpoint and the percentage or value of influence.
You can set some of the possible parameters in the display **External setpoint influence** (4.1.3). The parameter **Low flow boost** is set as a start/stop band as a percentage of the setpoint set in the display **Stop function** (4.3.1). The parameter is set as a percentage in the display **Proportional pressure** (4.1.7).
Finally, the resulting actual setpoint (SP) is shown.

9.3.6 Measured values (1.2.4)

Status	Operation	Alarm	Settings
1.2.4 - Measured values			
Actual control parameter (PU)			
			5.0bar
Other measured or calculated values			
Outlet pressure			5.0bar
Flow rate			20.30m³/h
Power consumption			--kW
Energy consumption			702kWh
Specific energy, actual			0.000kWh/m³
Specific energy, average			0.585kWh/m³
Total volume			1200m³
Press [ok] to reset accumulated values.			
2017-04-05 14 22			

1-2-4_TM032270_089

Measured values**Description**

The display gives a general status of all measured and calculated parameters. In MPC-E systems with a flowmeter, the specific energy is shown as an average value and actual value (mean value over the last minute). The average value is based on the accumulated flow shown as total volume. The total volume and specific energy average can be reset in this display.



The lines **Power consumption** and **Energy consumption** are only shown in MPC-E systems.

9.3.7 Analog inputs (1.2.5)

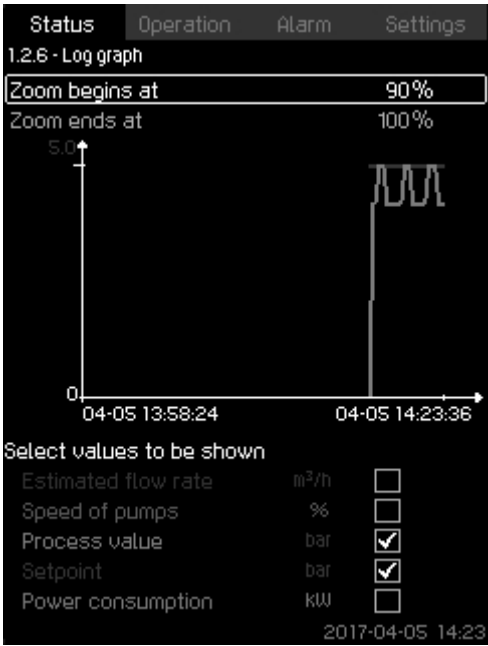
Status	Operation	Alarm	Settings
1.2.5 - Analog inputs			
Analog inputs and measured value			
AI1 (CU 352), [51] (Outlet pressure)			5.0bar
AI2 (CU 352), [54] (Flow rate 1)			20.3m³/h
AI3 (CU 352), [57] (Not used)			--
AI1 (IO 351-41), [57] (Not used)			--
AI2 (IO 351-41), [60] (Not used)			--
2017-04-05 14 22			

1-2-5_TM038949_145

Analog inputs**Description**

The display shows an overview of the analog inputs and the measured values of each input. See sections Analog inputs (4.3.8), Analog inputs (4.3.8.1 - 4.3.8.7) and Analog inputs and measured value (4.3.8.1.1 - 4.3.8.7.1).

9.3.8 Log graph (1.2.6)



1-2-6_TM052975_182

Log graph

Description

The display shows logged data stored in the controller. Select log values in the display **Log values** (4.4.9). Various values can be shown, and the time scale can be changed.

Setting via the operating panel

Status > System > Log graph

1. Set as a percentage:
 - Zoom begins at
 - Zoom ends at.
2. Select values to be shown.

9.3.9 Battery status (1.2.7)



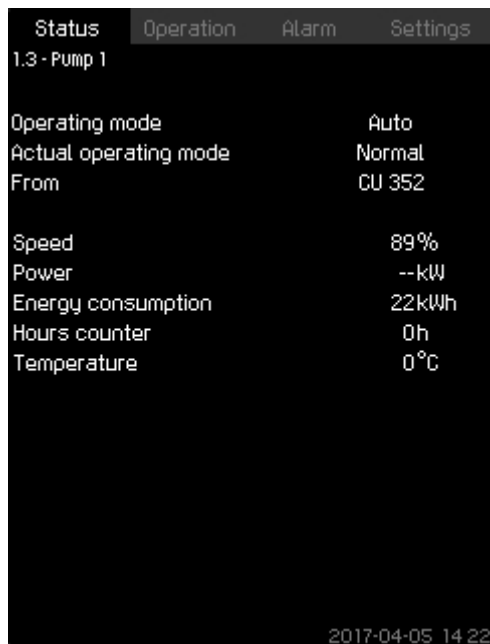
1-2-7_TM052976_188

Battery status

Description

The display shows the status of the backup battery, if installed.

9.3.10 Pump 1-6, Pilot pump (1.3 - 1.10)



1-3_TM032268_005

Pump 1

Description

The display shows the operational state of the individual pumps.



The displays for the pilot pump are only shown if such pumps are installed.

The pumps can have different operating modes:

- **Auto**

Together with the other pumps in automatic operation, the pump is controlled by the PI controller which ensures that the system delivers the required performance.

- **Manual**

The pump is not controlled by the PI controller. In manual operation, the pump has one of the following operating modes:

- **Max.:** The pump runs at a set maximum speed. This operating mode can only be selected for variable-speed pumps.
- **Normal:** The pump runs at a set speed.
- **Min.:** The pump runs at a set minimum speed. This operating mode can only be selected for variable-speed pumps.
- **Stop:** The pump has been forced to stop.

Besides information about the operating mode, you can read various parameters in the status display, such as these:

- **Actual operating mode**
- **Control source**
- **Speed** (only 0 or 100 % are shown for mains-operated pumps)
- **Power** (only MPC-E/-EC)
- **Energy consumption** (only MPC-E/-EC)
- **Hours** (Operating hours)
- **Temperature.**

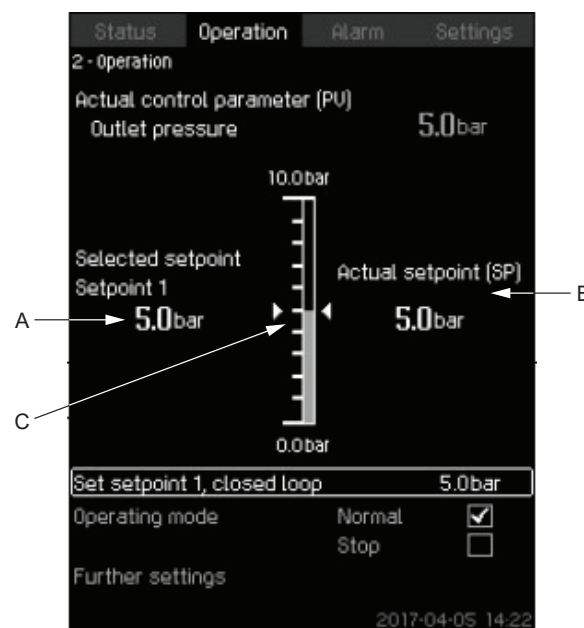
Related information

[9.6.44 How to read pump curve data](#)

9.4 Operation (2)

In this menu, you can set the basic parameters, such as setpoint, operating mode, control mode and individual pump control.

9.4.1 Operation (2)



2_TM038950_002

Operation

Description

At the left hand of the column, you can see the selected setpoint 1 (A), that is the value set in the display. At the right hand of the column, you can see the actual setpoint (B), that is the setpoint acting as reference for the PI controller. If no kind of external setpoint influence has been selected, the two values will be identical. The measured value (outlet pressure) is shown as the grey part of the column (C). See sections External setpoint influence (4.1.3) and Setting of influence function (4.1.3.2).

Below the display is a menu line for setting of setpoint 1 and selection of operating mode, including the operating modes **Normal** and **Stop**. You can select further settings: **System operating mode**, **Control mode**, **Alternative setpoints** and **Individual pump control**.

Setting range

Setpoint:

Closed-loop control:	Measuring range of the primary sensor
Open-loop control:	0-100 %

Setting via the operating panel

Setpoint

- **Operation > Set setpoint 1, open loop / Set setpoint 1, closed loop.**

Set the value.

Operating mode

- **Operation**

Select: **Normal** or **Stop**.

Further settings

- **Operation > Further settings.**

Select one of the settings below:

- **System operating mode**, see section System operating mode (2.1.1).
- **Control mode**, see section Control mode (2.1.2).
- **Alternative setpoints**, see section Alternative setpoints (2.1.3).
- **Individual pump control**, see section Pump 1-6 (2.1.4.1 - 2.1.4.6).

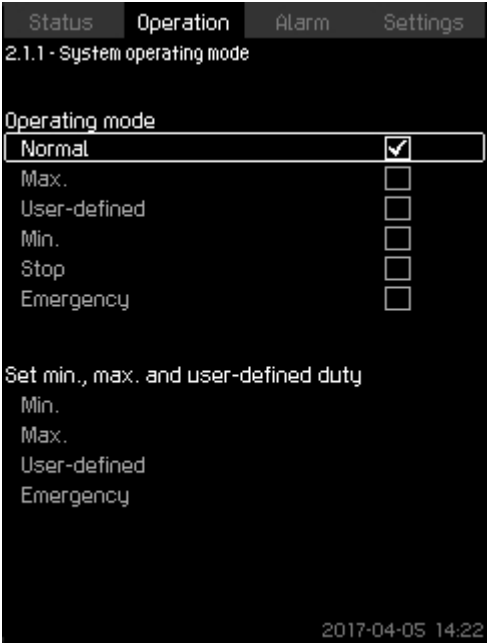
Factory settings

The setpoint is a value suitable for the system in question. The factory setting may have been changed in the startup menu.

Related information

- [9.4.2 System operating mode \(2.1.1\)](#)
- [9.4.3 Control mode \(2.1.2\)](#)
- [9.4.4 Alternative setpoints \(2.1.3\)](#)
- [9.4.6 Pump 1-6 \(2.1.4.1 - 2.1.4.6\)](#)
- [9.4.3 Control mode \(2.1.2\)](#)
- [9.6.5 External setpoint influence \(4.1.3\)](#)
- [9.6.6 Setting of influence function \(4.1.3.2\)](#)

9.4.2 System operating mode (2.1.1)



2-1-1_TM038951_082

System operating mode

Description

The system can be set to six different operating modes. **Normal** is the typical setting. See section Operating mode (1.2.1).

You can set the performance of the operating modes in this menu:

- **Min.**
- **Max.**
- **User-defined**
- **Emergency.**

Setting range

- **Normal**
- **Max.**
- **Min.**
- **User-defined**
- **Stop**
- **Emergency.**

Setting via the operating panel

- **Operation > Further settings > System operating mode > Operating mode.**

Select the desired line at the bottom of the display to set the performance for **Max.**, **Min.**, **User-defined** and **Emergency**. See sections Emergency run (4.3.5) and Min., max. and user-defined duty (4.3.14).

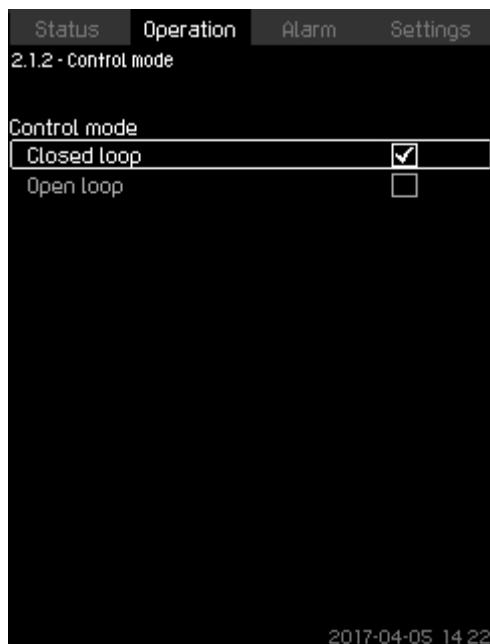
Factory settings

Normal.

Related information

- [9.3.3 Operating mode \(1.2.1\)](#)
- [9.4.1 Operation \(2\)](#)
- [9.6.27 Emergency run \(4.3.5\)](#)

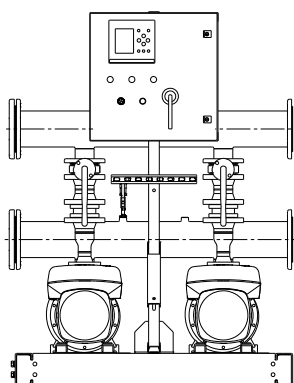
9.4.3 Control mode (2.1.2)

**Control mode****Description**

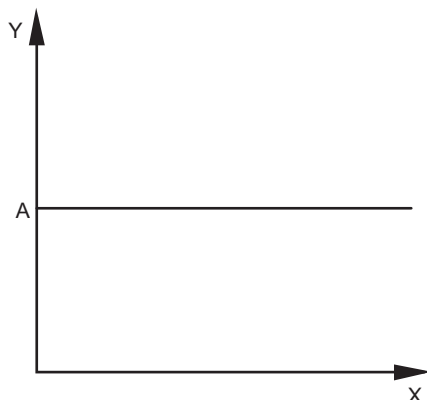
There are two control modes, namely closed and open loop.

Closed loop

The typical control mode is **Closed loop** where the built-in PI controller ensures that the system reaches and maintains the selected setpoint. The performance is based on the setpoint set for closed loop. See figures below.



System controlled by built-in PI controller (closed loop)



Regulation curve for closed loop

Pos.	Description
X	Time [sec]

Pos.	Description
Y	
A	Setpoint

Setting via the operating panel

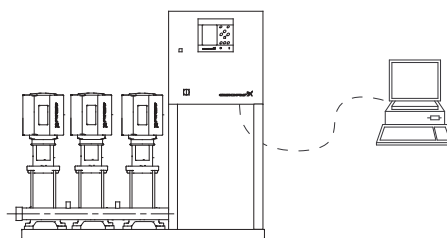
- **Operation > Further settings > Control mode > Closed loop.**

Set the setpoint. See sections Operation (2) and Alternative setpoints (2.1.3).

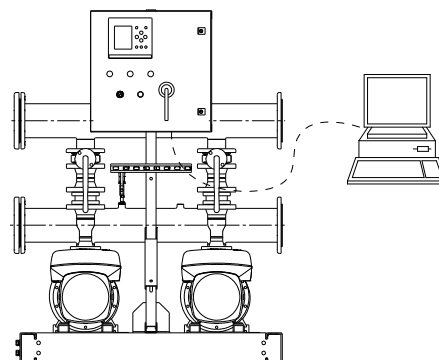
Open loop

In open-loop control mode, the pumps run at a fixed speed. The pump speed is calculated from the performance set by the user (0-100 %). The pump performance in percentage is proportional with the flow rate.

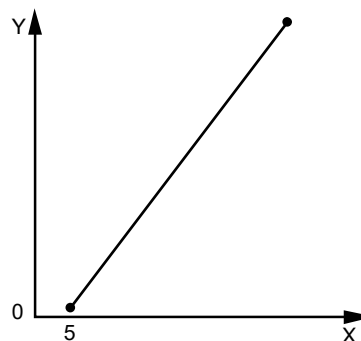
Open-loop control mode is usually used when the system is controlled by an external controller which controls the performance via an external signal. The external controller could for instance be a building management system connected to the MPC system. In such cases MPC is like an actuator.



System with external controller (open loop)



System with external controller (open loop)



Regulation curve for open loop

Pos.	Description
X	Input [%] from external controller
Y	Flow rate [m ³ /h]

2-1-2_TM032283_083

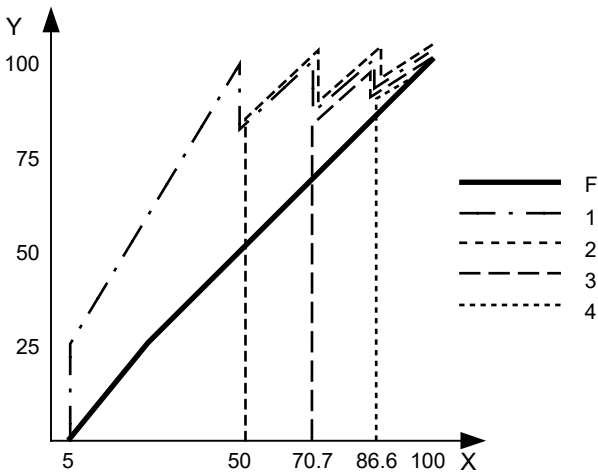
TM084786

TM078140

TM032232

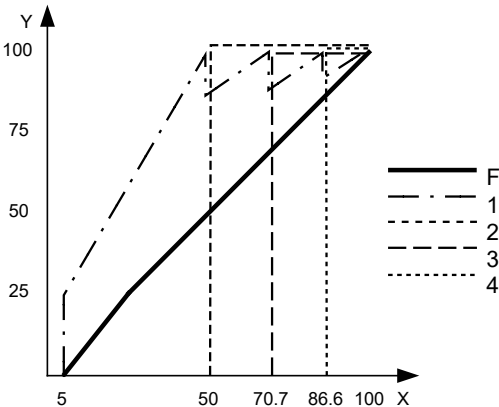
TM084787

TM032391



Regulation curve for MPC-E system in open loop

Pos.	Description
X	Flow rate [m³/h]
Y	Input [%] from external controller
F	Flow rate
1-4	Pump 1-4



Regulation curve for MPC-F system in open loop

Pos.	Description
X	Flow rate [m³/h]
Y	Input [%] from external controller
F	Flow rate
1-4	Pump 1-4

Setting range

These settings must be made in connection with open loop:

- **Open loop**
- **Set setpoint 1, open loop**
- **External setpoint influence**
- **Normal.**

Setting via the operating panel

Proceed as follows to set an external control source to control the system:

- **Operation > Further settings > Control mode.**
- Select: **Open loop.**
- 1. Press **↩ × 2.**
- 2. Select: **Stop**
- 3. Set to 100 %: **Set setpoint 1, open loop.**
- 4. **Settings > Primary controller > External setpoint influence > Go to setting of analog input.**

- 5. Select **Settings** analog input and range.
- 6. Select:
 - **Measured input value.** Display 4.3.8.1.1 appears.
 - Select: **0-100 % signal.**
- 7. Press **↩**.
- 8. Set the minimum and maximum sensor value.
- 9. Press **↩ × 2**
- 10. Select:
 - **Input value to be influenced by**
 - **0-100 % signal.**
- 11. Press **↩**.
- 12. Select: **Set the influence function.** See also section Setting of influence function (4.1.3.2).
- 13. Set the number of points.
- 14. Set for Point 1:
 - **External input value**
 - **Reduce setpoint to**
- 15. Repeat step 14 for all selected points.
- 16. Press **↩**.
- 17. Set as seconds: **Filter time.**
- 18. Select: **Enabled.**
- 19. Press **↩ × 2.**
- 20. Select:
 - **Operation**
 - **Normal.**

The system can now be controlled by an external controller.

Factory settings

Closed loop.

Related information

- [9.4.1 Operation \(2\)](#)
- [9.4.1 Operation \(2\)](#)
- [9.4.4 Alternative setpoints \(2.1.3\)](#)
- [9.6.6 Setting of influence function \(4.1.3.2\)](#)

9.4.4 Alternative setpoints (2.1.3)

Status	Operation	Alarm	Settings
2.1.3 - Alternative setpoints			
Set the setpoints.			
Closed loop			
Setpoint 1			5.0bar
Setpoint 2			3.3bar
Setpoint 3			3.5bar
Setpoint 4			3.8bar
Setpoint 5			4.0bar
Setpoint 6			4.3bar
Setpoint 7			4.5bar
Open loop			
Setpoint 1			10%
Setpoint 2			20%
Setpoint 3			30%
Setpoint 4			40%
Setpoint 5			50%
Setpoint 6			60%
Setpoint 7			70%

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2-1-3_TM038952_084

Alternative setpoints

Description

In addition to the primary setpoint 1, shown in display 2 in menu **Operation**, you can set six alternative setpoints for closed-loop control mode. Furthermore, you can set seven setpoints for open-loop control mode.

You can activate one of the alternative setpoints by means of external contacts. See sections Alternative setpoints (4.1.2) and Alternative setpoints 2-7 (4.1.2.1 - 4.1.2.7).

Setting range

The setting range of setpoints for closed-loop control mode depends on the range of the primary sensor. See section Primary sensor (4.1.4).

In open-loop control mode, the setting range is 0-100 %.

Setting via the operating panel

- **Operation > Further settings > Alternative setpoints.**

Set the setpoint.

Factory settings

Setpoint 1 for closed-loop control mode is a value suitable for the system in question.

All setpoints for open-loop control mode are 70 %.

Related information

- [9.4.1 Operation \(2\)](#)
- [9.4.3 Control mode \(2.1.2\)](#)
- [9.6.3 Alternative setpoints \(4.1.2\)](#)
- [9.6.4 Alternative setpoints 2-7 \(4.1.2.1 - 4.1.2.7\)](#)

9.4.5 Individual pump control (2.1.4)

Status	Operation	Alarm	Settings
2.1.4 - Individual pump control			
Select the pump			
Pump 1	Auto	Normal	
Pump 2	Auto	Normal	
Pump 3	Auto	Normal	
Backup pump	Auto	Stop	

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2-1-4_TM038953_081

Individual pump control

Description

You can change the operating mode from automatic operation to one of the manual operating modes.

Auto

The pumps are controlled by the PI controller, ensuring that the system delivers the required performance.

Manual

The pump is not controlled by the PI controller, but set to one of the following manual operating modes:

- **Max.**
 - The pump runs at a set maximum speed. This operating mode can only be selected for variable-speed pumps.
- **Normal**
 - The pump runs at a set speed.
- **Min.**
 - The pump runs at a set minimum speed. This operating mode can only be selected for variable-speed pumps.
- **Stop**
 - The pump has been forced to stop.

Pumps in manual operation are not part of the normal pump cascade and speed control. The manual pumps are a 'disturbance' of the normal operation of the system.

If one or more pumps are in manual operation, the system may not be able to deliver the set performance.

There are two displays for the function. In the first display, select the pump to be set, and in the next display, select the operating mode.

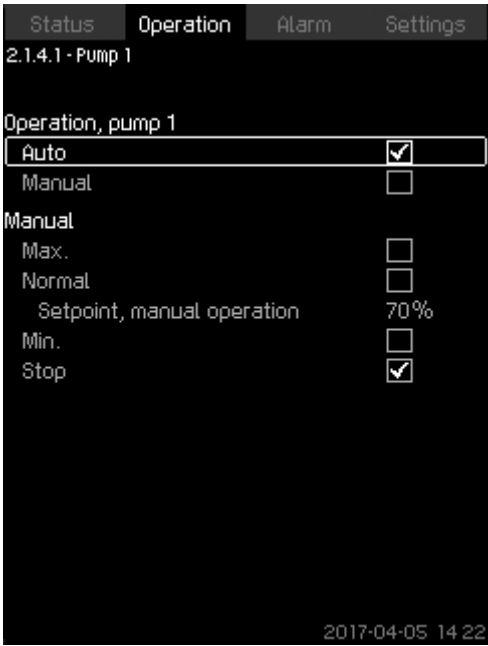
Setting range

All pumps can be selected.

Setting via the operating panel

Operation > Further settings > Individual pump control.

9.4.6 Pump 1-6 (2.1.4.1 - 2.1.4.6)



2-1-4-1_TM038954_013

Pump 1-6

Description

The display is shown for the individual pumps and it allows you to set an operating mode.

Setting range

You can select **Auto** or **Manual** as well as the operating mode of the pump for manual operation - **Max.**, **Normal**, **Min.** or **Stop**. For mains-operated pumps, you can only select **Normal** or **Stop**.

Setting via the operating panel

- **Operation > Further settings > Individual pump control.**
 1. Select pump.
 2. Select resetting: **Auto** or **Manual**.
 3. **Manual:** Select operating mode.
 - **Normal:** Set the setpoint.

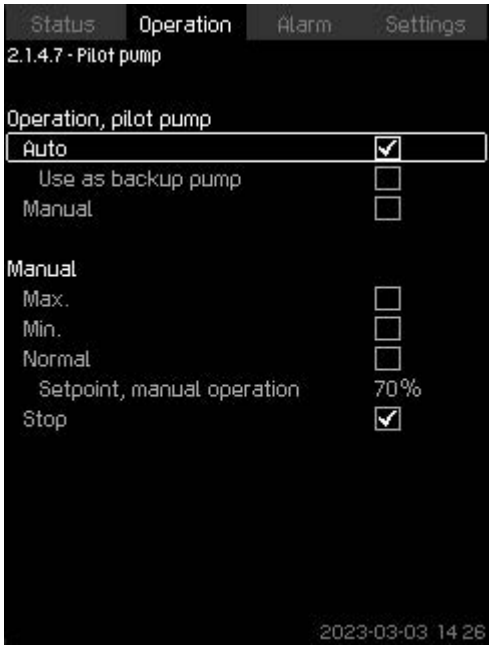
Factory settings

Auto.

Related information

[9.4.1 Operation \(2\)](#)

9.4.7 Operation, pilot pump (2.1.4.7)



TM083481

Operation, pilot pump

Description

The display is only shown in systems that have been configured with a pilot pump.

You can set the operating mode to **Auto** or **Manual**.

Setting range

- **Auto**

In auto mode, the pump will be allowed to run and controlled by the CU 352 and will start and stop according to the settings in menu (4.3.2).

If **Use as back-up pump** is selected, the pilot pump will start when all the main pumps are running 100 % and cannot be able to maintain the setpoint.
- **Manual**

If manual operation is selected, it can be in the following modes:

 - **Max.:** The pilot pump is running maximum speed.
 - **Min.:** The pilot pump is running minimum speed.
 - **Normal:** The pilot pump will run with the speed set in **Setpoint, manual operation**.
 - **Stop:** The pilot pump will be stopped.

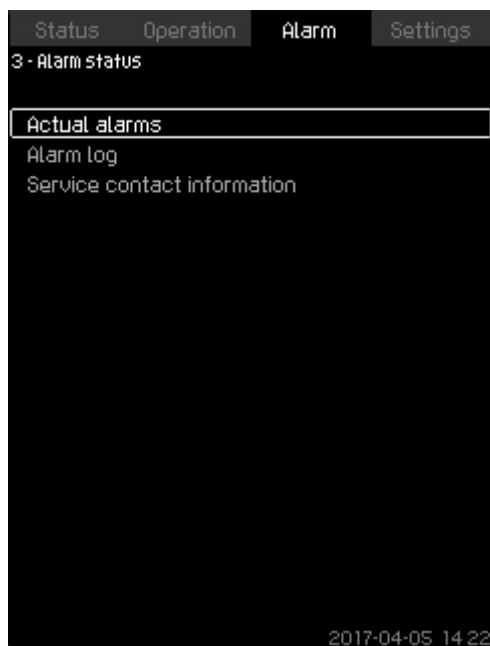
Setting via the operating panel

- **Operation > Further settings > Individual pump control > Pilot pump.**

9.5 Alarm (3)

This menu gives an overview of alarms and warnings.
You can reset alarms.

9.5.1 Alarm status (3)



3_TM032291_003

Alarm status

Description

A fault in the system or one of the components monitored can cause an alarm ☒ or a warning ⚠. Besides the fault signal via the alarm and warning signal relay and the red indicator light on CU 352, an alarm can also cause a change of operating mode, for instance from **Normal** to **Stop**. A warning only causes a fault indication.

The table shows the possible causes of fault together with an alarm code, and whether they result in an alarm or a warning. It also shows to what operating mode the system will change in case of alarm, and whether restarting of the system and resetting of the alarm is manual or automatic.

The table also shows that the reaction to some of the fault causes mentioned can be set in the menu **Settings**. See sections Soft pressure build-up (4.3.3) and Monitoring functions (4.4) to Pressure relief (4.4.8).

Fault	Warning (⚠) Alarm (☒)	Change of operating mode to	Resetting of alarm, restarting	Set in the menu Settings	Alarm code
Water shortage	⚠		Manual/ automatic	X	206
Water shortage	☒	Stop	Manual/ automatic	X	214
Pressure high	☒	Stop	Manual/ automatic	X	210
Pressure low	⚠		Manual/ automatic	X	211
	☒	Stop	Manual/ automatic		
Pressure relief	⚠		Manual/ automatic	X	219
Alarm, all pumps	☒	Stop	Automatic		203

Fault	Warning (⚠) Alarm (☒)	Change of operating mode to	Resetting of alarm, restarting	Set in the menu Settings	Alarm code
External fault	⚠		Manual/ automatic	X	3
	☒	Stop	Manual/ automatic		
Dissimilar sensor signals	⚠		Automatic		204
Fault, primary sensor	☒	Stop	Automatic		89
Fault, sensor	⚠		Automatic		88
Communication fault	⚠		Automatic		10
Phase failure	⚠		Automatic		2
Undervoltage, pump	⚠		Automatic		7, 40, 42, 73
Overvoltage, pump	⚠		Automatic		32
Overload, pump	⚠		Automatic		48, 50, 51, 54
Motor temperature too high	⚠		Automatic		64, 65, 67, 70
Other fault, pump	⚠		Automatic		76, 83
Internal fault, CU 352	⚠		Automatic		83, 157
Internal fault, IO 351	☒	Stop	Automatic		72, 83, 157
VFD not ready	⚠		Automatic		213
Fault, ethernet	⚠		Automatic		231, 232
Limit 1 exceeded	⚠☒		Manual/ automatic	X	190
Limit 2 exceeded	⚠☒		Manual/ automatic	X	191
Pressure buildup fault	⚠☒		Manual/ automatic	X	215
Pumps outside duty range	⚠		Manual/ automatic	X	208
Fault, pilot pump	⚠		Automatic		216
Multisensor fault	☒		Automatic		143
Multisensor value exceeds limits	⚠		Automatic	X	87
Signal fault, secondary sensor	⚠		Automatic	X	93
Non-return valve fault	⚠		Manual/ automatic	X	209
Non-return valve fault	☒		Manual/ automatic	X	209

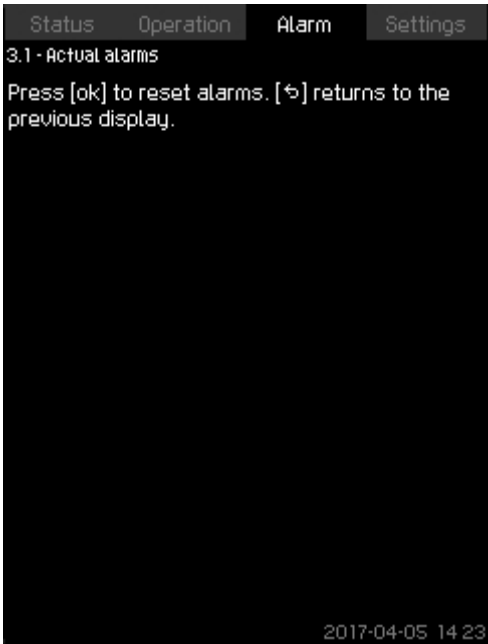
Related information

[9.6.26 Soft pressure build-up \(4.3.3\)](#)

[9.6.56 Monitoring functions \(4.4\)](#)

[9.6.66 Pressure relief \(4.4.8\)](#)

9.5.2 Actual alarms (3.1)



3-1_TM032293_011

Actual alarms

Description

The submenu in the display **Alarm** shows the following:

- Warnings ⚠ caused by faults that still exist.
- Warnings ⚠ caused by faults that have disappeared, but the warning requires manual resetting.
- Alarms ☹ caused by faults that still exist.
- Alarms ☹ caused by faults that have disappeared, but the alarm requires manual resetting.

All warnings and alarms with automatic resetting are automatically removed from the menu when the fault has disappeared.

Alarms requiring manual resetting can be reset in this display by pressing [OK]. An alarm cannot be reset until the fault has disappeared.

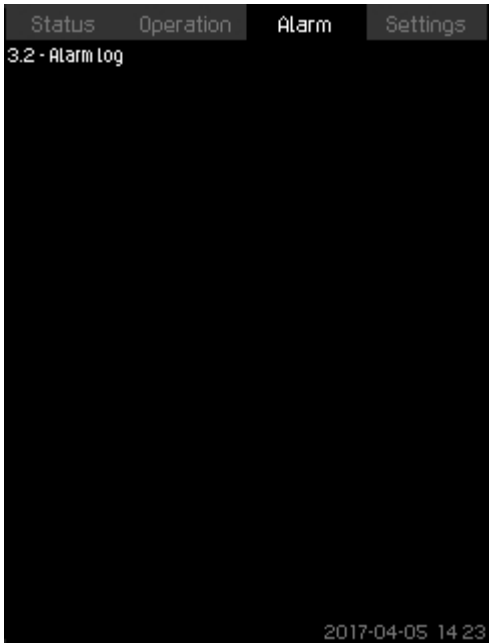
For every warning or alarm, the following is shown:

- Whether it is a warning ⚠ or an alarm ☹.
- Where the fault occurred: **System, Pump 1, Pump 2**, etc.
- In case of input-related faults, the input is shown.
- The cause of the fault and the alarm code in brackets, such as "Water shortage (214)".
- When the fault occurred: **Date and time**.
- When the fault disappeared: **Date and time**. If the fault still exists, date and time are shown as "--:--:--".

The most recent warning or alarm is shown at the top of the display.

9.5.3 Alarm log (3.2)

The alarm log can store up to 24 warnings and alarms.



3-2_TM032292_060

Alarm log

Description

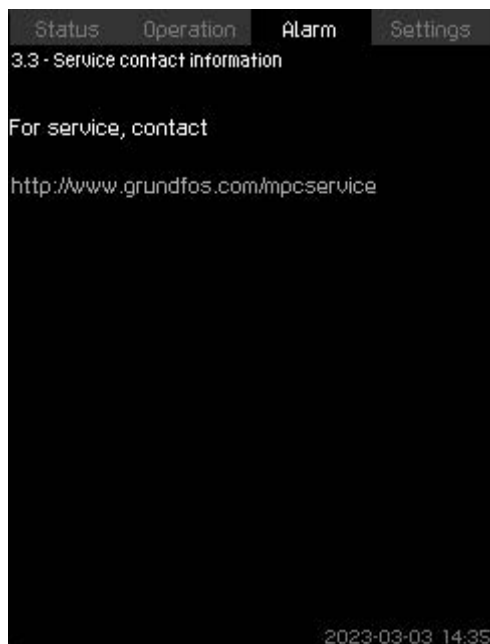
The display shows warnings and alarms.

For every warning or alarm, the following is shown:

- Whether it is a warning ⚠ or an alarm ☹.
- Where the fault occurred: **System, Pump 1, Pump 2**, etc.
- In case of input-related faults, the input is shown.
- The cause of the fault and the alarm code in brackets, such as "Water shortage (214)".
- When the fault occurred: **Date and time**.
- When the fault disappeared: **Date and time**. If the fault still exists, date and time are shown as "--:--:--".

The most recent warning or alarm is shown at the top of the display.

9.5.4 Service contact information (3.3)



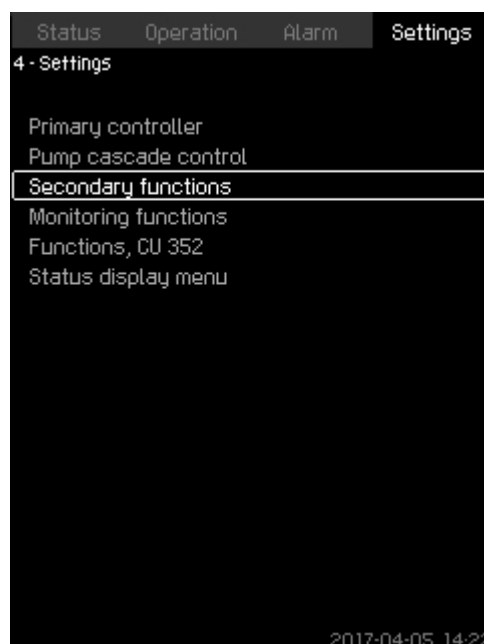
3-3_TM052968_173

Service contact information

Description

The display shows the contact information of the installer if entered during commissioning.

9.6 Settings (4)



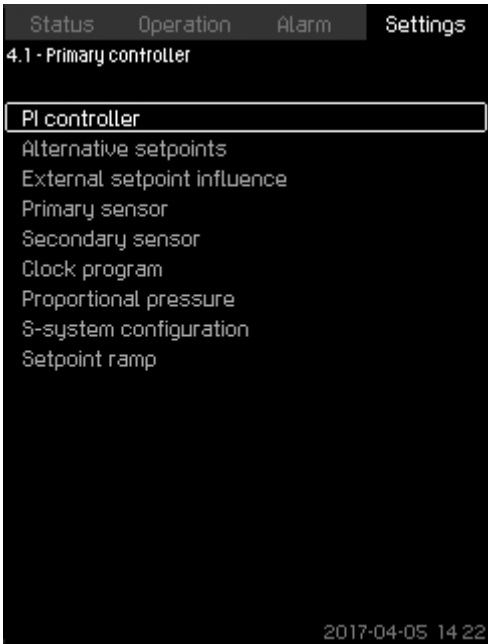
4_TM032294_004

Settings

In the **Settings** menu, you can set the following functions:

- **Primary controller**
PI controller, Alternative setpoints, External setpoint influence, Primary sensor, Secondary sensor, Clock program, Proportional pressure, S-system configuration, Setpoint ramp.
- **Pump cascade control**
Min. time between start/stop, Max. number of starts/hour, Number of standby pumps, Forced pump changeover, Pump test run, Pump stop attempt, Pump start and stop speed, Min. performance, Compensation for pump start-up time.
- **Secondary functions**
Stop function, Pilot pump, Soft pressure build-up, Digital inputs, Analog inputs, Digital outputs, Analog outputs, Counter inputs, Emergency run, Min., max. and user-defined duty, Pump curve data, Control source, Fixed inlet pressure, Flow estimation, Reduced operation, Multisensor settings.
- **Monitoring functions**
Dry-running protection, Min. pressure, Max. pressure, External fault, Limit 1 exceeded, Limit 2 exceeded, Pumps outside duty range, Pressure relief, Log values, Fault, feedback sensor, Non-return valve.
- **Functions, CU 352**
Display language, Units, Date and time, Password, Ethernet, GENIbus number, Software status, Display 1, Display 2, Display 3.

9.6.1 Primary controller (4.1)



4-1_TM038955_066

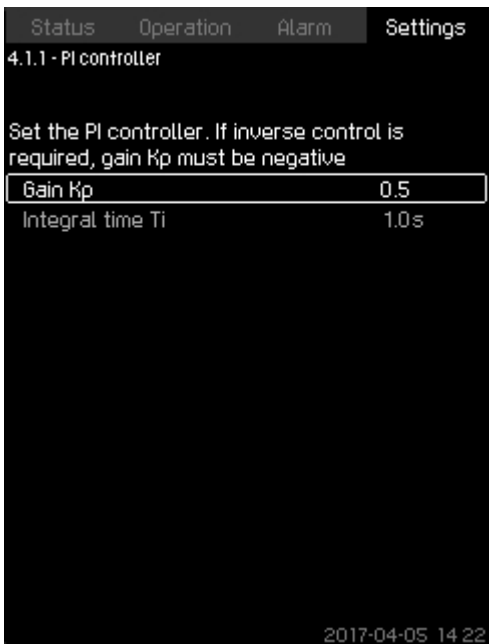
Primary controller

Description

In the menu, you can set the functions related to the primary controller. It is only necessary to make settings in this menu if the functionality is to be expanded with one of the functions below:

- **PI controller**
- **Alternative setpoints**
- **External setpoint influence**
- **Primary sensor**
- **Secondary sensor**
- **Clock program**
- **Proportional pressure**
- **S-system configuration.**

9.6.2 PI controller (4.1.1)



4-1-1_TM032387_060

PI controller

Description

The system includes a standard PI controller which ensures that the pressure is stable and corresponds to the setpoint.

You can adjust the PI controller if a faster or slower reaction to changes of consumption is required.

To obtain a faster reaction, increase Kp and reduce Ti.

To obtain a slower reaction, reduce Kp and increase Ti.

Setting range

- **Gain Kp:** -30 to 30. **Note:** For inverse control, set Kp to a negative value.
- **Integral time Ti:** 0.1 to 3600 seconds.

Setting via the control panel

- **Settings**
- **Primary controller**
- **PI controller.**

1. Set **Gain Kp** and **Integral time Ti**. **Note:** Usually it is not necessary to adjust Kp.

Factory settings

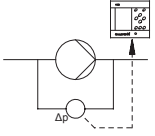
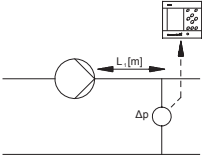
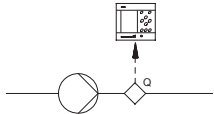
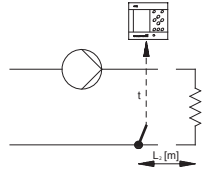
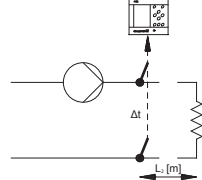
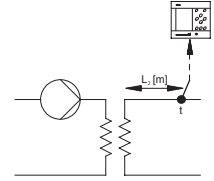
The setting of Kp and Ti depends on the system and application.

PI controller settings for pressure boosting

If the application has been set to pressure boosting in the startup wizard, the following values of Kp and Ti are set automatically:

- Kp: 0.5
- Ti: 1 second.

PI controller settings for heating and cooling

System/application	Kp		Ti [seconds]
	Heating system ⁶⁾	Cooling system ⁷⁾	
	0.5		1
	0.5		
	0.5		1
	0.5	-0.5	10 + 5L2
	0.5		10 + 5L2
	0.5	-0.5	30 + 5L2

6) Heating systems are systems in which an increase in pump performance will result in a temperature rise at the sensor.

7) Cooling systems are systems in which an increase in pump performance will result in a temperature drop at the sensor.

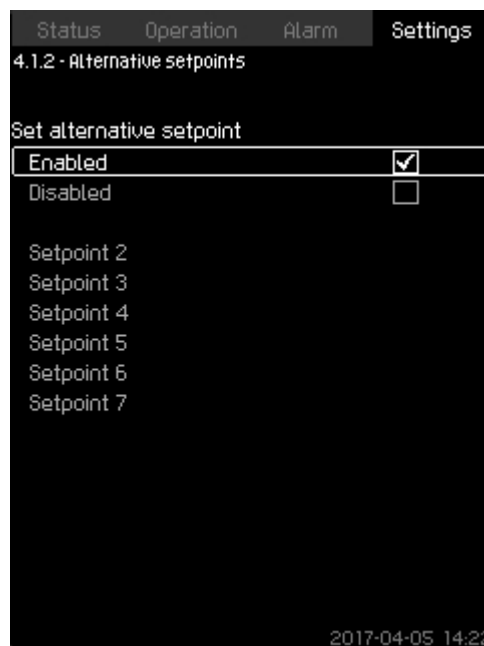
ΔP : Measurement of differential pressure.

Q: Measurement of flow rate.

t: Measurement of temperature.

Δt : Measurement of differential temperature.

9.6.3 Alternative setpoints (4.1.2)



Alternative setpoints

Description

The function allows you to select up to six setpoints (2 to 7) as alternatives to the primary setpoint (1). The primary setpoint (1) is set in the menu **Operation**.

Every alternative setpoint can be addressed manually to a separate digital input (DI). When the contact of the input is closed, the alternative setpoint applies.

If more than one alternative setpoint has been selected, and they are activated at the same time, CU 352 selects the setpoint with the lowest number.

Setting range



If the multisensor function is enabled, it will have higher priority than the alternative setpoint which will be overruled.

- Six setpoints, numbers 2 to 7.

Factory settings

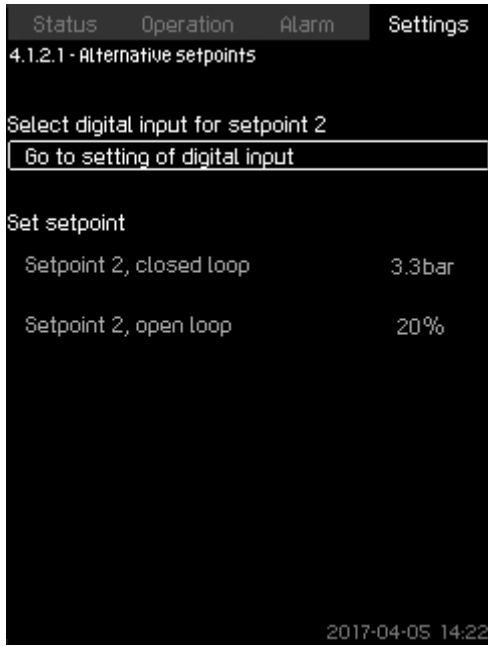
No alternative setpoints have been selected.

Related information

[9.4.4 Alternative setpoints \(2.1.3\)](#)

4-1-2_TM032383_067

9.6.4 Alternative setpoints 2-7 (4.1.2.1 - 4.1.2.7)



4-1-2-1_TM032384_068

Alternative setpoints 2-7

For each alternative setpoint, select the digital input to activate the setpoint.

You can set a setpoint for closed loop and for open loop.

Setting via the operating panel

- **Settings > Primary controller > Alternative setpoints.**
- 1. Select alternative setpoint.
- 2. Select: **Go to setting of digital input**. Display **Digital inputs** (4.3.7) appears.
- 3. Set the input.
- 4. Press **↩**.
- 5. Select the menu line of the setpoint (closed or open loop).
- 6. Set the setpoint. Set both setpoints if the system is to be controlled both in open and closed loop.

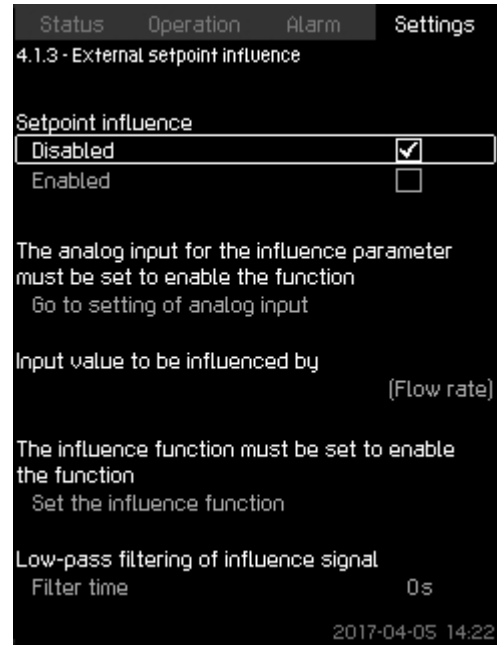
Factory settings

No alternative setpoints have been set.

Related information

[9.4.4 Alternative setpoints \(2.1.3\)](#)

9.6.5 External setpoint influence (4.1.3)



4-1-3_TM038956_100

External setpoint influence

Description

The function allows you to adapt the setpoint by letting measuring parameters influence the setpoint. Typically an analog signal from a flow or temperature transmitter, or a similar transmitter. For an overview of transmitter types and possible positions, see installation and operating instructions for Control MPC.

As an example, the setpoint can be adapted to parameters that can influence the outlet pressure or temperature of the system. The parameters which influence the performance of the system are shown as a percentage from 0 to 100 %. They can only reduce the setpoint, as the influence as a percentage divided with 100 is multiplied with the setpoint:

Actual setpoint (SP) = selected setpoint × influence (1) × influence (2) × etc.

The influence values can be set individually.

A low-pass filter ensures smoothing of the measured value which influences the setpoint. This results in stable setpoint changes.

Setting range

- 0-100 % signal
- Inlet pressure
- Outlet pressure
- External pressure
- Diff. pressure, external
- Diff. pressure, pump
- Flow rate
- Tank level, outlet side
- Tank level, suction side
- Return-pipe temp., external
- Flow-pipe temperature
- Return-pipe temperature
- Differential temperature
- Ambient temperature
- Differential temperature.

Setting via the operating panel

- **Settings > Primary controller > External setpoint influence > Input value to be influenced by.** A list of available parameters appears.
1. Select the parameter which is to influence the setpoint.
 2. Press **↵**.
 3. Set the influence function. See section Setting of influence function (4.1.3.2).
 4. Set the number of points.
 5. Set: **External input value** (Point 1).
 6. Set as a percentage: **Reduce setpoint to** (Point 1).
 7. Repeat steps 4 to 6 for all desired parameters.
 8. Press **↵**.
 9. Set as seconds: **Filter time**.
 10. Select: **Enabled**.

Factory settings

The function is disabled.



If the Multisensor function is enabled, it will have a higher priority than the **External setpoint influence** which will be overruled.

Related information

[9.4.1 Operation \(2\)](#)

[9.6.6 Setting of influence function \(4.1.3.2\)](#)

9.6.6 Setting of influence function (4.1.3.2)

Status	Operation	Alarm	Settings
4.1.3.2 - Setting of influence function			
Set the influence function			
Select the number of points (2 to 8) on the influence curve			4
Point			
1	External input value	10.1m³/h	
	Reduce setpoint to	12%	
2	External input value	20.2m³/h	
	Reduce setpoint to	40%	
3	External input value	30.2m³/h	
	Reduce setpoint to	50%	
4	External input value	40.3m³/h	
	Reduce setpoint to	100%	
2017-04-05 14:22			

4-1-3-2_TM032389_101

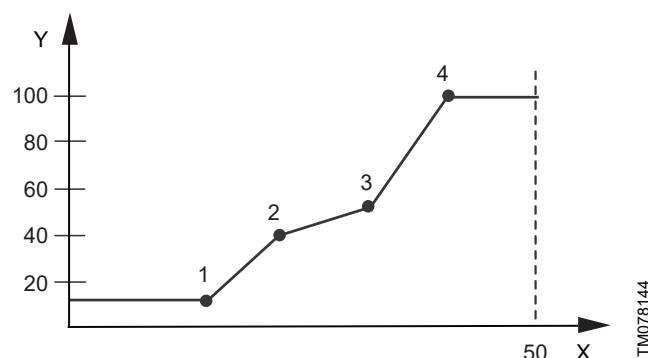
Setting of influence function

Description

You can select the relation between the measuring parameter which is to influence the setpoint and the desired influence as a percentage.

The relation is set by entering values in a table with maximum eight points by means of the operating panel.

Example:



TM078144

Relation between setpoint influence and flow rate

Pos.	Description
X	
Y	Setpoint influence [%]

Setting range

Two to eight points can be selected. Each point contains the relation between the value of the parameter which is to influence the setpoint and the influence of the value.

Setting via the operating panel

- **Settings > Primary controller > External setpoint influence.**
1. Set the influence function.
 2. Set the number of points.
 3. Set: **External input value** (Point 1).
 4. Set as a percentage: **Reduce setpoint to** (Point 1).
 5. Repeat steps 2 to 4 for all desired parameters.

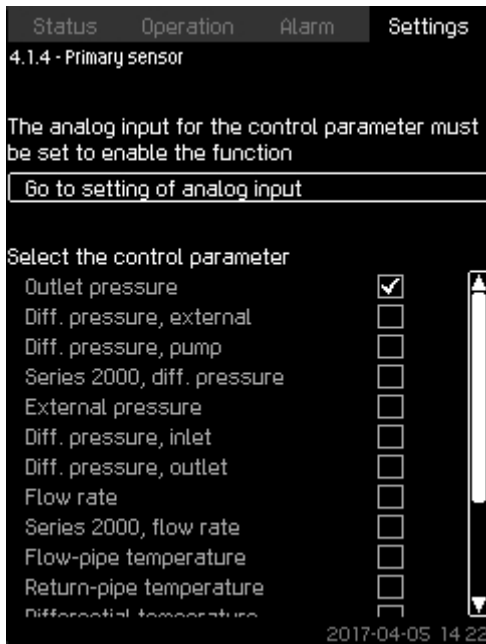
Factory settings

The function is disabled.

Related information

- [9.4.1 Operation \(2\)](#)
- [9.4.3 Control mode \(2.1.2\)](#)
- [9.6.5 External setpoint influence \(4.1.3\)](#)

9.6.7 Primary sensor (4.1.4)



4-1-4_TM038958_073

Primary sensor

Description

You can select the control parameter of the system and set the sensor to measure the value.

Setting range

- Outlet pressure
- Diff. pressure, external
- Diff. pressure, pump
- Series 2000, diff. pressure
- External pressure
- Diff. pressure, inlet
- Diff. pressure, outlet
- Flow rate
- Series 2000, flow rate
- Flow-pipe temperature
- Return-pipe temperature
- Differential temperature
- Ambient temperature
- Return-pipe temp., external
- 0-100 % signal
- Not used.

Setting via the operating panel

- **Settings > Primary controller > Primary sensor > Go to setting of analog input.** Display **Analog inputs** (4.3.8) appears.
- 1. Select analog input (AI) for the primary sensor and set the parameters.
- 2. Press ↵.
- 3. Select control parameter for the primary sensor.

Factory settings

The primary parameter is the outlet pressure. The sensor is connected to AI1 (CU 352). Other primary parameters can be selected in the startup wizard.

9.6.8 Secondary sensor (4.1.5)



4-1-5_SECONDARY_SENSOR_091

Secondary sensor

Description

The **Secondary sensor** is then the "local" sensor placed on the system manifold close to the control cabinet.

In case of a fault on the **Primary sensor**, the **Secondary sensor** will automatically take over using its specified **Setpoint**. The difference between the setpoint of the **Primary sensor** and the **Secondary sensor** is equal to the total pressure losses between the two sensors at maximum flow.

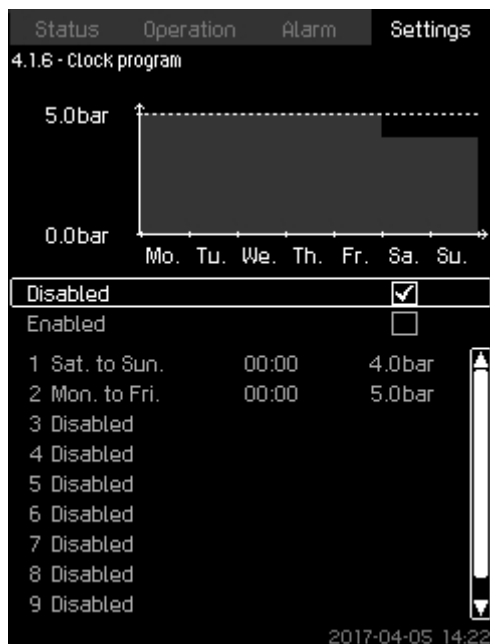
Setting range

- **Enabled** or **Disabled** function
- 1. Setting of analog input
- 2. Setting of **Measured value from secondary sensor**
- 3. Setting of **Setpoint**

Setting via the operating panel

- **Settings > Primary controller > Secondary sensor**
- 1. Enable the function.
- 2. Define the analog input used for **Secondary sensor**.
- 3. Define **Measured value from secondary sensor**.
- 4. Define **Setpoint** for **Secondary sensor** operation.

9.6.9 Clock program (4.1.6)



4-1-6_TM038990_129

Clock program

Description

With the function, you can set setpoints and day and time for their activation. You can also set day and time for stop of the system.

If the clock program is disabled, the setpoint of the program will remain active.



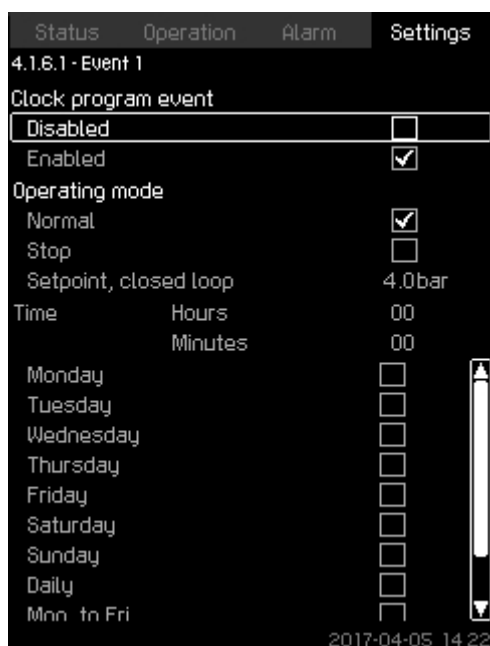
Minimum two events are required when activating the clock program: one to start the system and one to stop the system.



If the Multisensor function is enabled, it will have a higher priority than the Clock program which will be overruled.

Setting range

- Activation and setting of event.



4-1-6-1_TM038959_119

Event 1

Setting via the operating panel

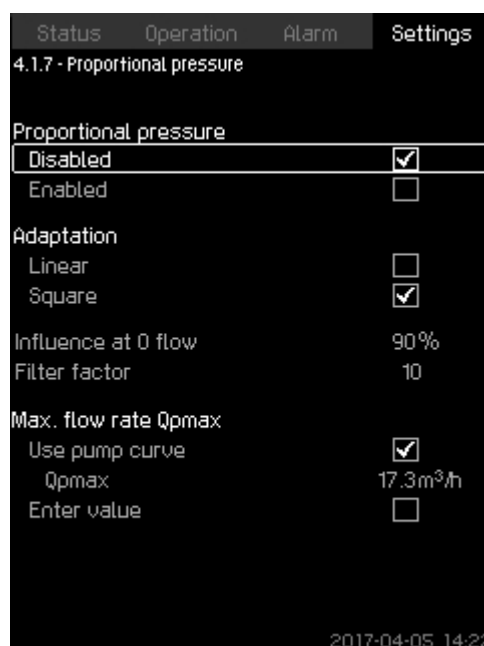
- Settings > Primary controller > Clock program.

1. Enable the function.
2. Select and enable one of the ten events.
3. Select: **Normal** or **Stop**. Skip step 4 if you select **Stop**.
4. Set: **Setpoint, closed loop**.
5. Set: **Time, Hours, Minutes**.
6. Select the day of week on which the settings are to be activated.
7. Select: **Enabled**.
8. Repeat steps 2 to 7 if several events are to be enabled. **Note:** Up to ten events can be set.
9. Press **↵**.
10. Select: **Enabled**.

Factory settings

The function is disabled.

9.6.10 Proportional pressure (4.1.7)



4-1-7_TM038960_130

Proportional pressure

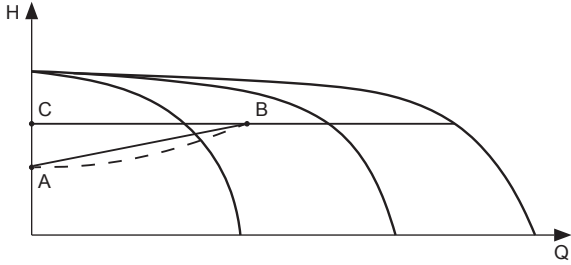
Description

The function can only be enabled in pressure-controlled systems and it automatically adapts the setpoint to the actual flow rate to compensate for flow-dependent dynamic losses. As many systems are designed with extra flow capacity, the estimated maximum flow rate (**Qpmax**) can be entered manually. In systems with CR pumps, the pump curves can be used to calculate the maximum flow rate at the selected setpoint. Set a filter factor to prevent fluctuation.



If the multisensor function is enabled, it will have a higher priority than the proportional pressure which will be overruled.

The adaptation can be linear or square.



TM053000

Proportional pressure

Pos.	Description
A	Pressure at zero flow. Starting point of proportional-pressure control (influence at zero flow = x % of setpoint)
B	Qpmax
C	Setpoint

The function has these purposes:

- to compensate for pressure losses
- to reduce the energy consumption
- to increase the comfort for the user.

Setting range

- Selection of control mode
- **Influence at 0 flow**
- **Estimated flow rate**
- **Filter factor.**

Setting via the operating panel

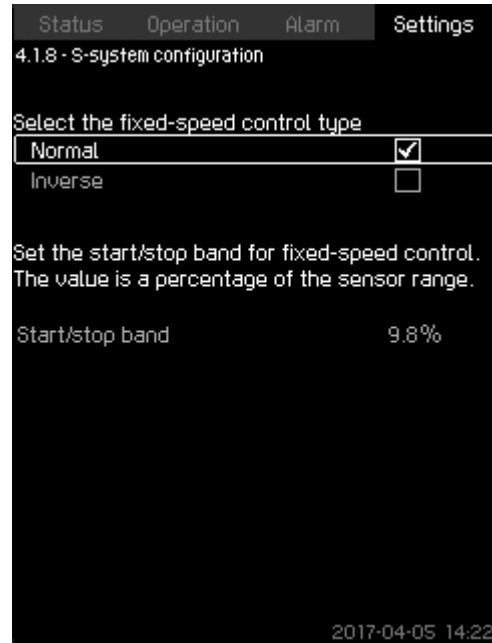
- **Settings > Primary controller > Proportional pressure.**

1. Select: **Enabled**.
2. Select:
 - **Adaptation**
 - **Linear** or **Square**.
3. Set: **Influence at 0 flow**.
4. Set: **Filter factor**.
5. Select: **Use pump curve** or **Enter value**.
6. Set **Qpmax** if you select **Enter value**.

Factory settings

The function is disabled.

9.6.11 S-system configuration (4.1.8)



4-1-8_TM038961_169

S-system configuration

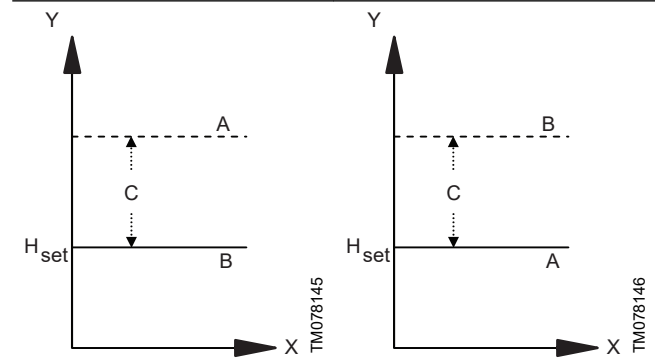
Description

The function allows you to invert the control of mains-operated pumps (MPC-S). That is, to set whether pumps are to be started or stopped depending on the actual value.

A start/stop band must be set in order to use this function. See table below.

Normal and inverse control

Normal control	Inverse control
A pump is stopped when the value becomes higher than H_{set} + start/stop band. And a pump is started when the value becomes lower than H_{set} .	A pump is started when the value becomes higher than H_{set} + start/stop band. And a pump is stopped when the value becomes lower than H_{set} .



TM078145

TM078146

Pos.	Description
A	Pump stops
B	Pump starts
C	Start/stop band
X	Time [sec]
Y	

Setting range

- Selection of configuration (**Normal** or **Inverse**).
- **Start/stop band**.

Setting via the operating panel

- **Settings > Primary controller > S-system configuration.**

1. Select: **Normal** or **Inverse**.

2. Set: **Start/stop band**.

Factory settings

Normal.

9.6.12 Setpoint ramp (4.1.9)



4-1-9_TM052969_174

Setpoint ramp

Description

When the function is enabled, setpoint changes are affected by the setpoint ramp, and the setpoint changes gradually over a period of time.

Proportional pressure or **Setpoint influence** are not affected by this function.



If the multisensor function is enabled, it will have a higher priority than the setpoint ramp which will be overruled.

Setting range

The function can be enabled and **Change per minute** can be set.

Setting via the operating panel

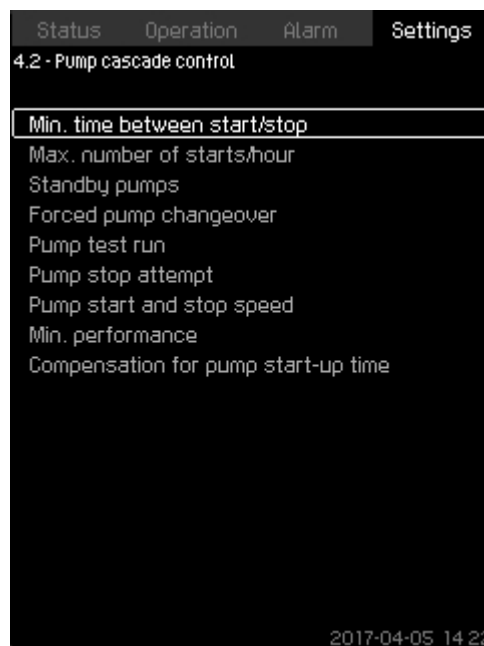
- **Settings > Primary controller > Setpoint ramp.**

1. Select: **Enabled**.
2. Set: **Change per minute**.

Factory settings

The function is disabled.

9.6.13 Pump cascade control (4.2)



4-2_TM038962_071

Pump cascade control

In the menu, you can set the functions connected to pump cascade control.

The following menus can be selected:

- **Min. time between start/stop**
- **Max. number of starts/hour**
- **Standby pumps**
- **Forced pump changeover**
- **Pump test run**
- **Pilot pump**
- **Pump stop attempt**
- **Pump start and stop speed**
- **Min. performance**
- **Compensation for pump start-up time.**

9.6.14 Min. time between start/stop (4.2.1)



4-2-1_TM032367_074

Min. time between start/stop

Description

The function ensures a delay between the starting and stopping of one pump and the starting and stopping of another pump. The purpose is to prevent hunting when pumps start and stop continuously.

Setting range

From 1 to 3600 seconds.

Setting via the operating panel

Settings > Pump cascade control > Min. time between start/stop.

Factory settings

The setting is done in the startup wizard and depends on the application.

Related information

[9.6.15 Max. number of starts/hour \(4.2.1\)](#)

[9.6.62 Max. pressure \(4.4.3\)](#)

9.6.15 Max. number of starts/hour (4.2.1)



4-2-1_TM032367_074

Max. number of starts/hour

Description

The function limits the number of pump starts and stops per hour for the complete system. It reduces noise emission and improves the comfort of systems with mains-operated pumps.

Each time a pump starts or stops, CU 352 calculates when the next pump is allowed to start/stop in order not to exceed the permissible number of starts per hour.

The function always allows pumps to be started to meet the requirement, but pump stops will be delayed, if needed, in order not to exceed the permissible number of starts per hour.

The time between pump starts must be between the minimum time between start and stop, see section Min. time between start/stop (4.2.1), and 3600/n, n being the set number of starts per hour.

Setting range

1 to 1000 starts per hour.

Setting via the operating panel

- **Settings > Pump cascade control > Max. number of starts/hour.**

1. Set:

- **Min. time between start/stop.**
- **Max. number of starts/hour.**

Factory settings

MPC-E: 200 starts per hour

Other variants: 100 starts per hour

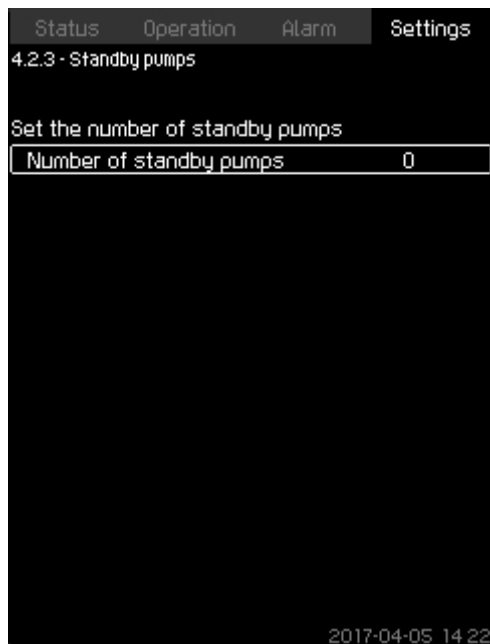


This function has no influence on **Stop function**.

Related information

[9.6.14 Min. time between start/stop \(4.2.1\)](#)

9.6.16 Standby pumps (4.2.3)



4-2-3_TM032366_075

Standby pumps

Description

The function allows you to limit the maximum performance of the system, by selecting one or more pumps as standby pumps.

If a three-pump system has one standby pump, maximum two pumps are allowed to be in operation at a time.

If one of the two pumps in operation has a fault and has stopped, the standby pump will be started. The performance of the system is thus not reduced.

The status as standby pump alternates between all pumps.

Setting range

The number of possible standby pumps in a system is equal to the total number of pumps in the system minus 1.

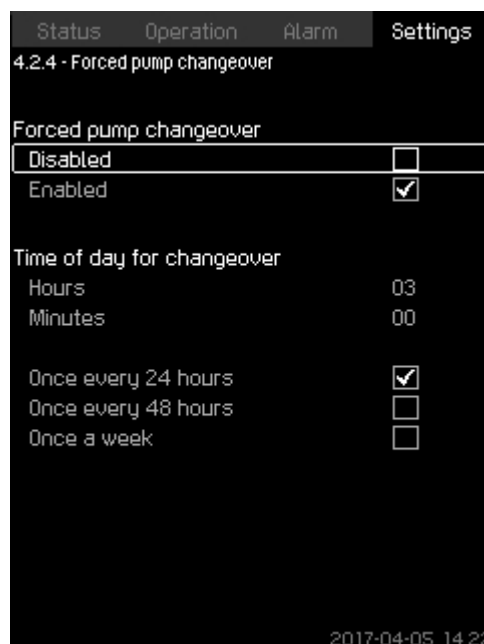
Setting via the operating panel

- **Settings > Pump cascade control > Standby pumps.**
- Set: **Set the number of standby pumps.**

Factory settings

The number of standby pumps is set to zero. The function is disabled.

9.6.17 Forced pump changeover (4.2.4)



4-2-4_TM032365_058

Forced pump changeover

Description

The function ensures that the pumps run for the same number of operating hours.

In certain applications, the requirement remains constant for long periods and does not require all pumps to run. In such situations, pump changeover does not take place naturally, and forced pump changeover may thus be required.

Once every 24 hours, CU 352 checks if any pump running has a larger number of operating hours than pumps that are stopped. If this is the case, the pump will be stopped and replaced by a pump with a lower number of operating hours.

Setting range

You can enable and disable the function. You can set the hour of the day at which the changeover is to take place.

Setting via the operating panel

- **Settings > Pump cascade control > Forced pump changeover.**
1. Select: **Enabled.**
 2. Set: **Time of day for changeover.**
 3. Select interval for pump changeover.

Factory settings

The function is enabled. The time is set to 03:00.

9.6.18 Pump test run (4.2.5)

Status	Operation	Alarm	Settings
4.2.5 - Pump test run			
Select interval			
Not used		☐	
Once every 24 hours		☒	
Once every 48 hours		☐	
Once a week		☐	
Time of day	Hours	10	
	Minutes	00	

2017-04-05 14:22

4-2-5_TM032364_057

Pump test run**Description**

The function is primarily used in situations where the forced pump changeover is disabled, and/or if the system is set to operating mode **Stop**, for instance in a period when the system is not needed. In such situations, it is important to test the pumps regularly.

Advantages of this function:

- Pumps do not seize up during a long standstill due to deposits from the pumped liquid.
- The pumped liquid does not decay in the pump.
- Trapped air is removed from the pump.

The pumps start automatically one by one and run for 5 seconds.



Pumps in operating mode **Manual** are not included in the test run. If there is an alarm, the test run will not be carried out.

Setting range

- **Time of day**
- **Day of week**
- **Include pilot pump**

Setting via the operating panel

- **Settings > Pump cascade control > Pump test run.**
1. Select interval.
 2. Set:
 - **Time of day**
 - **Minutes.**
 3. Select the day of week if you select **Once a week**.
 4. If the system is configured with a pilot or a backup pump, select **Include pilot pump**.

Factory settings

The function is disabled.

9.6.19 Pump stop attempt (4.2.7)

Status	Operation	Alarm	Settings
4.2.7 - Pump stop attempt			
Periodic pump stop attempt			
Disabled		☐	
Enabled		☒	
Type of stop attempt			
Self-learning		☒	
Fixed interval		☐	
Interval between stop attempts		120s	

2017-04-05 14:22

4-2-7_TM038964_146

Pump stop attempt**Description**

The function allows you to set automatic stop attempts of a pump when several pumps are running. It ensures that the optimum number of pumps is always running, in terms of energy consumption. See section Pump start and stop speed (4.2.8). At the same time, the purpose is to avoid disturbances in connection with automatic stop of pumps.

Stop attempts can either take place with a fixed interval set under **Interval between stop attempts** or by self-learning. If self-learning is selected, the interval between stop attempts will be increased if repeated attempts to stop the pump fail.

Setting via the operating panel

- **Settings > Pump cascade control > Pump stop attempt.**

1. Select: **Self-learning** or **Fixed interval**.
2. Set **Interval between stop attempts** if you select **Fixed interval**.
3. Select: **Enabled**.

Factory settings

The function is enabled, and **Self-learning** is selected.

Related information

[9.6.20 Pump start and stop speed \(4.2.8\)](#)

9.6.20 Pump start and stop speed (4.2.8)

Description

The function controls the starting and stopping of pumps. There are two options:

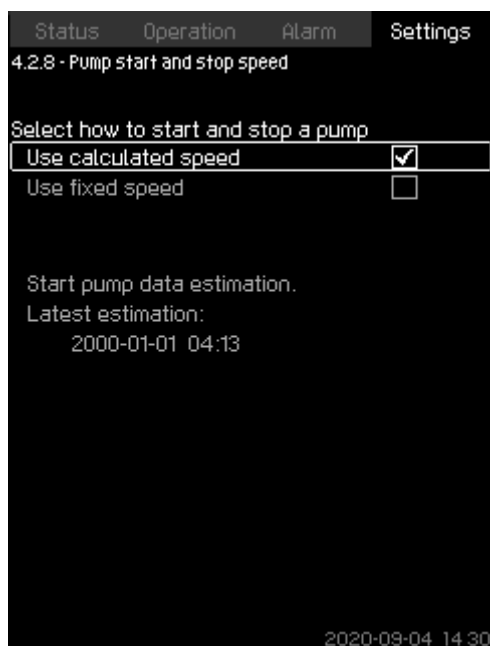
1. Use calculated speed

This function ensures that the optimum number of pumps is always running at a desired duty point, in terms of energy consumption. CU 352 calculates the required number of pumps and their speed. This requires that the differential pressure of the pump is measured by a differential-pressure sensor or separate pressure sensors on the inlet and outlet side. If calculated speed has been selected, CU 352 ignores the percentages set.

2. Use fixed speed

The pumps are started and stopped at speeds set by the user.

1. Use calculated speed



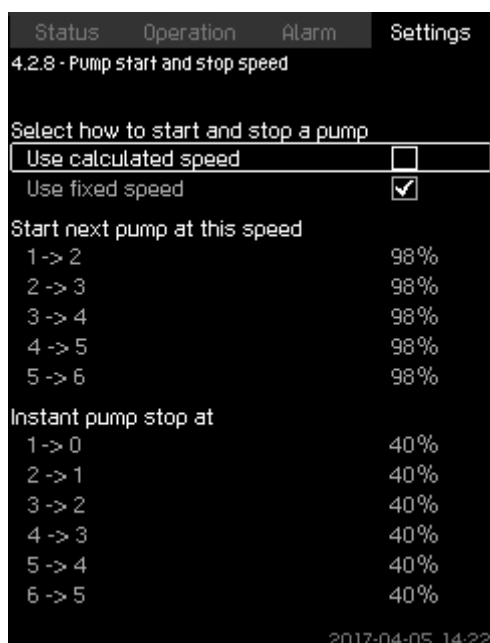
4-2-8_CALCULATED_SPEED_147

Use calculated speed

Setting via the operating panel

- Settings > Pump cascade control > Pump start and stop speed > Use calculated speed.

2. Use fixed speed



4-2-8_TM038965_147

Use fixed speed

Setting via the operating panel

- Settings > Pump cascade control > Pump start and stop speed.
- Select: **Use fixed speed.**
- Set: **Start next pump at this speed > 1 -> 2.**
 - Set the speed as percentage.
 - Set the other pumps in the same way.
- Select: **Instant pump stop at > 1 -> 0.**
 - Set the speed as percentage.
 - Set the other pumps in the same way.

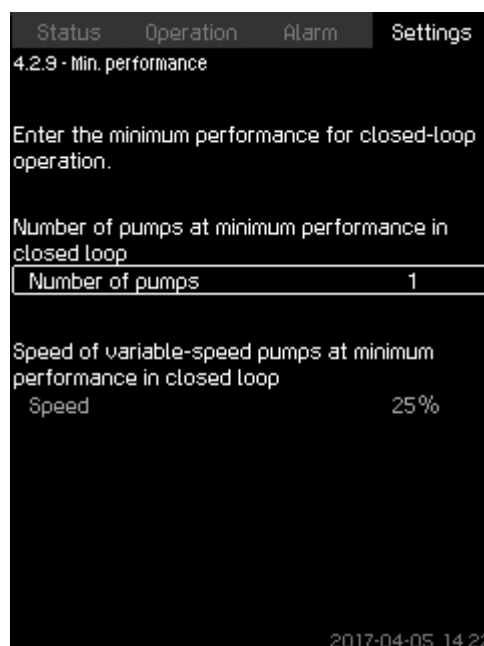
Factory settings

The function is set to calculated speed.

Related information

[9.6.19 Pump stop attempt \(4.2.7\)](#)

9.6.21 Min. performance (4.2.9)



4-2-9_TM038967_148

Min. performance

Description

The function ensures circulation in a system. Note that the stop function, if enabled, can influence this function. See section Stop function (4.3.1). Examples:

- If zero pumps have been selected, the stop function can stop the pump if there is no or a very small consumption.
- If pumps have been selected, the stop function will not be active.

Setting via the operating panel

- Settings > Pump cascade control > Min. performance.
- Set:
 - Number of pumps**
 - Speed.**

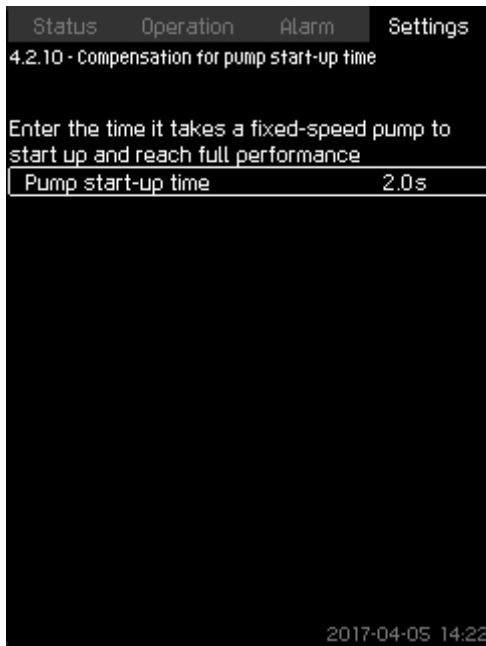
Factory settings

The number of pumps is set to zero. The speed in closed loop is set to 25 %.

Related information

[9.6.24 Stop function \(4.3.1\)](#)

9.6.22 Compensation for pump start-up time (4.2.10)



4-2-10_TM038968_149

Compensation for pump start-up time

Description

The function is used for MPC-F systems only.

The purpose is to avoid disturbances when a mains-operated pump with fixed speed is started. The function compensates for the time it takes a mains-operated pump to reach its full performance after start. The startup time of the mains-operated pump must be known.

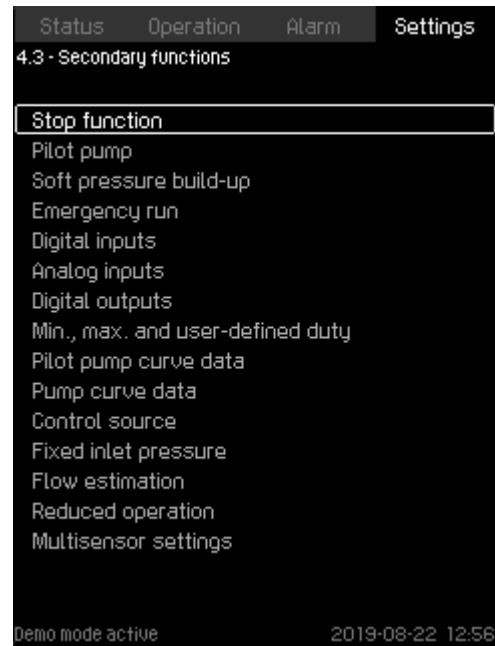
Setting via the operating panel

- **Settings > Pump cascade control > Compensation for pump start-up time.**
- Set: **Pump start-up time**

Factory settings

The startup time is set to zero seconds.

9.6.23 Secondary functions (4.3)



4-3_SECONDARY_FUNCTIONS

Secondary functions

Description

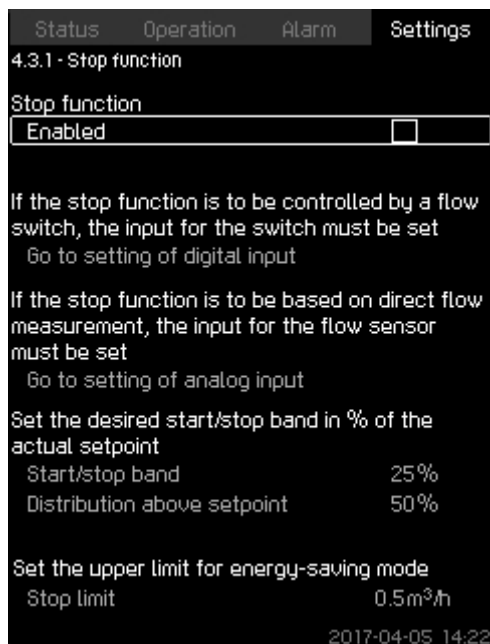
In the display, you can set functions that are secondary in relation to the normal operation of the system. Secondary functions are functions that offer additional functionality.

The display allows you to open these specific displays:

- Stop function (4.3.1)
- Pilot pump (4.3.2)⁸⁾
- Soft pressure build-up (4.3.3)
- Emergency run (4.3.5)
- Digital inputs (4.3.7)
- Analog inputs (4.3.8)
- Digital outputs (4.3.9)
- Analog outputs (4.3.10)
- Counter inputs (4.3.11)
- Min., max. and user-defined duty (4.3.14)
- Pilot pump curve data (4.3.18)
- Pump curve data (4.3.19)
- Control source (4.3.20)
- Fixed inlet pressure (4.3.22)
- Flow estimation (4.3.23)
- Reduced operation (4.3.24)
- Multisensor settings (4.3.25)

⁸⁾ Pilot pump needs to be activated via PC Tool to be visible in **Secondary functions** display.

9.6.24 Stop function (4.3.1)



4-3-1_TM032355_102

Stop function

Description

The function is typically used in constant-pressure applications and allows you to stop the last pump if there is no or a very small consumption.

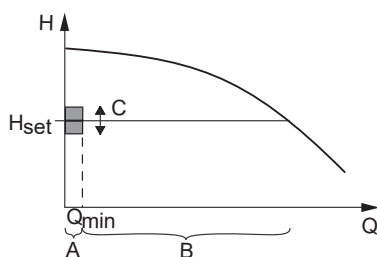
Purpose of the function:

- to save energy
- to prevent heating of shaft seal faces due to increased mechanical friction as a result of reduced cooling by the pumped liquid
- to prevent heating of the pumped liquid.



When a pilot pump is connected to the system, the stop function parameters will be valid for the pilot pump and not the main pump as the pilot pump will be the last pump in operation.

The description of the stop function applies to all systems with variable-speed pumps.

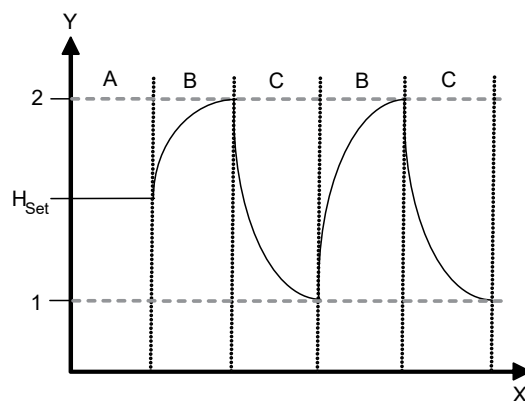


TM078147

Start/stop band

Pos.	Description
A	On/off control
B	Normal operation
C	Start/stop band

When the stop function is enabled, the operation is continuously monitored to detect a low flow rate. When CU 352 detects no or a low flow rate (Q lower than Q_{min}), it changes from constant-pressure operation to on/off control of the last pump in operation. Before stopping, the pump increases the pressure to a value corresponding to H_{set} plus (distribution above setpoint / 100) $\times$ start/stop band. The pump is restarted when the pressure is H_{set} minus (100-distribution above setpoint) / 100 $\times$ start/stop band. The start/stop band can be distributed around the setpoint.



TM078148

On/off operation

Pos.	Description
1	Start: $H_{set} - 0.5 \times \text{start/stop band}$
2	Stop: $H_{set} + 0.5 \times \text{start/stop band}$
A	Normal operation
B	Pressure boosting
C	Stop
X	Time [sec]
Y	

The flow rate is estimated by CU 352 when the pump is in the stop period. As long as the flow rate is lower than Q_{min} , the pump runs in on/off operation. If the flow rate is increased to above Q_{min} , the pump returns to normal operation, H_{set} . H_{set} is equal to the actual setpoint. See section Setpoint (1.2.2).

Detection of low flow rate

Low flow rate can be detected in two ways:

- direct flow measurement with a flowmeter or flow switch
- estimation of flow rate by measurement of pressure and speed.

If the system is not connected to a flowmeter or flow switch, the stop function will use the estimating function.

If the detection of low flow rate is based on flow estimation, a diaphragm tank of a certain size and with a certain precharge pressure is required.

For further information, see the document below. The document is also available on Grundfos Product Center.

Title	QR code	Link	Publication number
Tank calculation in E systems		http://net.grundfos.com/qr/i/92845021	92845021

Precharge pressure

Hydro MPC-E and -EC:	0.7 $\times$ the setpoint.
DELTA HCU	0.7 $\times$ the setpoint

During each flow estimation (every 2 minutes), the estimating function will disturb the outlet pressure by $\pm 10\%$ of the setpoint. If this disturbance is not acceptable, the stop function must be based on direct flow measurement with a flowmeter or flow switch.

The minimum flow rate can be set, that is the flow rate at which the system changes to on/off control of the last pump in operation.

If both a flowmeter and a flow switch are connected, the changeover to on/off control will be determined by the unit first indicating low flow rate.

Setting range

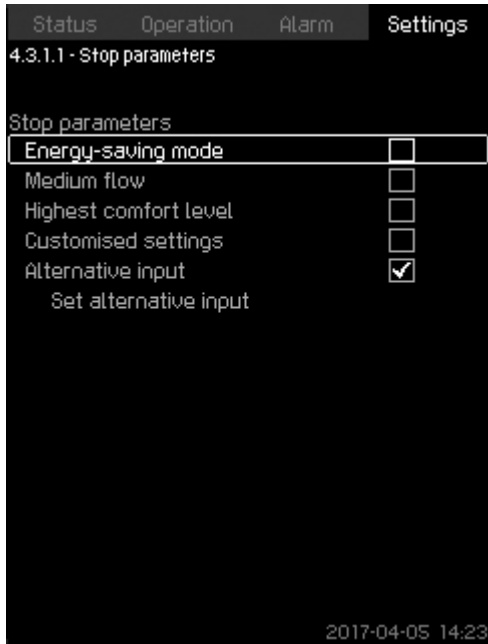
Start/stop band:	5-30 %
------------------	--------

Minimum flow rate:	2-50 % of the rated flow rate (Q_{nom}) of one of the pumps. (It can only be set if direct flow measurement by means of flowmeter has been selected.)
Distribution above setpoint:	0-100 %.

Setting via the operating panel

System without flow switch or flowmeter

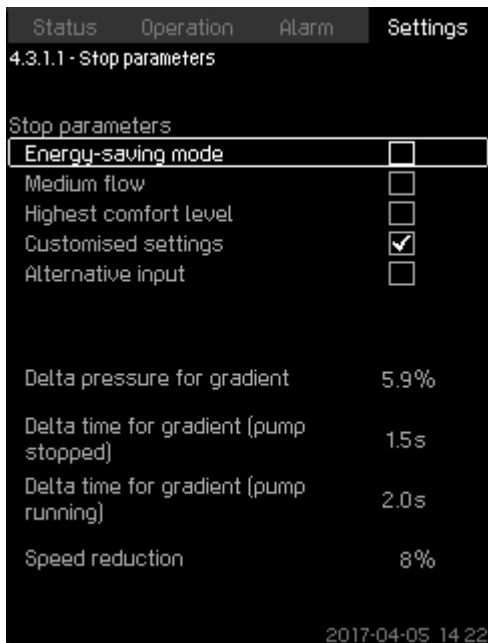
- **Settings > Secondary functions > Stop function.**
- Select: **Enabled.**
- 1. Set: **Start/stop band.**
- 2. Select: **Go to setting of flow stop parameters.**



4-3-1-1_STOP_PARAMETERS_171

Stop parameters

3. Select one of the stop parameters. If you select **Customised settings**, you must set the parameters shown as in the examples below.



4-3-1-1_TM038957_171

Customised settings



Rule of thumb: Speed reduction = 2 x delta pressure for gradient.

Example 1: Increasing the stop limit, Q_{min} (high flow limit)

- Increase **Delta pressure for gradient.**
- Reduce **Delta time for gradient (pump stopped).**
- Reduce **Delta time for gradient (pump running).**
- Increase **Speed reduction.**

Example of increased stop limit

Parameter	Value
Delta pressure for gradient	6 %
Delta time for gradient (pump stopped)	1.5 seconds
Delta time for gradient (pump running)	2.0 seconds
Speed reduction	10 %

Example 2: Reducing the stop limit, Q_{min} (low flow limit)

- Reduce **Delta pressure for gradient.**
- Increase **Delta time for gradient (pump stopped).**
- Increase **Delta time for gradient (pump running).**
- Reduce **Speed reduction.**

Example of reduced flow limit

Parameter	Value
Delta pressure for gradient	3 %
Delta time for gradient (pump stopped)	15.0 seconds
Delta time for gradient (pump running)	25.0 seconds
Speed reduction	6 %



The stop limit depends on the tank size.

Alternative input

If you select **Alternative input**, the controller calculates the stop parameters based on the following inputs:

- system setpoint
- total tank volume
- precharge pressure
- desired stop flow.

Status	Operation	Alarm	Settings
4.3.1.1.1 - Alternative input			
			Precharge factor 0.7
			Pressure drop 6%
			Speed reduction 8%
			Desired stop flow 3.0m³/h
			System setpoint 4.0bar
			Total tank volume 8Litres
			Dt, pump stopped 0.4s
			Dt, pump running 0.5s

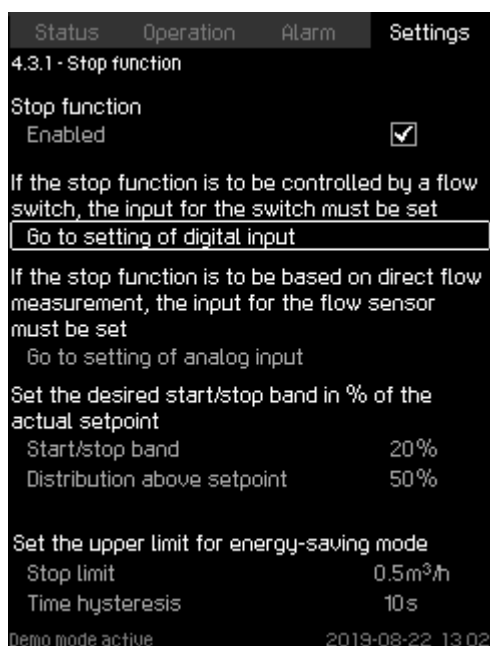
4-3-1-1-1_ALTERNATIVE_INPUT_201

Alternative input

System with flow switch

Make the following additional settings:

1. Select: **Go to setting of digital input**. Display **Digital inputs** (4.3.7) appears.
2. Select the digital input where the flow switch is connected.
3. Select: **Flow switch**.
4. Press **↵**.



4-3-1_STOP_FUNCTION

System with flow switch

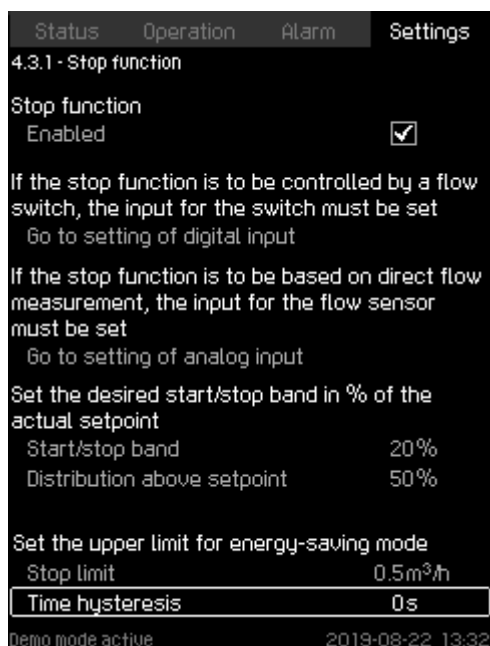


An open contact indicates low flow.

System with flowmeter

Make the following additional settings:

1. Select: **Go to setting of analog input**. The display **Analog inputs** (4.3.8) appears.
2. Select the analog input where the flowmeter is connected.
3. Select: **Flow rate**.
4. Press **↵** × 2.



4-3-1_STOP_FUNCTION_TIME_HYSTERESIS

System with flowmeter

5. Set: **Stop limit**.



As standard, there is a 10-seconds detection hysteresis.

Factory settings

The function is enabled in pressure-boosting applications with the settings in the table.

Start/stop band:	25 %
Minimum flow rate:	30 % of the rated flow rate of one pump
Distribution above setpoint:	50 %

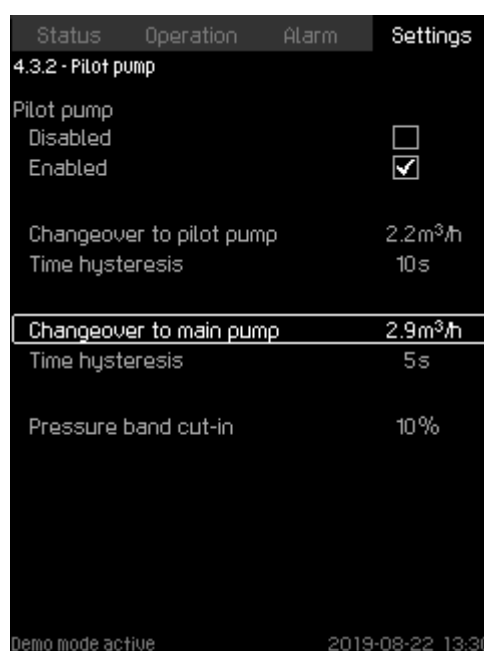
The function is disabled in all other applications.

Related information

[9.3.4 Setpoint \(1.2.2\)](#)

[9.6.21 Min. performance \(4.2.9\)](#)

9.6.25 Pilot pump (4.3.2)



4-3-2_PILOT_PUMP

Pilot pump

Description

In applications with low flow variations, a system with a pilot pump is advised.

To obtain a high efficiency the recommended pilot pump size is 20-25 % of Q_{nom} of the main pump.

Both cut in and cut out speed for pilot pump and main pump is calculated using the pump curve data.



The pilot pump needs to be activated using the PC Tool. We recommend to upload pump data for the pilot pump or go to menu and enter them manually.

1. Enable or disable the pilot pump.
2. **Changeover to pilot pump:** Set the flow for the changeover from main pump to the pilot pump. Factory settings are 75 % of the pilot pump Q_{nom} .
3. **Time hysteresis:** Set the delay time for the changeover to a stable low flow before the changeover.
4. **Changeover to main pump:** Set the flow for the changeover from pilot pump to the main pump. Factory settings are 95 % of the pilot pump Q_{nom} .
5. **Time hysteresis:** Set the delay time for the changeover to a stable low flow before the changeover.

6. **Pressure band cut-in:** Set the pressure band in percentage of the setpoint. The pressure band is used for cut-in or cut-out of pumps.
- Main pumps cut-out when the pilot pump ramps up to a stable setpoint "+" or and" pressure band outlet pressure
 - Pilot pump cut-out when the main pumps ramps up to a stable setpoint "+" or and" pressure band outlet pressure
 - If the pilot pump is running at 100 % and the pressure band is below the setpoint-pressure band, the main pumps will cut in.

Setting via the operating panel

- **Settings > Secondary functions > Pilot pump.**

1. Enable pilot pump
 - Set: **Changeover to pilot pump**
 - Set: **Time hysteresis**
 - Set: **Changeover to main pump**
 - Set: **Time hysteresis.**
2. Set: **Pressure band cut-in.**

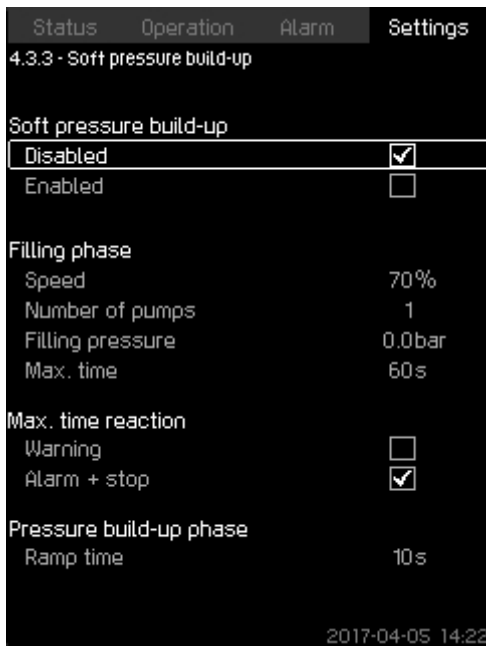
Factory settings

The function is disabled.

9.6.26 Soft pressure build-up (4.3.3)



The soft pressure build-up program will be disabled if the multisensor function is activated.



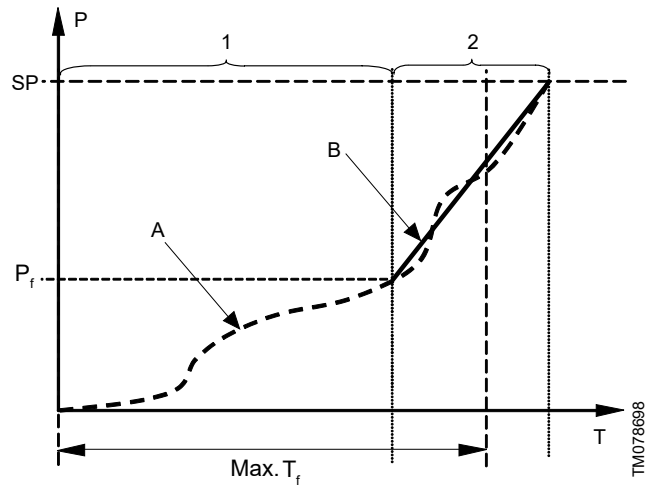
4-3-3_TM038970_133

Soft pressure build-up

Description

The function is typically used in pressure-boosting applications and ensures a smooth startup of systems with for instance empty pipes. Startup takes place in two phases:

- **Filling phase (1):** The pipes are slowly filled with water. When the pressure sensor of the system detects that the pipes have been filled, Phase 2 begins.
- **Pressure build-up phase (2):** The system pressure is increased until the setpoint (SP) is reached. The pressure buildup takes place over a ramp time. If SP is not reached within a given time, a warning or an alarm can be given, and the pumps can be stopped at the same time.



Filling and pressure buildup phases

P: Pressure	T: Time [second]
P _f : Filling pressure	T _f : Filling time

Pos.	Description
1	Filling phase: constant-curve operation
2	Pressure build-up phase: constant-pressure operation
A	Actual value
B	Setpoint ramp-up

Setting range

- **Speed** (pump speed)
- **Number of pumps**
- **Filling pressure**
- **Max. time** (maximum filling time)
- **Warning or Alarm + stop**
- **Ramp time** for **Pressure build-up phase**.

Setting via the operating panel

- **Settings > Secondary functions > Soft pressure build-up.**
1. Select and set:
 - **Speed**
 - **Number of pumps**
 - **Filling pressure**
 - **Max. time.**
 2. Select: **Warning or Alarm + stop.**
 3. Set: **Ramp time.**
 4. Select: **Enabled.**

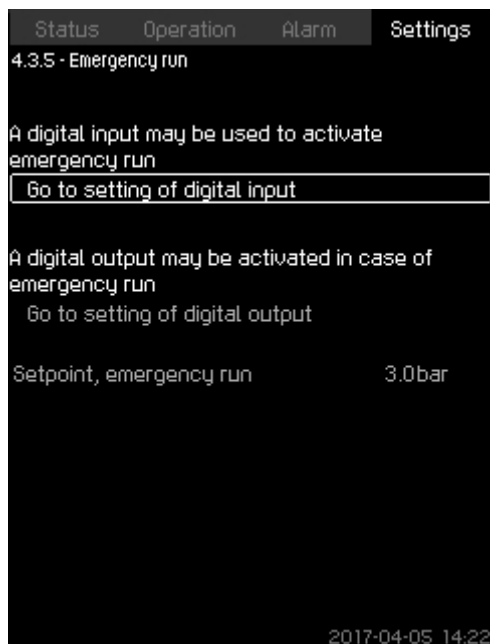
Factory settings

The function is disabled.

Related information

[9.5.1 Alarm status \(3\)](#)

9.6.27 Emergency run (4.3.5)



4-3-5_TM038971_132

Emergency run**Description**

The function is used in booster applications. When this function has been enabled, the pumps will keep running regardless of warnings or alarms. The pumps will run according to a setpoint set specifically for this function.



In case of sensor fault, both main and standby pumps will run at 100 % speed.

Setting range

- Setting of digital input, see section Digital inputs (4.3.7).
- Setting of digital output see section Digital outputs (4.3.9).
- Setting of setpoint for emergency run.

Setting via the operating panel

- **Settings > Secondary functions > Emergency run > Go to setting of digital input.**
1. Select: **Digital inputs**.
 2. Select: **Emergency run**.
 3. Press **↩** x 2.
 4. Select: **Go to setting of digital output**.
 5. Select: **Digital outputs**.
 6. Select: **Emergency run**.
 7. Press **↩** x 2.
 8. Set: **Setpoint, emergency run**.

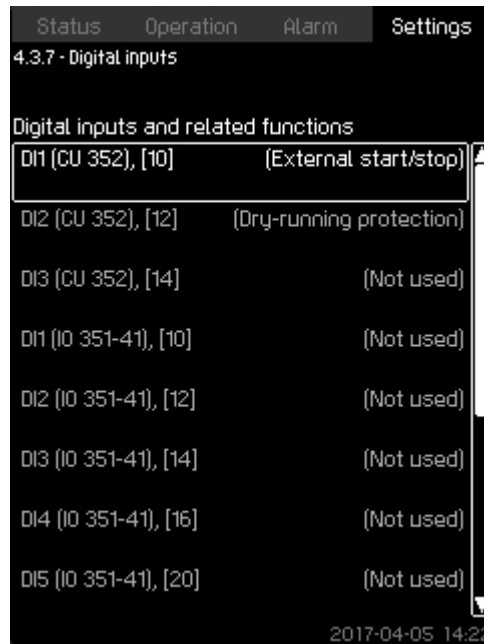


When you have set this function described above, you can also enable it via the display **System operating mode**.

Related information

- [9.4.2 System operating mode \(2.1.1\)](#)
- [9.6.28 Digital inputs \(4.3.7\)](#)
- [9.6.33 Digital outputs \(4.3.9\)](#)

9.6.28 Digital inputs (4.3.7)



4-3-7_TM032359_061

Digital inputs**Description**

In the menu, you can set the digital inputs of CU 352. Each input, except DI1, can be activated and related to a certain function.

As standard, the system has three digital inputs. If the system incorporates an IO 351B module (option), the number of digital inputs is 12.

All digital inputs are shown so that their physical position in the system can be identified.

Example

DI1 (IO 351-41), [10]:

DI1:	Digital input No 1
(IO 351-41):	IO 351, GENIbus number 41
[10]:	Terminal No 10

For further information on the connection of various digital inputs, see the wiring diagram supplied with the control cabinet.

Setting range

DI1 (CU 352) cannot be selected.

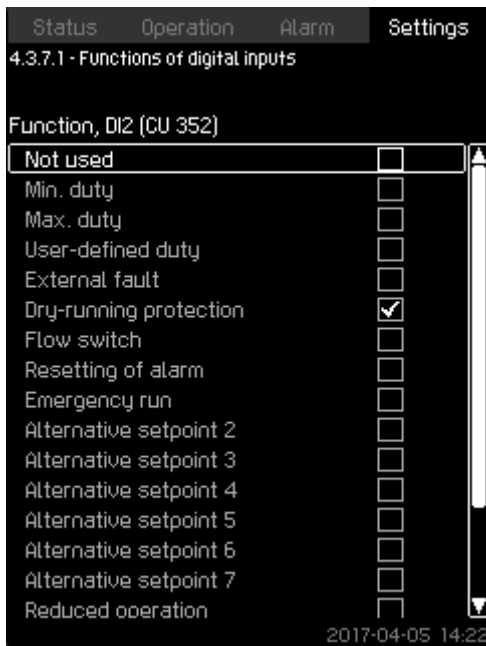
Setting via the operating panel

- **Settings > Secondary functions > Digital inputs.**

Related information

- [9.6.27 Emergency run \(4.3.5\)](#)
- [9.6.48 Reduced operation \(4.3.24\)](#)

9.6.29 Functions of digital inputs (4.3.7.1)



4-3-7-1_TM038972_063

Functions of digital inputs**Description**

A function can be related to the digital inputs.

Setting range

You can select one function in each display:

Function	Contact activated	
Not used		
Min. duty		= Operating mode Min.
Max. duty		= Operating mode Max.
User-defined duty		= Operating mode User-defined
External fault		= External fault
Dry-running protection		= Water shortage
Flow switch		= Flow
Resetting of alarm		= Alarms are reset
Emergency run		= Operating mode Emergency run
Fault, pilot pump		= Fault
Alternative setpoint 2-7		= The setpoint is selected
Reduced operation		= Activation of Reduced operation
Stop pump 1-6		= Forces the pump to stop
Stop pilot pump		



In the display, you can only select pumps defined in the system.

See the relevant sections for further information about the functions. Generally, a closed contact activates the function selected.

Setting via the operating panel

- Settings > Secondary functions > Stop function > Go to setting of digital input.

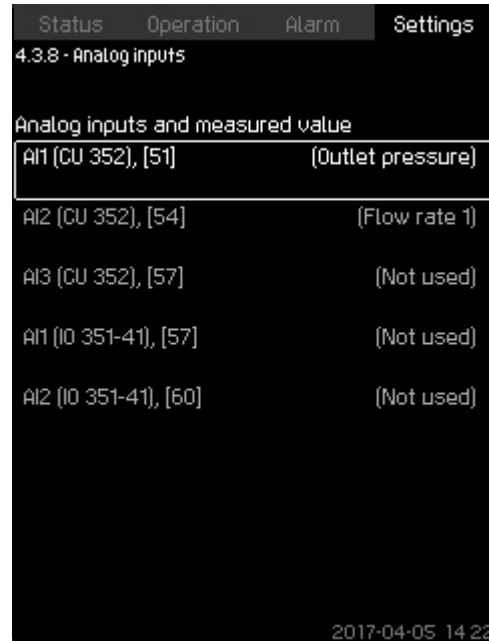
Factory settings

Digital input	Function
DI1 (CU 352) [10]	External start/stop. Open contact = stop. Note: Input No 1 cannot be changed.
DI2 (CU 352) [12]	Monitoring of water shortage (dry-running protection). Open contact = water shortage (if the system is supplied with this option).



Monitoring of water shortage requires a pressure or level switch connected to the system.

9.6.30 Analog inputs (4.3.8)



4-3-8_TM032356_069

Analog inputs**Description**

Each analog input can be activated and related to a certain function.

As standard, the system has three analog inputs. If the system incorporates an IO 351B module (option), the number of analog inputs is 5.

All analog inputs are shown so that their physical position in the system can be identified. A redundant primary sensor can be fitted as backup for the primary sensor in order to increase reliability and prevent stop of operation.



If two sensors are to be redundant, each must have a separate analog input.

Example

AI1 (CU 352) [51]:

AI1:	Analog input No 1
(CU 352):	CU 352
[51]:	Terminal No 51

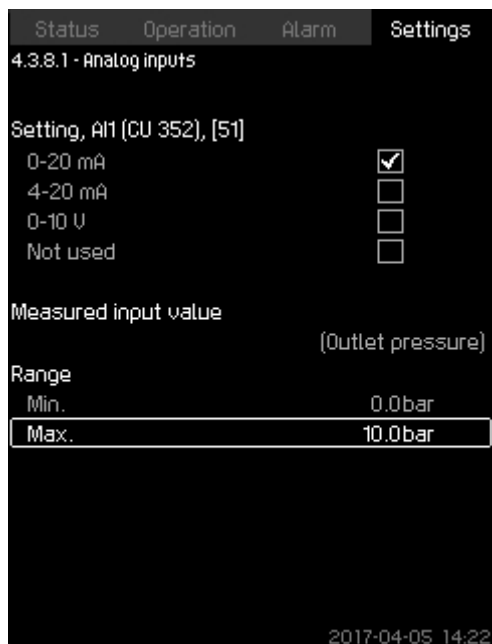
Setting via the operating panel

- Settings > Secondary functions > Stop function > Go to setting of analog input.

Related information

[9.6.64 Limit 1 exceeded \(4.4.5 - 4.4.6\)](#)

9.6.31 Analog inputs (4.3.8.1 - 4.3.8.7)



4-3-8-1_TM032357_077

Analog inputs**Description**

In the menu, you can set **Analog inputs**. Each display is divided into three parts:

- Setting of input signal, for instance 4-20 mA
- **Measured input value**, for instance **Outlet pressure**

Setting range

You can set the following parameters in each display:

- **Not used**
- Range of input signal, 0-20 mA, 4-20 mA, 0-10 V
- **Measured input value**
- Sensor range.

Setting via the operating panel

- **Settings > Secondary functions > Stop function > Go to setting of analog input.**



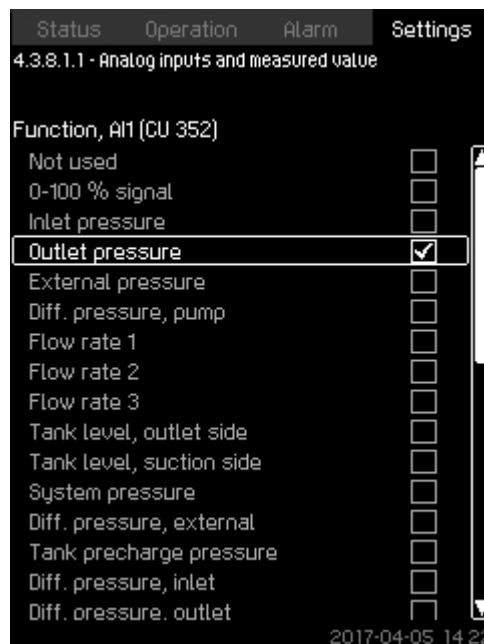
If an analog input is deactivated, the display only shows the top part, that is the setting of the analog input.

If the input is activated, the middle part, **Measured input value** is shown. This makes it possible to relate a function to the analog input in another display. When the analog input has been related to a function, CU 352 will return to the display for setting of analog inputs.

Factory settings

Pressure boosting	
Analog input	Function
AI1 (CU 352) [51]	Outlet pressure
Heating and cooling	
Analog input	Function
AI1 (CU 352) [51]	These are selected in the startup wizard.

9.6.32 Analog inputs and measured value (4.3.8.1.1 - 4.3.8.7.1)



4-3-8-1-1_TM038973_076

Analog inputs and measured value**Description**

A function can be related to the individual analog inputs.

Setting range

You can select one function per analog input. For further details, see the installation and operating instructions for Control MPC.

- **Not used**
- **0-100 % signal**
- **Inlet pressure**
- **Outlet pressure**
- **External pressure**
- **Diff. pressure, pump**
- **Flow rate1-3**
- **Tank level, outlet side**
- **Tank level, suction side**
- **System pressure**
- **Diff. pressure, external**
- **Tank precharge pressure**
- **Diff. pressure, inlet**
- **Diff. pressure, outlet**
- **Return-pipe temp., external**
- **Flow-pipe temperature**
- **Return-pipe temperature**
- **Differential temperature**
- **Ambient temperature**
- **Power, pump 1-6**
- **Power, VFD**
- **Multisensor1-6.**

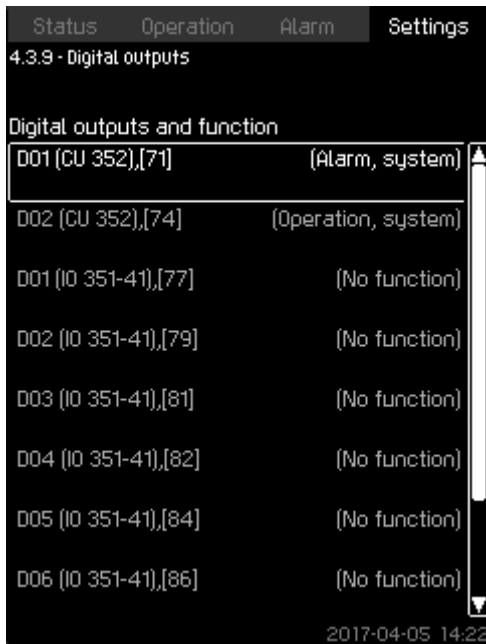
Setting via the operating panel

If more flow rates are used, the flow rate measured and shown is the sum of defined flow rates.

- **Settings > Secondary functions > Go to setting of analog input.**

1. Select: **Analog inputs**.
2. Select: **Measured input value**. Display 4.3.8.1.1 appears.
3. Select input.
4. Press **↵**.
5. Set the minimum and maximum sensor value.

9.6.33 Digital outputs (4.3.9)



Digital outputs

Description

Each digital output can be activated and related to a certain function.

As standard, the system has two digital outputs.

If the system incorporates an IO 351B module (option), the number of digital outputs is 9.

All digital outputs are shown so that their physical position in the system can be identified.

Example

DO1 (IO 351-41) [71]:

DO1	Digital output No 1
(IO 351-41)	IO 351B, GENibus number 41
[71]	Terminal No 71

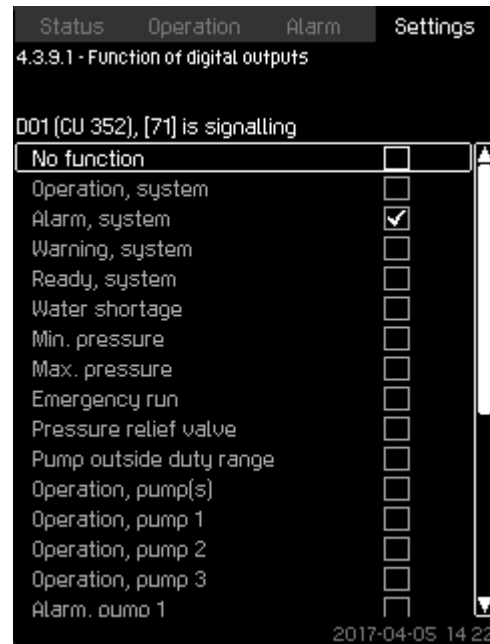
For further information on the connection of various digital outputs, see the wiring diagram supplied with CU 352.

Related information

[9.6.27 Emergency run \(4.3.5\)](#)

[9.6.48 Reduced operation \(4.3.24\)](#)

9.6.34 Function of digital outputs (4.3.9.1 - 4.3.9.16)



Function of digital outputs

Description

A function can be related to the individual outputs.

Setting range

You can select one function in each display:

- **No function**
- **Operation, system**
- **Alarm, system**
- **Warning, system**
- **Ready, system**
- **Water shortage**
- **Min. pressure**
- **Max. pressure**
- **Emergency run**
- **Operation, pilot pump**
- **Pressure relief valve**
- **Pump outside duty range**
- **Operation, pump(s)**
- **Operation, pump 1-6**
- **Alarm, pump 1**
- **Alarm, limit 1 exceeded**
- **Warning, limit 1 exceeded**
- **Alarm, limit 2 exceeded**
- **Warning, limit 2 exceeded**
- **Reduced operation.**

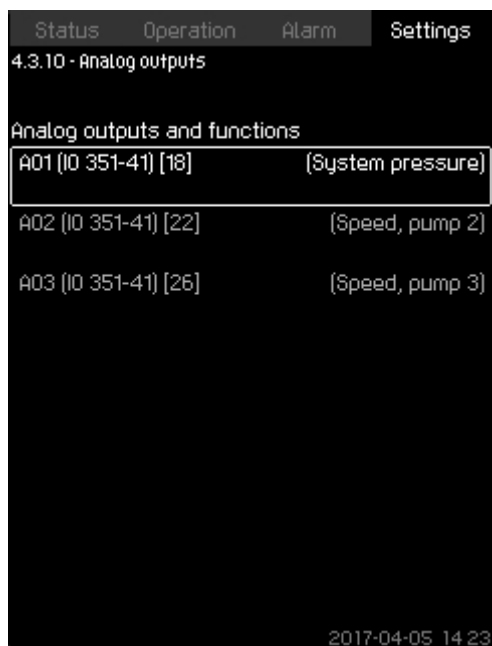
Setting via the operating panel

- **Settings > Secondary functions > Stop function > Go to setting of digital input.**

Factory settings

Digital output	Function
DO1 (CU 352) [71]	Alarm, system
DO2 (CU 352) [74]	Operation, system

9.6.35 Analog outputs (4.3.10)



4-3-10_TM052971_183

Analog outputs

This display only appears if an IO 351B module is installed.

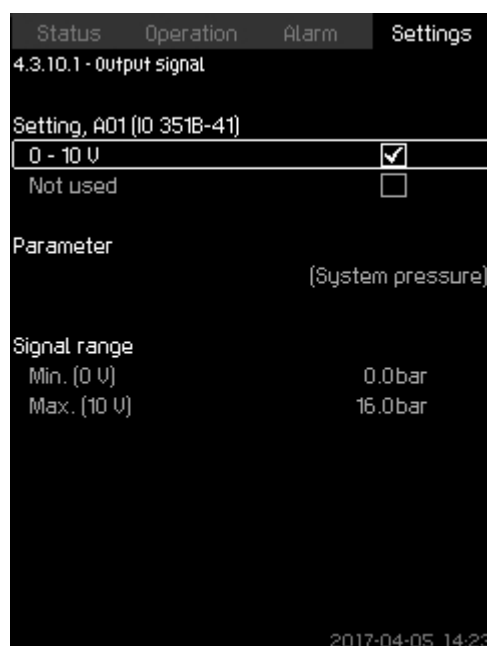
Description

CU 352 does not have analog outputs as standard, but the system can be fitted with an IO 351B module with three analog outputs.

Setting via the operating panel

- **Settings > Secondary functions > Analog outputs.**

9.6.36 Output signal (4.3.10.1 - 4.3.10.3)



4-3-10-1_TM053220_185

Output signal**Description**

You can select the parameters below.

Setting range

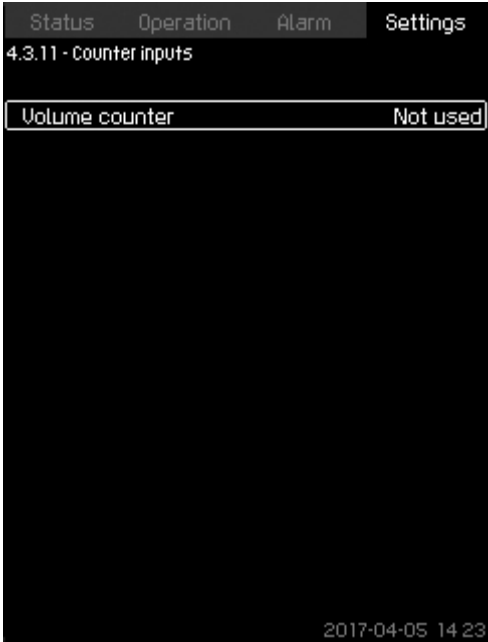
- 0-100 % signal
- Flow rate 1-6
- Inlet pressure
- Outlet pressure
- External pressure
- Diff. pressure, pump
- Tank level, outlet side
- Tank level, suction side
- System pressure
- Diff. pressure, external
- Tank precharge pressure
- Diff. pressure, inlet
- Diff. pressure, outlet
- Return-pipe temp., external
- Flow-pipe temperature
- Return-pipe temperature
- Differential temperature
- Ambient temperature
- System power
- Power, pump 1-6
- Power, pilot pump
- Power, VFD
- Speed, pump 1-6
- Speed, pilot pump
- Current, pump 1-6
- Current, pilot pump
- Specific energy

Setting via the operating panel

- **Settings > Secondary functions > Go to setting of analog input.**

- 1. Select analog output and range.
- 2. Select: **Parameter**. Display 4.3.10.2 appears.
- 3. Select output.
- 4. Press **↵**.
- 5. Set: **Signal range**.

9.6.37 Counter inputs (4.3.11)



4-3-11_COUNTER_INPUTS_194

Counter inputs

Description

You can set CU 352 to accumulate a pumped volume from a digital water meter.

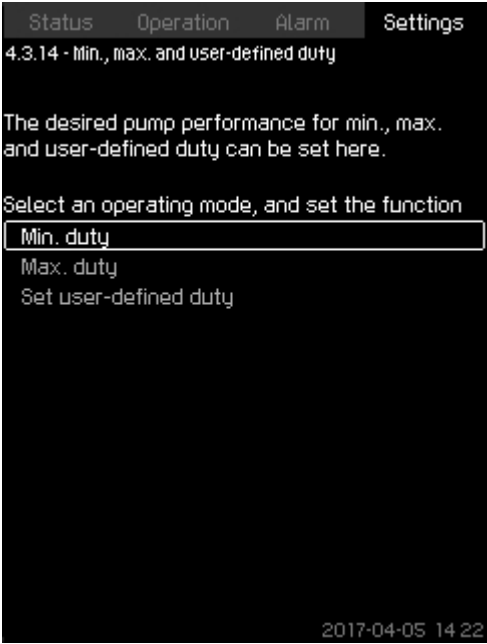
Setting via the operating panel

- 1. **Select digital input for volume counter**
- 2. Define unit (unit of volume per digital input pulse).
- 3. Define scaling of pulse counts.



This menu only appears if an IO 351B module is connected to CU 352.

9.6.38 Min., max. and user-defined duty (4.3.14)



4-3-14_TW032351_092

Min., max. and user-defined duty

Description

The function allows you to let the pumps run in open loop at a set performance.

Setting range

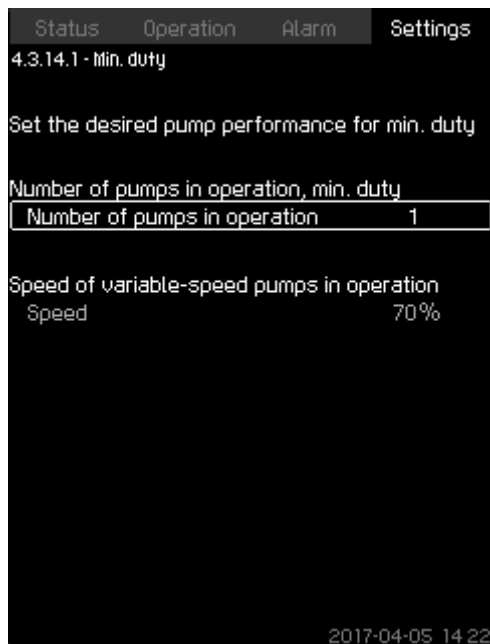
CU 352 allows you to change between three operating modes:

- 1. **Min. duty** (4.3.14.1).
- 2. **Max. duty** (4.3.14.2).
- 3. **User-defined duty** (4.3.14.3).



For each of these operating modes, you can set the number of operating pumps and the pump performance (speed).

9.6.39 Min. duty (4.3.14.1)



4-3-14-1_TM032354_093

Min. duty**Description**

In all systems, minimum duty is only possible for variable-speed pumps.

Setting range

- Number of pumps in operation.
- Speed as percentage (25 to 100 %) for variable-speed pumps.

Setting via the operating panel

- **Settings > Secondary functions > Min., max. and user-defined duty > Min. duty.**

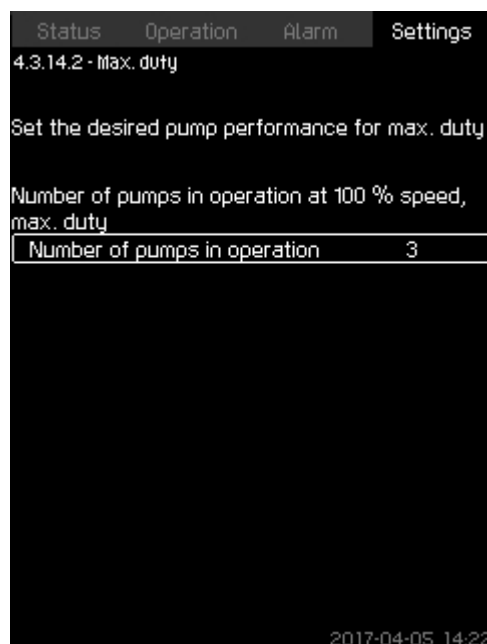
Select and set:

- **Number of pumps in operation, min. duty.**
- **Speed.**

Factory settings

Number of pumps in operation during min. duty:	1
Speed as percentage for variable-speed pumps:	70

9.6.40 Max. duty (4.3.14.2)



4-3-14-2_TM032353_094

Max. duty**Description**

The function allows you to set a number of pumps to run at maximum performance when the function is enabled.

Setting range

You can set the number of pumps to run in the operating mode **Max.**. All pumps run at 100 % speed.

Setting via the operating panel

- **Settings > Secondary functions > Min., max. and user-defined duty > Max. duty.**

Select and set:

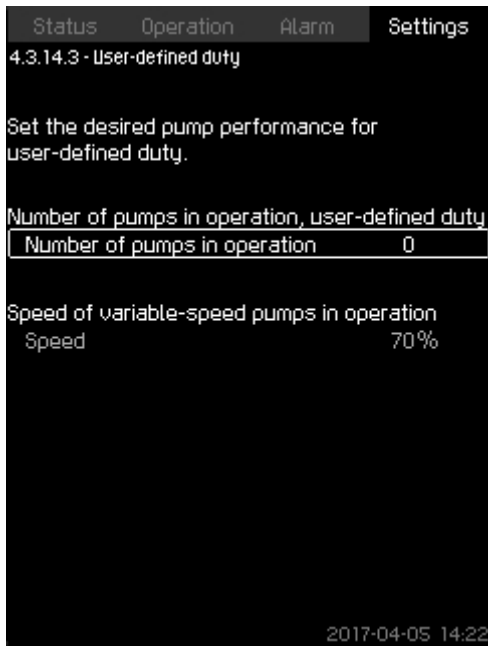
- **Number of pumps in operation at 100 % speed, max. duty.**

Factory settings

Number of pumps in operation during max. duty:

All pumps (except standby pumps).

9.6.41 User-defined duty (4.3.14.3)



4-3-14-3_TM032352_096

User-defined duty**Description**

You can set a user-defined performance, typically a performance between minimum and maximum duty.

The function allows you to set a pump performance by selecting the number of pumps to run and the speed of variable-speed pumps. This function primarily selects the variable-speed pumps. If the number of selected pumps exceeds the number of variable-speed pumps, mains-operated pumps are started too.

Setting range

- **Number of pumps in operation.**
- Speed as percentage for variable-speed pumps.



In systems with only variable-speed pumps, the speed can be set between 25 and 100 %; in systems with both variable-speed pumps and mains-operated pumps the speed can be set between 70 and 100 %.

Setting via the operating panel

- **Settings > Secondary functions > Min., max. and user-defined duty > User-defined duty.**

Select and set:

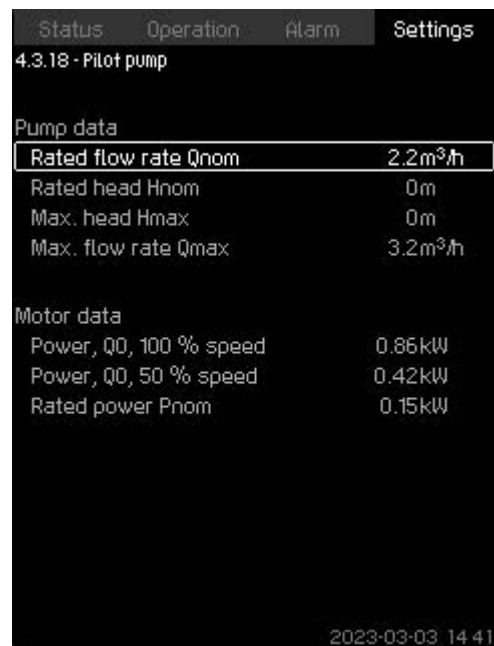
- **Number of pumps in operation, user-defined duty.**
- **Speed.**

Factory settings

The function is disabled as the following has been set:

Number of pumps in operation during user-defined duty:	00
--	----

9.6.42 Pilot pump curve data (4.3.18)



TM083399

Pilot pump curve data**Description**

Pilot pump data is needed for the pilot pump function to work. The function uses the following data:

• Rated flow rate Qnom	[m³/h]
• Rated head Hnom	[m]
• Max. head Hmax	[m]
• Max. flow rate Qmax	[m³/h]
• Power, Q0, 100 % speed	[kW]
• Power, Q0, 50 % speed	[kW]
• Rated power Pnom	[kW]



Grundfos can supply hydraulic data for CR, CRI, CRE and CRIE pumps where GSC files can be downloaded to CU 352.

All other pump types require manual entering of hydraulic pump data.



Enter the electrical data, **Power, Q0, 100 % speed** and **Power, Q0, 50 % speed** manually for all pump types, including CR, CRI, CRE and CRIE.

For Grundfos E-pumps, enter the data of input power (P1).

Read the data using the pump performance curves which can be found in Grundfos Product Center at www.grundfos.com.

If Grundfos Product Center is not accessible, try to bring a pump into the three duty points:

- **Power, Q0, 100 % speed**
- **Power, Q0, 50 % speed**
- **Rated power Pnom.**

See section How to read pump curve data in Grundfos Product Center.

Setting via the operating panel

- **Settings > Secondary functions > Pump curve data.**
- Select and set:
 - **Rated flow rate Qnom**
 - **Rated head Hnom**
 - **Max. head Hmax**
 - **Max. flow rate Qmax**
 - **Power, Q0, 100 % speed**
 - **Power, Q0, 50 % speed**
 - **Rated power Pnom.**

9.6.43 Pump curve data (4.3.19)

Status	Operation	Alarm	Settings
4.3.19 - Pump curve data			
Pump data			
Rated flow rate Qnom		10.0m³/h	
Rated head Hnom		48m	
Max. head Hmax		61m	
Max. flow rate Qmax		0.0m³/h	
Motor data			
Power, Q0, 100 % speed		0.00kW	
Power, Q0, 50 % speed		0.00kW	
Rated power Pnom		0.00kW	
Flow estimation			

4-3-19_TM038975_104

Pump curve data

Description

CU 352 has a number of functions using these pump data:

• Rated flow rate Qnom	
• Rated head Hnom	
• Max. head Hmax	
• Max. flow rate Qmax	
• Power, Q0, 100 % speed	[kW]
• Power, Q0, 50 % speed	[kW]
• Rated power Pnom	[kW]
• VFD minimum speed	[%]
• VFD maximum speed	[%]



Grundfos can supply hydraulic data for CR, CRI, CRE and CRIE pumps where GSC files can be downloaded to CU 352.

All other pump types require manual entering of hydraulic pump data.



Enter the electrical data, **Power, Q0, 100 % speed** and **Power, Q0, 50 % speed** manually for all pump types, including CR, CRI, CRE and CRIE.

For Grundfos E-pumps, enter the data of input power (P1).



The VFD speed range is the range in which the VFD is operating, so if the minimum and maximum speeds are limited on the VFD, the values for the operating range have to be entered in these fields.

Only used for EF systems. It is not used for E and EC systems.

Read the data using the pump performance curves which can be found in Grundfos Product Center at www.grundfos.com. See the examples below.

If you cannot access Grundfos Product Center, try bringing a pump into the three duty points:

- **Power, Q0, 100 % speed**
- **Power, Q0, 50 % speed**
- **Rated power Pnom.**

Setting via the operating panel

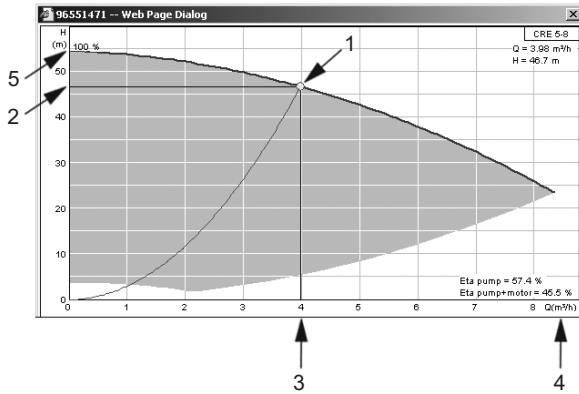
- **Settings > Secondary functions > Pump curve data.**
- Select and set:
 - **Rated flow rate Qnom**
 - **Rated head Hnom**
 - **Max. head Hmax**
 - **Max. flow rate Qmax**
 - **Power, Q0, 100 % speed**
 - **Power, Q0, 50 % speed**
 - **FD minimum speed**
 - **VFD maximum speed.**

Related information

[9.6.65 Pumps outside duty range \(4.4.7\)](#)

9.6.44 How to read pump curve data

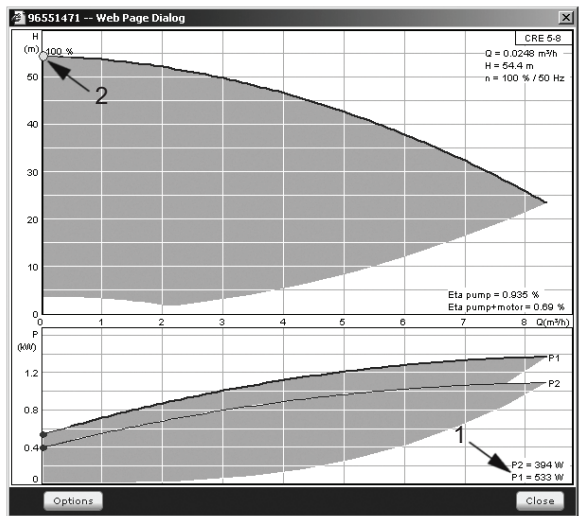
Read the power values in displays 1.3 to 1.8, depending on the pump. See section Pump 1-6, Pilot pump (1.3 - 1.10).



TM039993

Reading of Q_{nom} , H_{nom} , H_{max} and Q_{max} (Grundfos Product Center)

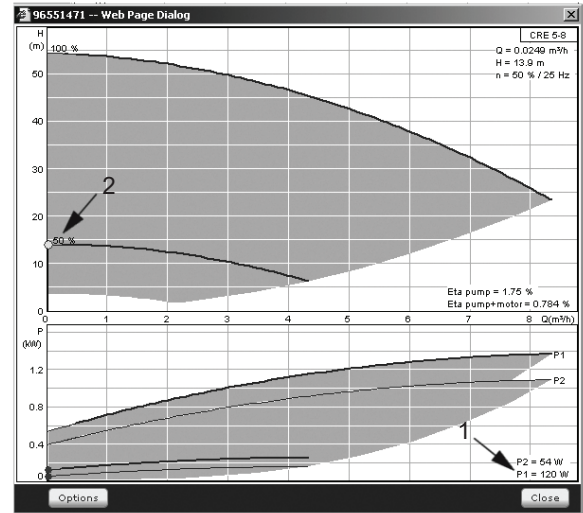
Pos.	Description
1	Rated duty point
2	H_{nom}
3	Q_{nom}
4	Q_{max}
5	H_{max}



TM039994

Reading of power, Q_0 , 100 % speed (Grundfos Product Center)

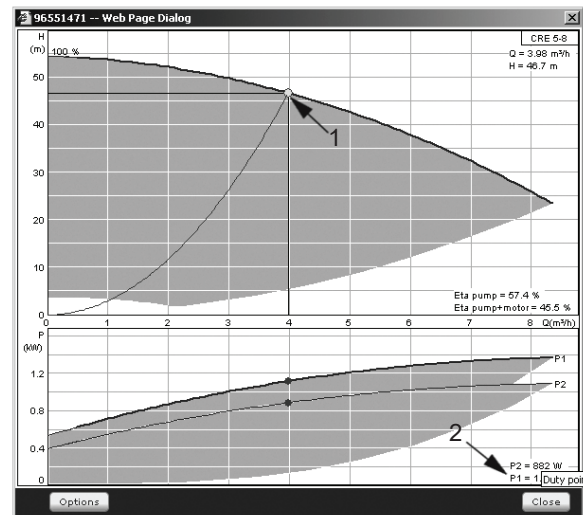
Pos.	Description
1	Power, Q_0 , 100 % speed
2	Duty point, Q_0 , 100 % speed



TM039995

Reading of power, Q_0 , 50 % speed (Grundfos Product Center)

Pos.	Description
1	Power, Q_0 , 50 % speed
2	Duty point, Q_0 , 50 % speed



TM039996

Reading of rated power P_{nom} (Grundfos Product Center)

Pos.	Description
1	Duty point, rated power P_{nom}
2	Rated power P_{nom}



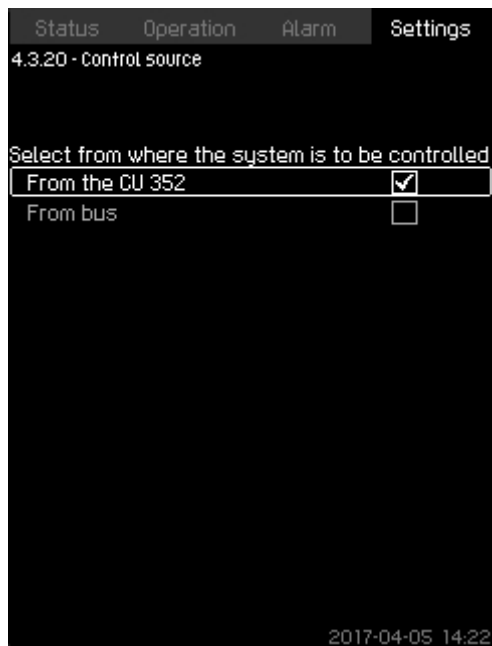
Q_{nom} and H_{nom} are the rated duty point of the pumps and usually the duty point with the highest efficiency.

Setting via the operating panel

- Settings > Secondary functions > Pump curve data.
- Select and set:
 - Rated flow rate Q_{nom}
 - Rated head H_{nom}
 - Max. head H_{max}
 - Max. flow rate Q_{max}
 - Power, Q_0 , 100 % speed
 - Power, Q_0 , 50 % speed
 - Rated power P_{nom} .

Related information

[9.3.10 Pump 1-6, Pilot pump \(1.3 - 1.10\)](#)

9.6.45 Control source (4.3.20)

4-3-20_TM032342_107

Control source**Description**

The system can be remote-controlled via an external bus connection (option). See section GENIbus. For further information, see section Data communication.

Select the control source, that is either CU 352 or the external bus connection.

Setting via the operating panel

- **Settings > Secondary functions > Control source.**

Factory settings

The control source is CU 352.

Related information

[9.7 Data communication](#)

[9.7.2 GENIbus](#)

9.6.46 Fixed inlet pressure (4.3.22)

4-3-22_TM038976_163

Fixed inlet pressure**Description**

The function is only used when no inlet-pressure sensor is fitted in the system and the inlet pressure is fixed and known.

Setting range

A fixed inlet pressure can be set, and the function can be enabled and disabled.

Setting via the operating panel

- **Settings > Secondary functions > Fixed inlet pressure.**
- Select: **Enabled** or **Disabled**.
- Set: **Fixed inlet pressure**.

Factory settings

The function is disabled.

9.6.47 Flow estimation (4.3.23)

Status	Operation	Alarm	Settings
4.3.23 - Flow estimation			
Enable one or more methods for functions that use pump curve data			
2nd order QH polynomial			☒
5th order QH polynomial			☒
Power polynomial, QP			☒
Head loss in non-return valve at rated pump flow rate			
Head loss			0m
2017-04-05 14:22			

4-3-23_TN038977_170

Flow estimation**Description**

At large flow rates, there may be a considerable head loss between the pump outlet flange and the pressure sensor. The loss is caused by non-return valves and pipe bends. To improve the flow estimation of the system, it is necessary to compensate for the difference between the measured and the actual differential pressure across the pump. This is done by entering the head loss in non-return valves and pipe bends at the rated flow rate of one pump.

Setting range

- 2nd order QH polynomial
- 5th order QH polynomial
- Power polynomial, QP
- Head loss.



It is possible to select several curve types, as CU 352 makes a priority based on the data available.

Setting via the operating panel

- **Settings > Secondary functions > Flow estimation.**

Factory settings

All polynomials are selected.

9.6.48 Reduced operation (4.3.24)

Status	Operation	Alarm	Settings
4.3.24 - Reduced operation			
A digital input can be used to activate reduced operation			
Go to setting of digital input			
A digital output can be activated during reduced operation			
Go to setting of digital output			
Select method			
Number of pumps in operation			☒
Maximum number of pumps			6
Power consumption			☐
2017-04-05 14:23			

4-3-24_TN052972_175

Reduced operation**Description**

The function allows you to limit the number of pumps in operation, or for MPC-E systems, to limit power consumption. The limit is activated by a digital input.

Setting range

- Setting of digital input, see section Digital inputs (4.3.7).
- Setting of digital output, see section Digital outputs (4.3.9).
- Maximum number of pumps in operation.
- Maximum power consumption.

Setting via the operating panel

- **Settings > Secondary functions > Reduced operation.**

1. Select: **Go to setting of digital input.**
2. Select digital input.
3. Select: **Reduced operation.**
4. Press ↵ x 2.
5. Select: **Go to setting of digital output.**
6. Select digital output.
7. Select: **Reduced operation.**
8. Press ↵ x 2.
9. Set: **Number of pumps in operation** or **Power consumption**.

Factory settings

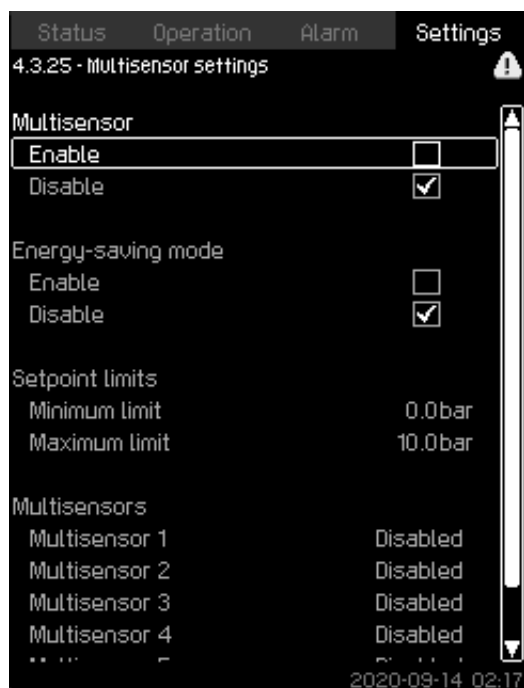
No digital input is selected (disabled).

Related information

[9.6.28 Digital inputs \(4.3.7\)](#)

[9.6.33 Digital outputs \(4.3.9\)](#)

9.6.49 Multisensor settings (4.3.25)



4-3-25_MULTISENSOR_186

Multisensor settings**Description**

The function is designed for controlling up to six different zones in a HVAC system with a defined differential-pressure band. If one of the **Multisensor** signals are outside the specific sensor limits (minimum or maximum), the function will influence the setpoint (SP) up or down to ensure that the specific sensor or zone is kept within its pressure band.

You can adjust the reaction of the setpoint influence by the means of dedicated **Setpoint alternation**, Kp and Ti values.

In case more sensors are either under or above their limits, you can set a priority between the sensors. Furthermore, the system can optimise the actual setpoint if **Energy-saving mode** is activated by reducing the actual setpoint until the minimum limit of one of the multisensors is reached.

If the multisensor function is enabled, it will have higher priority and the following programs will be overruled:



- Clock program
- Proportional pressure
- Alternative setpoints
- External setpoint influence
- Setpoint ramp.

Setting range

- **Energy-saving mode:** In this mode, the system ramps down the actual setpoint towards the minimum limit for one of the multisensors. If disabled, the function ensures that no sensor is above or below its limits.
- **Setpoint limits:** The range with the function will operate the control setpoint up or down according to the **Multisensor** feedback.
- Multisensor list: Setup for each multisensor.

Setting via the operating panel

- **Settings > Secondary functions > Multisensor settings.**
1. Select: **Enable**.
 2. Set: **Number of sensors**.
 3. Enable **Energy-saving mode** if requested.
 4. Set: **Setpoint limits**. (Select: **Minimum limit** or **Maximum limit**).
 5. Press **Multisensor settings** to set the individual settings for each multisensor.

9.6.50 Multisensor settings (4.3.25.1)



4-3-25-1_MULTISENSORS_SETTINGS_198

Multisensor settings**Description**

Each **Multisensor** needs to be defined in order for the function to work correctly.

Setting range

- **Name**
- **Sensor limits**
- **Sensor priority** (1-6, High = 1)
- **Filter factor** [second] (time period where the remote sensor feedback signal is averaged over.)
- **Sensor source**

Local = AI

Bus = BUS communication

Setting via the control panel

- **Settings > Secondary functions > Multisensor settings > Multisensor settings.**

9.6.51 Multisensor 1-6 (4.3.25.1.1)

Status	Operation	Alarm	Settings
4.3.25.1.1 - Multisensor 1			
Enable condition			
Always enable			☐
Enable via digital input			☐
Go to setting of digital input			
Always disable			☒
Input value to be monitored (Multisensor 1)			
Sensor limits			
Minimum limit			0.0bar
Maximum limit			16bar
Sensor priority			1
Gain Kp			0.50
Integral time Ti			1.0s
Filter factor			5s
2020-09-14 02:17			

4-3-25-1-1_MULTISENSORS_VIRTUAL_SETTINGS_199

Multisensor 1-6**Description**

Each **Multisensor** needs to be defined in order for the function to work correctly.

Setting range

- On-Off.

Always disable: the supervision parameter is disabled.

Always enable: the supervision parameter is enabled.

Enable via digital input: set the digital input to enable the supervision parameter.

- Input value to be monitored:** select the input value to be monitored.
- Maximum limit** for the selected input value.
- Maximum limit** for the selected input value (is not shown in Energy saving mode).
- Gain Kp:** - 30 to 30. Note that for inverse control, Kp must be set to a negative value.
- Integral time Ti:** 0.0 to 3600 seconds.
- Sensor priority** (1-6, High = 1).
- Filter time** [seconds] (time period where the remote sensor feedback signal is averaged over.)

Setting via the operating panel

- Settings > Secondary functions > Multisensor settings > Multisensor1-6.**

1. Set On-Off.

- Always disable**
- Always enable**
- Enable via digital input**
 - Go to settings of digital input, set the digital input.
 - Press  x 1.

9.6.52 Differential sensor (4.3.27)

Status	Operation	Alarm	Settings
4.3.27 - Differential sensor			
1	(Not used)		
2	(Not used)		
3	(Not used)		
4	(Not used)		
2020-09-04 14:30			

4-3-27_DIFF_SENSOR_208

Differential sensor**Description**

Up to four differential sensors can be configured for input and output values.

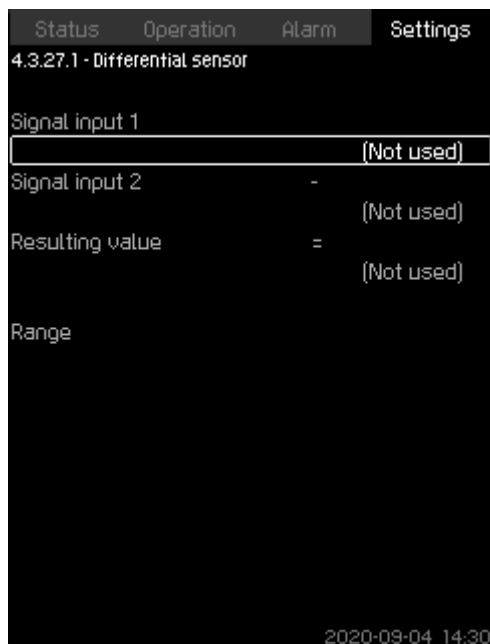
Example

Differential sensor 2
Differential sensor 3.

Setting via the operating panel

- Settings > Secondary functions > Differential sensor.**

9.6.53 Differential sensor (4.3.27.1-4)



4-3-27_DIFF_SENSOR_209

Differential sensor 1-4

Description

Customising the differential sensors.

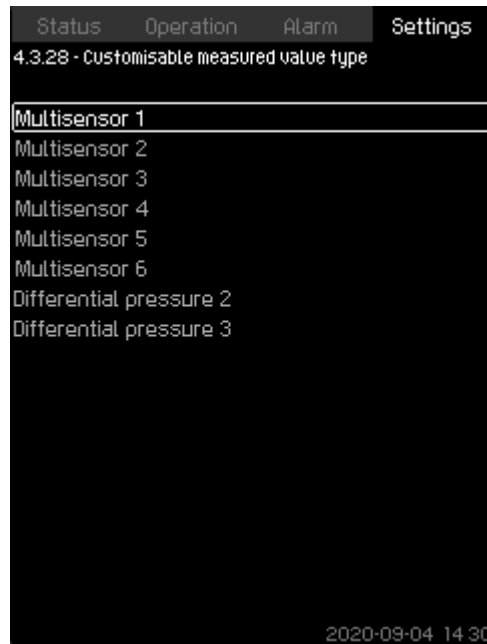
Setting range

- **Signal input 1:** select value for the minuend part of the differential sensor.
- **Signal input 2:** select value for the subtrahend part of the differential sensor.
- **Resulting value:** select value for the resulting differential sensor.
- **Range:** set the range for the resulting differential sensor.

Setting via the operating panel

- **Settings > Secondary functions > Differential sensor > Differential sensor 1-4.**
 1. Select signal input 1 value.
 2. Select signal input 2 value.
 3. Select **Resulting value**.
 4. Set differential sensor range.

9.6.54 Customisable measured value type (4.3.28)



4-3-28_DIFF_SENSOR_206

Customisable measured value type

Description

Up to 8 input value types can be customized in regard to name and physical quantity.

Example

Multisensor 1

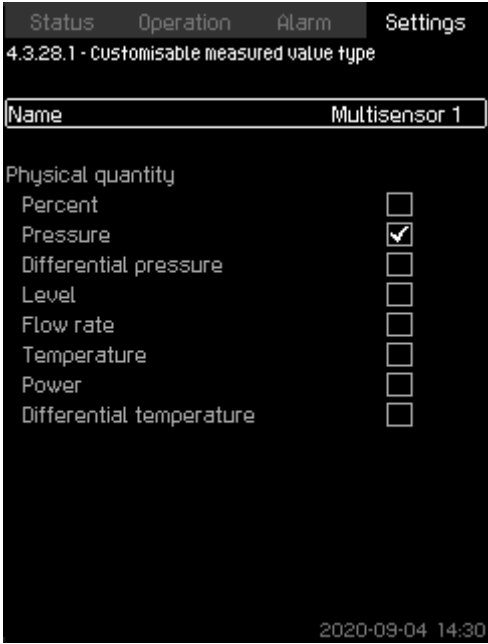
Multisensor 2

Multisensor 3.

Setting via the operating panel

- **Settings > Secondary functions > Customisable measured value type.**

9.6.55 Customisable measured value type (4.3.28.1-8)



4-3-28_DIFF_SENSOR_207

Customisable measured value type

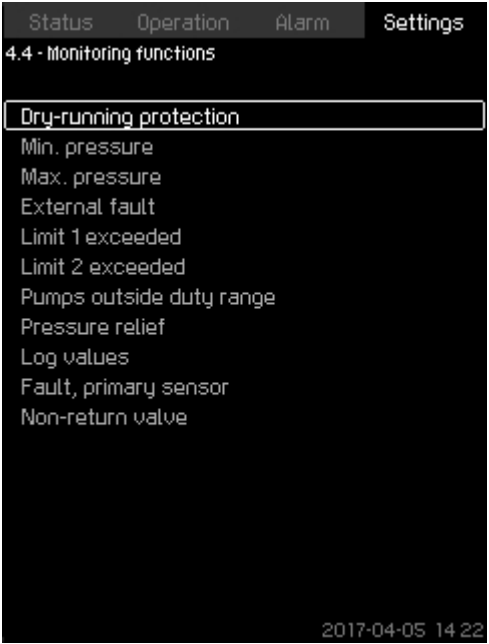
Description

- **Name:** Configure the name for the measured value.
- **Physical quantity:** Set the type of physical values:
 - Percent
 - Pressure
 - Differential pressure
 - Level
 - Flow rate
 - Temperature
 - Power
 - Differential temperature.

Setting via the operating panel

- **Settings > Secondary functions > Customisable measured value type 1-8.**
 1. Set **Name**.
 2. Select **Physical quantity**.

9.6.56 Monitoring functions (4.4)



4-4_TM038978_095

Monitoring functions

Description

The system has a series of functions that constantly monitor the operation of the system.
The primary purpose of the monitoring functions is to ensure that faults do not damage pumps or the system.

Setting range

- Dry-running protection (4.4.1)
- Min. pressure (4.4.2)
- Max. pressure (4.4.3)
- External fault (4.4.4)
- Limit 1 exceeded (4.4.5 - 4.4.6)
- Pumps outside duty range (4.4.7)
- Pressure relief (4.4.8)
- Log values (4.4.9)
- Fault, feedback sensor (4.4.10).

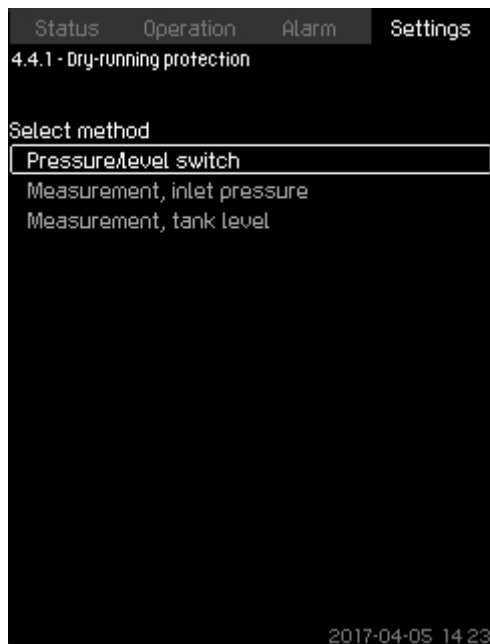
Setting via the operating panel

- **Settings > Monitoring functions.**

Related information

[9.5.1 Alarm status \(3\)](#)

9.6.57 Dry-running protection (4.4.1)



4-4-1_TM032320_050

Dry-running protection**Description**

Dry-running protection is one of the most important monitoring functions, as the bearings and the shaft seal may be damaged if the pumps run dry. We thus always recommend that you use dry-running protection.

The function is based on monitoring of the inlet pressure or the level in a possible tank or pit on the inlet side.

Level switches, pressure switches or analog sensors signalling water shortage at a set level can be used.

There are three different methods for detection of water shortage:

- Pressure switch on inlet manifold or float switch/electrode relay in the supply tank. See section Pressure/level switch (4.4.1.1).
- Measurement of inlet pressure in the inlet manifold by means of an analog pressure transmitter. See section Measurement, inlet pressure (4.4.1.2).
- Measurement of level in the supply tank by means of an analog level transmitter. See section Measurement, tank level (4.4.1.3).

Setting via the operating panel

- **Settings > Monitoring functions > Dry-running protection > Select method.**

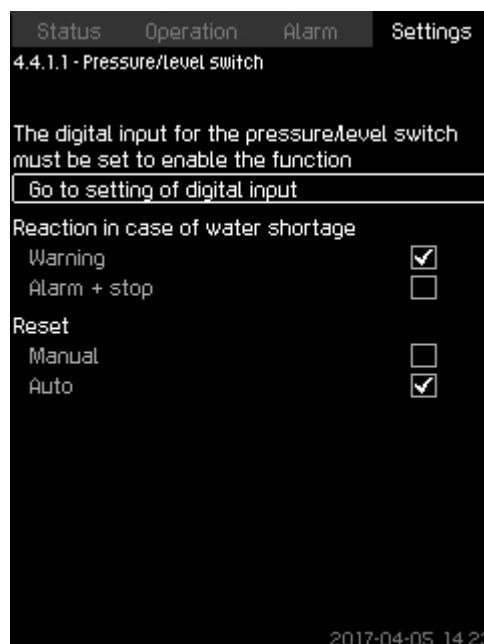
Related information

[9.6.58 Pressure/level switch \(4.4.1.1\)](#)

[9.6.59 Measurement, inlet pressure \(4.4.1.2\)](#)

[9.6.60 Measurement, tank level \(4.4.1.3\)](#)

9.6.58 Pressure/level switch (4.4.1.1)



4-4-1-1_TM032329_051

Pressure/level switch**Description**

The function is primarily used in booster applications. Dry-running protection can take place by means of a pressure switch on the inlet manifold or a level switch in a tank on the inlet side.

When the contact is open, CU 352 registers water shortage after a time delay of approximately 5 seconds. You can set whether the indication is to be just a warning or an alarm stopping the pumps.

You can set restarting and resetting of alarms to be automatic or manual.

Setting range

- Selection of digital input for the function.
- Reaction in case of water shortage: **Alarm + stop**.
- Restarting: **Manual** or **Auto**.

Setting via the operating panel

- **Settings > Monitoring functions > Dry-running protection > Pressure/level switch > Go to setting of digital input.** Display **Digital inputs** (4.3.7) appears.

1. Set the input to dry-running protection.
2. Press .
3. Select:

- **Warning** or **Alarm + stop**.
- **Manual** or **Auto**.

Factory settings

The setting is done in the startup wizard and depends on the application.

Related information

[9.6.57 Dry-running protection \(4.4.1\)](#)

9.6.59 Measurement, inlet pressure (4.4.1.2)



4-4-1-2_TM038979_055

Measurement, inlet pressure**Description**

Dry-running protection can take place by means of a pressure transmitter measuring the inlet pressure.

You can set two levels:

- **Warning**
- **Alarm + stop.**

You can set restarting and resetting of alarms to be automatic or manual.

Setting range

- Selection of analog input for the function.
- Inlet pressure level for **Warning**.
- Inlet pressure level for **Alarm + stop**.
- Restarting: **Manual** or **Auto**.

Setting via the operating panel

- **Settings > Monitoring functions > Dry-running protection > Measurement, inlet pressure > Go to setting of analog input.** Display **Analog inputs** (4.3.8) appears.

1. Select: **Inlet pressure**.
2. Press **↩**.
3. Select: **Enabled**.
4. Select and set the level:
 - **Warning**.
 - **Alarm + stop**.
5. Select resetting: **Auto** or **Manual**.



If one of the levels is not required, the level value must be the minimum value of the inlet-pressure transmitter. This disables the function.

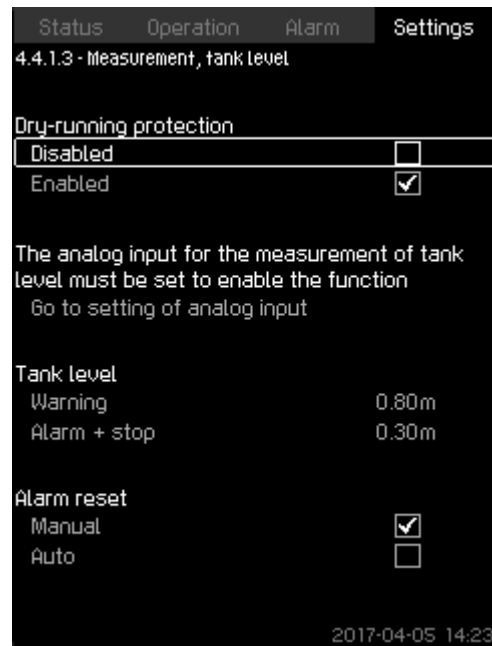
Factory settings

The setting is done in the startup wizard and depends on the application.

Related information

[9.6.57 Dry-running protection \(4.4.1\)](#)

9.6.60 Measurement, tank level (4.4.1.3)



4-4-1-3_TM038980_108

Measurement, tank level**Description**

Dry-running protection can take place by means of a level transmitter measuring the level in a tank on the inlet side.

You can set two levels:

- **Warning**
- **Alarm + stop.**

You can set restarting and resetting of alarms to be automatic or manual.

Setting range

- Selection of analog input for the function.
- Tank level for **Warning**.
- Tank level for **Alarm + stop**.
- Restarting: **Manual** or **Auto**.

Setting via the operating panel

- **Settings > Monitoring functions > Dry-running protection > Measurement, tank level > Go to setting of analog input.** Display **Analog inputs** (4.3.8) appears.

1. Set the input to **Tank level, suction side**.
2. Press **↩** × 3.
3. Select: **Enabled**.
4. Select and set the level:
 - **Warning**.
 - **Alarm + stop**.
5. Select alarm resetting: **Manual** or **Auto**.

Factory settings

The function is disabled.

Related information

[9.6.57 Dry-running protection \(4.4.1\)](#)

9.6.61 Min. pressure (4.4.2)

Status	Operation	Alarm	Settings
4.4.2 - Min. pressure			
Monitoring of min. pressure			
Disabled			☒
Enabled			☐
A outlet pressure sensor must be set before the function can be enabled Go to setting of analog input			
Min. pressure		0.0bar	
Alarm + stop at min. pressure			☐
Time delay of function at start-up		30s	
Time delay of function during operation		10s	
2017-04-05 14:23			

4-4-2_TM038981_109

Min. pressure**Description**

The outlet pressure will be monitored if the application is pressure boosting. In all other applications, the system pressure will be monitored. CU 352 will react if the pressure becomes lower than a set minimum level for an adjustable time.

The minimum pressure can be monitored if a fault indication is required in situations where the outlet pressure becomes lower than the set minimum pressure.

You can set whether the indication is to be just a warning or an alarm stopping the pumps. This may be desirable if the system is used for an irrigation system where a very low outlet pressure may be due to pipe fracture and thus an extraordinarily high consumption and a very low counterpressure. In such situations, it is desirable that the system stops and indicates alarm. This situation requires manual resetting of alarms.

You can set a startup delay ensuring that the system can build up pressure before the function is enabled. You can also set a time delay, that is for how long time the outlet pressure may be lower than the set minimum pressure before the alarm is activated.

Setting range

- Minimum pressure level within the range of the primary sensor.
- Activation of stop when the pressure falls below the minimum pressure.
- **Time delay of function at start-up.**
- **Time delay of function during operation.**

Setting via the operating panel

- **Settings > Monitoring functions > Min. pressure > Enabled.**

1. Select and set: **Min. pressure.**
2. Select: **Alarm + stop at min. pressure.**
3. Set:
 - **Time delay of function at start-up**
 - **Time delay of function during operation.**

Factory settings

The function is disabled.

9.6.62 Max. pressure (4.4.3)

Status	Operation	Alarm	Settings
4.4.3 - Max. pressure			
Monitoring of max. pressure			
Disabled			☒
Enabled			☐
A outlet pressure sensor must be set before the function can be enabled Go to setting of analog input			
Max. pressure		10.0bar	
Reset			
Manual			☒
Auto			☐
2017-04-05 14:23			

4-4-3_TM038982_118

Max. pressure**Description**

The outlet pressure will be monitored if the application is pressure boosting. In all other applications, the system pressure will be monitored. CU 352 will react if the pressure becomes higher than a set maximum level.

In certain installations, a too high outlet pressure may cause damage. It may therefore be necessary to stop all pumps for a short period if the pressure is too high.

You can set whether the system is to restart automatically after the pressure has dropped below the maximum level, or if the system must be reset manually. Restarting will be delayed by an adjustable time. See section Min. time between start/stop (4.2.1).

Setting range

- Maximum pressure level within the range of the primary sensor.
- Manual or automatic restarting.

Setting via the operating panel

- **Settings > Monitoring functions > Max. pressure > Enabled.**

1. Set: **Max. pressure.**
2. Select resetting: **Manual** or **Auto.**

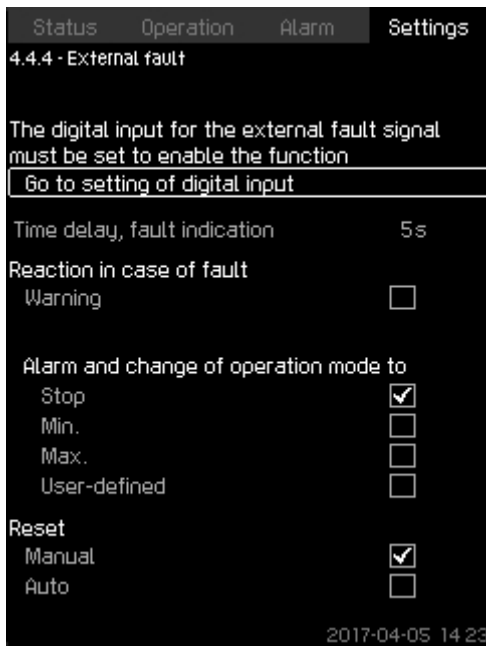
Factory settings

The function is disabled.

Related information

[9.6.14 Min. time between start/stop \(4.2.1\)](#)

9.6.63 External fault (4.4.4)



4-4-4_TM032313_110

External fault**Description**

The function is used when CU 352 is to be able to receive a fault signal from an external contact. In case of external fault, CU 352 indicates warning or alarm. In case of alarm, the system changes to another manual operating mode, for instance **Stop**.

Setting range

- Selection of digital input for the function.
- Setting of time delay from closing of the contact until CU 352 reacts.
- Reaction in case of external fault: Warning or alarm and change of operating mode.
- Restarting after alarm: **Manual** or **Auto**.

Setting via the operating panel

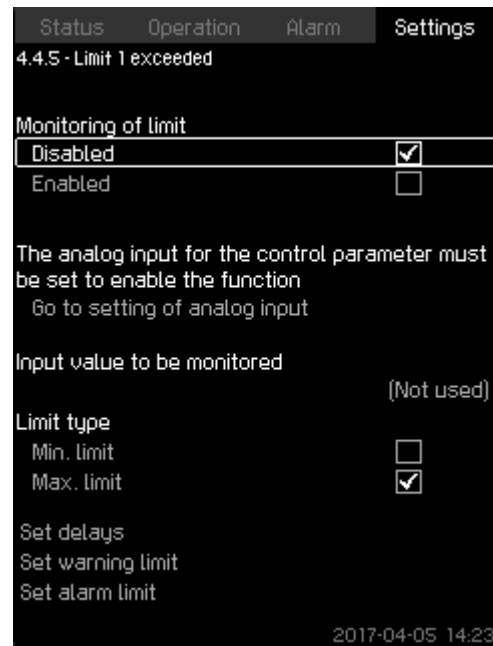
- **Settings > Monitoring functions > External fault > Go to setting of digital input.** Display **Digital inputs** (4.3.7) appears.
1. Set the input to **External fault**.
 2. Press .
 3. Set: **Time delay, fault indication**.
 4. If only a warning is required in case of external fault, select **Warning**. If the system is to give alarm and change operating mode in case of external fault, select operating mode **Manual** or **Auto**.

Factory settings

The function is disabled. If the function is enabled, the following values have been set from factory:

- Time delay: 5 seconds.
- Operating mode in case of alarm: **Stop**.
- Restarting: **Manual**.

9.6.64 Limit 1 exceeded (4.4.5 - 4.4.6)



4-4-5_TM038983_135

Limit 1 exceeded**Description**

With the function, CU 352 can monitor set limits of analog values. It will react if the values exceed the limits. Each limit can be set as a maximum or minimum value. For each of the monitored values, a warning limit and an alarm limit must be defined.

The function allows you to monitor two different locations in a pump system at the same time, for instance the pressure at a consumer and the pump's outlet pressure. This ensures that the outlet pressure does not reach a critical value.

If the value exceeds the warning limit, a warning is given. If the value exceeds the alarm limit, the pumps will be stopped.

You can set a delay between the detection of an exceeded limit and the activation of a warning or an alarm. You can also set a delay for resetting a warning or an alarm.

A warning can be reset automatically or manually.

If the **Limit type** is set to **Max. limit**, an alarm can be set to be reset automatically or manually. If the **Limit type** is set to **Min. limit**, an alarm can be set to be reset manually only.

Restarting can be delayed by an adjustable time. You can also set a startup delay ensuring that the system reaches a steady state before the function becomes active.

Setting range

- Selection of analog input for the function
- **Input value to be monitored**
- **Limit type (Min. limit and Max. limit)**
- Warning limit
- Alarm limit.

Setting via the operating panel

Analog inputs must be correctly set before the function is enabled. See section Analog inputs (4.3.8).

- **Settings > Monitoring functions > Limit 1 exceeded / Limit 2 exceeded > Go to setting of analog input.**

1. Select analog input.
2. Select: **Input value to be monitored**. Display 4.3.8.1.1 appears.
3. Select input.
4. Press **↵**.
5. Set the minimum and maximum sensor value.
6. Press **↵ × 2**.
7. Select: **Input value to be monitored**.
8. Select input.
9. Press **↵**.
10. Select:
 - **Min. limit or Max. limit.**
 - **Set delays.**
11. Press **↵**.
12. Select:
 - **Set warning limit**
 - **Enabled.**
13. Set limit.
14. Select resetting: **Manual** or **Auto**.
15. Press **↵**.
16. Select:
 - **Set alarm limit**
 - **Enabled.**
17. Set limit.
18. Select resetting: **Manual** or **Auto**.
19. Press **↵**.
20. Select: **Enabled**.

Factory settings

The function is disabled.

Related information

[9.6.30 Analog inputs \(4.3.8\)](#)

9.6.65 Pumps outside duty range (4.4.7)



Pumps outside duty range

Description

The function gives a warning if the duty point of the pumps moves outside the defined range. For instance, if the inlet pressure becomes lower than a minimum permissible value, thus causing a risk of cavitation for some pump types.

The warning is given with a set time delay. You can set whether the warning is to be reset automatically or manually when the duty point comes within the defined duty range. You can also set a relay output to be activated when the warning is given, and to be deactivated when the warning is reset.

This function requires that the outlet pressure and the inlet pressure (either measured or configured) or the differential pressure of the pumps is monitored, and that CU 352 contains valid pump data from either a GSC file or from manual input. See section Pump curve data (4.3.19).

Setting range

- Setting of manual or automatic resetting.
- Setting of warning delay.

Setting via the operating panel

- **Settings > Monitoring functions > Pumps outside duty range > Manual / Auto > Set warning delay.**

Factory settings

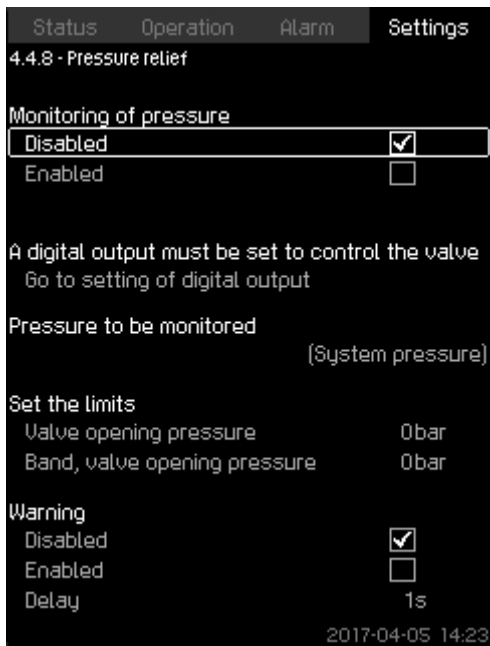
The function is disabled.

Related information

[9.6.43 Pump curve data \(4.3.19\)](#)

4-4-7_TM038984_167

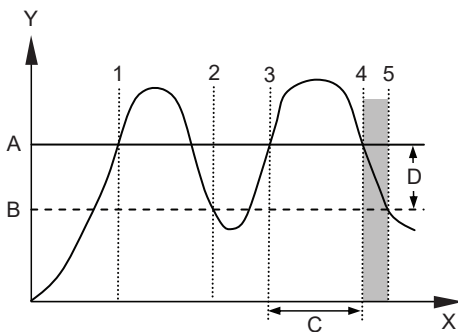
9.6.66 Pressure relief (4.4.8)



4-4-8_TM038986_164

Pressure relief**Description**

The purpose of the function is to reduce the pressure in the pipes by opening a solenoid valve if it exceeds a set limit. If the pressure is not reduced within a given time, the solenoid valve will be closed, and a warning can be given.



TM078149

Pressure relief

Pos.	Description
A	Valve opening pressure
B	Valve opening pressure minus band
C	Warning delay
D	Band
X	Time [sec]
Y	
1	Solenoid valve opens.
2	Solenoid valve closes.
3	Solenoid valve opens.
4	Warning is activated.
5	Solenoid valve closes, and warning is reset.

Setting range

- Setting of digital output.
- Setting of pressure to be monitored.
- Setting of valve opening pressure.
- Setting of band for valve opening pressure.
- Setting of warning or alarm.

Setting via the operating panel

- **Settings > Monitoring functions > Pressure relief > Go to setting of digital output.**
 1. Select digital output.
 2. Select: **Pressure relief valve.**
 3. Press $\times 2$.
 4. Select: **Pressure to be monitored**
 - Select: **Outlet pressure, System pressure or External pressure.**
 5. Press $\leftarrow$.
 6. Select and set:
 - **Valve opening pressure**
 - **Band, valve opening pressure.**
 7. Select: **Warning > Disabled or Enabled.**
 8. Set: **Delay.** (Only to be set if warning has been enabled).
 9. Select: **Enabled.**

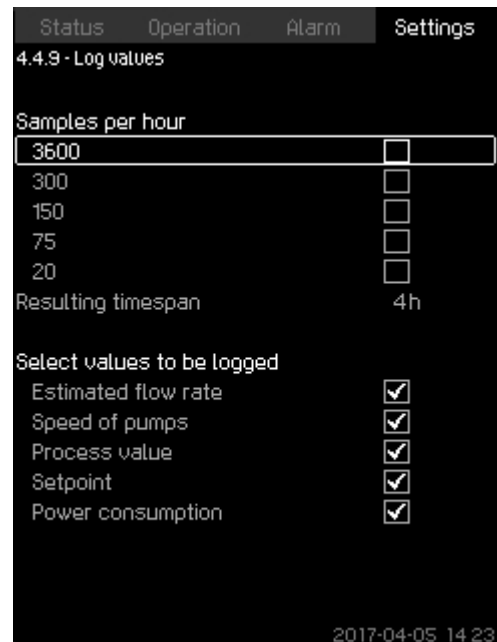
Factory settings

The function is disabled.

Related information

[9.5.1 Alarm status \(3\)](#)

9.6.67 Log values (4.4.9)



4-4-9_TM052973_181

Log values**Description**

Select the values to be logged and the number of samples per hour. The resulting timespan is shown. When the timespan has elapsed, old logged values will be deleted and overwritten by the new ones.

Log values

- **Estimated flow rate** (only if no flowmeter is installed)
- **Speed of pumps**
- **Process value**
- **Setpoint**
- **Power consumption** (MPC-E systems)
- **Inlet pressure** (if an inlet-pressure sensor is installed).

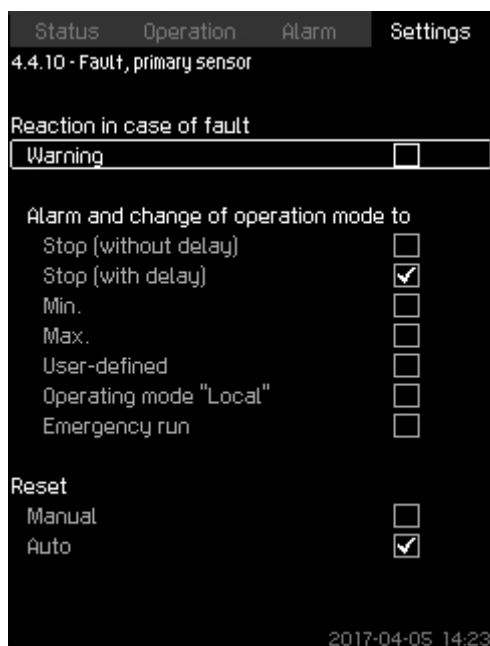
Setting range

Samples per hour: 1-3600.

Setting via the operating panel

- **Settings > Monitoring functions > Log values.**
 1. Set: **Samples per hour.**
 2. Select the values to be logged.

9.6.68 Fault, feedback sensor (4.4.10)



4-4-10_TM052974_187

Fault, feedback sensor**Description**

You can set how the system is to react if the primary sensor fails.

Setting range

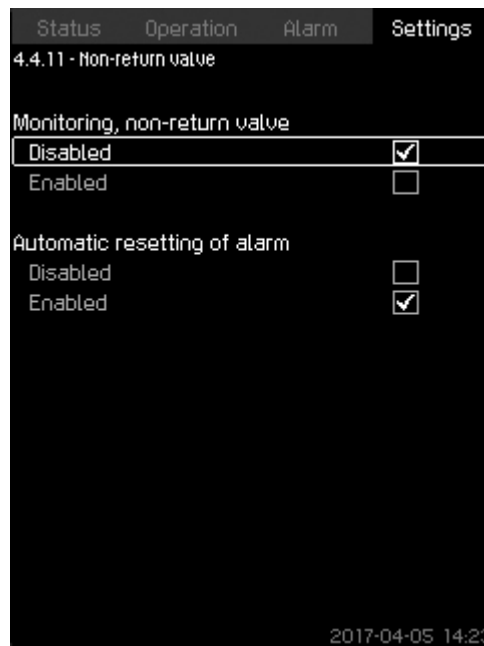
- **Stop (without delay)**
- **Stop (with delay)**
- **Min.**
- **Max.**
- **User-defined**
- **Operating mode "Local"**
- **Emergency run**
- **Reset: Manual or Auto.**

Setting via the operating panel

- **Settings > Monitoring functions > Fault, feedback sensor.**

1. Select reaction in case of a fault in the primary sensor.
2. Select resetting: **Manual** or **Auto**.

9.6.69 Non-return valve (4.4.11)



4-4-11_NON-RETURN_VALVE_202

Non-return valve**Description**

The function enables CU 352 to detect if a **Non-return valve** is leaking or faulty. A small leakage will after five accumulated incidents result in a warning. A faulty NRV will instantly result in an alarm and pump stop. In this case the motor is not able to overcome the backflow through the pump with the faulty NRV.

Setting range

- **Monitoring, non-return valve: Enabled or Disabled.**
- **Automatic resetting of alarm: Enabled or Disabled.**

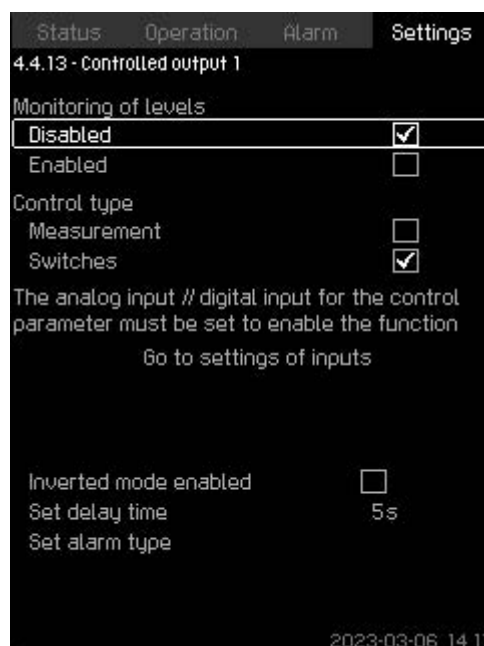
Setting via the operating panel

- **Settings > Monitoring functions > Non-return valve**
1. Enable the function.
 2. Select if **Automatic resetting of alarm** is to be **Disabled**.

Factory settings

The function is **Enabled**.

9.6.70 Controlled output 1-2 (4.4.13-4.4.14)



4-4-13_CONTROLLEDOUTPUT_GROUP_219_MEASUREMENT

Controlled output 1-2

Description

With this function, CU 352 can monitor up to four different limits by a set of indicators (switches and/or analog values) and can activate a digital output. These four limits are Start, Stop, High and Low. The reaction of the digital output depends on the monitoring type, which can be Normal or Inverse. Inverse means that the function of the indicators (switches and/or analog values) works opposite to their function in Normal. For example, when Normal uses the **Tank filling** application, Inverse uses the **Tank emptying** application.

Normal controlled output:

1. Low: If the level drops below the Low limit, a warning occurs and activates the digital output **Controlled output, Low** and simultaneously activates the digital output **Controlled output**, if it is not activated beforehand.
2. Start: If the level drops below the Start limit, the digital output **Controlled output** is activated.
3. Stop: If the level exceeds the Stop limit, the digital output **Controlled output** is deactivated.
4. High: If the level exceeds the High limit, a warning occurs and activates the digital output **Controlled output, High** and simultaneously deactivates the digital output **Controlled output**, if it is not deactivated beforehand.



TM076977

Controlled output

Pos.	Description
H	High
2	Stop
1	Start
L	Low

Inverse controlled output:

1. Low: If the level drops below the Low limit, a warning occurs and activates the digital output **Controlled output, Low** and simultaneously deactivates the digital output **Controlled output**, if it is not deactivated beforehand.
2. Stop: If the level drops below the Stop limit, the digital output **Controlled output** is deactivated.
3. Start: If the level exceeds the Start limit, the digital output **Controlled output** is activated.
4. High: If the level exceeds the High limit, a warning occurs and activates the digital output **Controlled output** and simultaneously activates the digital output **Controlled output, High**, if it is not activated beforehand.



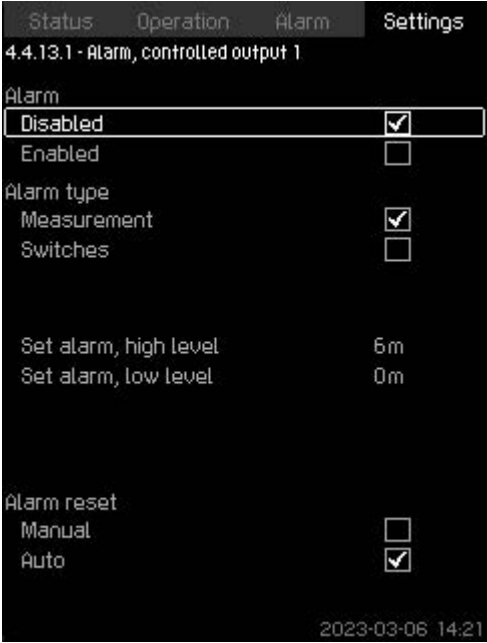
TM080667

Inverse controlled output

Pos.	Description
H	High
1	Start
2	Stop
L	Low

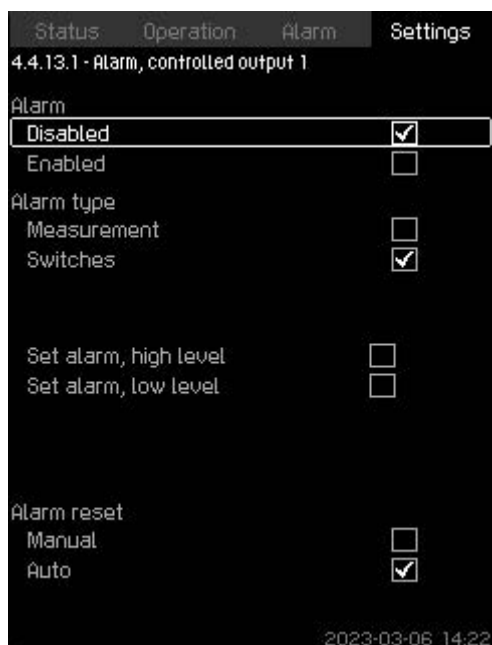
Setting range

1. **Alarm type:** select measurement or switches.
2. Set delay time: A delay can be set between the detection of an exceeded indicator and the activation of the digital output.
3. Set start level: set the start level for activating the output (hidden if **Switches** is selected).
4. Set stop level: set the stop level for deactivating the output (hidden if **Switches** is selected).
5. Set **Alarm type:** configure the alarm.



Alarm measurement

4-4-13-1_ALARM_GROUP_221_MEASUREMENT



4-4-13-1_ALARM_GROUP_221_SWITCH

Alarm switches

Setting via the operating panel

- **Settings > Monitoring functions > Controlled output 1/ Controlled output 2.**
- 1. Select **Alarm type**.
- 2. Go to setting of analog / digital input.
- 3. Press **↵** × 2.
- 4. Select: **Input value to be monitored**.
- 5. Set delay time.
- 6. Set start level.
- 7. Set stop level.
- 8. Configure alarm type. Display 4.4.13.1-2 appears.

9.6.71 Functions, CU 352 (4.5)



4-5_TM032295_098

Functions, CU 352

Description

Make the basic settings of CU 352 in this submenu.

CU 352 comes with most of these settings, or they are made at startup and normally not to be changed.

The service language, British English, can be selected for service purposes. If no buttons are touched for 15 minutes, the display returns to the language selected at startup or to the language set in

Display language (4.5.1).



If the service language is selected, the symbol **↵** is to the right in the top line of all displays.

Setting range

- Activation of service language, British English.
- Re-activation of startup wizard. (After startup, the wizard is inactive.)
- Selection of **Display language**.
- Selection of display units.
- Setting of **Date and time**.
- Selection of password for menu **Operation** and **Settings**.
- Setting of **Ethernet** communication.
- Setting of **GENIbus number**.
- Reading of **Software status**.

9.6.72 Display language (4.5.1)



4-5-1_TM038987_116

Display language**Description**

Here you select the language for the CU 352 display.

Setting range

- English
- German
- Danish
- Spanish
- Finnish
- French
- Greek
- Italian
- Dutch
- Polish
- Portuguese
- Russian
- Swedish
- Chinese
- Korean
- Japanese
- Czech
- Turkish
- Hungarian
- Bulgarian
- Croatian
- Latvian
- Lithuanian
- Romania
- Slovak
- Slovenian
- Serbian Latin
- US English
- Indonesian
- Malay
- Estonian.

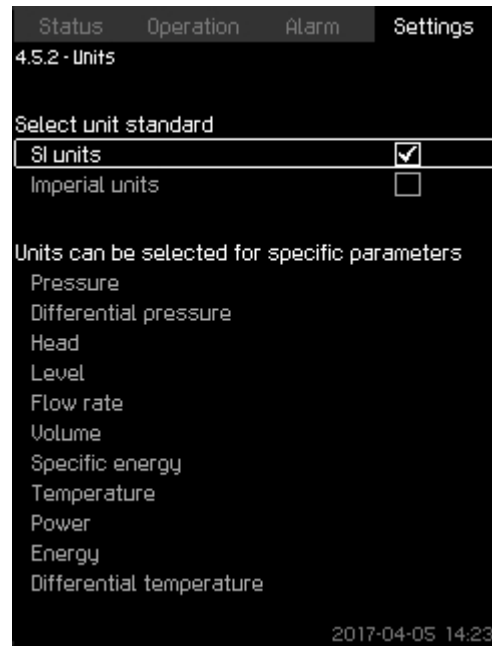
Setting via the operating panel

- Settings > Functions, CU 352 > Display language.

Factory settings

The display language is British English. It can be changed at startup.

9.6.73 Units (4.5.2)



4-5-2_TM038988_023

Units**Description**

Here you can select units for the various parameters.

Select between SI and imperial units. You can also select other units for the individual parameters.

Setting range

Parameter	Basic setting		Possible units
	SI	Imperial	
Pressure	bar	psi	kPa, MPa, mbar, bar, m, psi
Differential pressure	m	psi	kPa, MPa, mbar, bar, m, psi
Head	m	ft	m, cm, ft, in
Level	m	ft	m, cm, ft, in
Flow rate	m ³ /h	gpm	m ³ /s, m ³ /h, l/s, gpm, yd ³ /s, yd ³ /min, yd ³ /h
Volume	m ³	gal	l, m ³ , gal, yd ³
Specific energy	kWh/m ³	Wh/gal	kWh/m ³ , Wh/gal, Wh/kgal, BTU/gal, HPh/gal
Temperature	°C	°F	K, °C, °F
Differential temperature	K	K	K
Power	kW	HP	W, kW, MW, HP
Energy	kWh	kWh	kWh, MWh, BTU, HPh

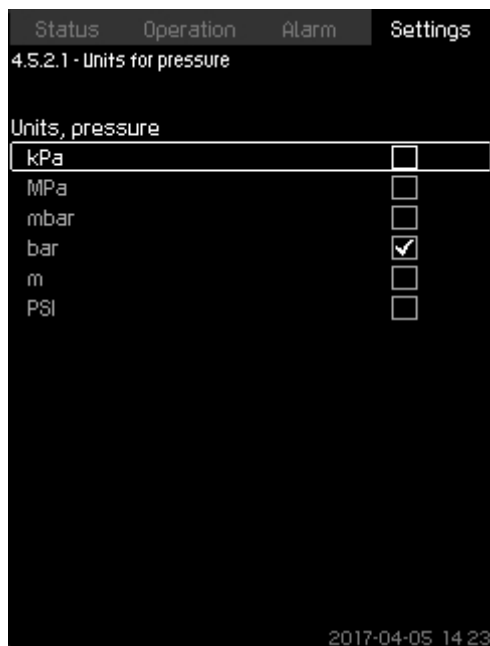


If units are changed from SI to imperial or vice versa, all individually set parameters will be changed to the basic setting in question.

Setting via the operating panel

- **Settings > Functions, CU 352 > Units.**

Set unit standard, measuring parameter and specific unit. See the example below.

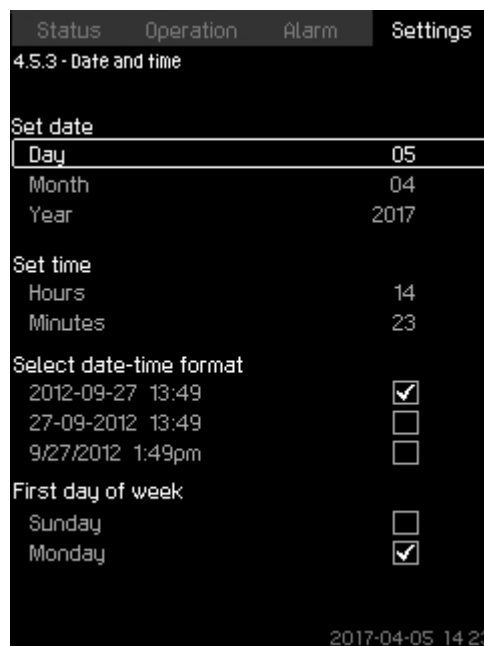


Example of selection of units

Factory settings

The setting is done in the startup wizard and depends on the application.

9.6.74 Date and time (4.5.3)



Date and time

Description

You can set date and time as well as how they are to be shown in the display.

The clock has a built-in rechargeable voltage supply which can supply the clock for up to 20 days if the voltage supply to the system is interrupted.

If the clock is without voltage for more than 20 days, it must be set again.

Setting range

The date can be set as day, month and year. The time can be set as a 24-hour clock showing hours and minutes.

There are three formats.

Examples of format

2012-09-27 13:49

27-09-2012 13:49

9/27/2012 1:49 pm

You can also select if Sunday or Monday is to be the first day of week.

Setting via the operating panel

- **Settings > Functions, CU 352 > Date and time.**

1. Select and set:
 - **Day, Month, Year, Hours, Minutes.**
2. Select format.
3. Select **Sunday** or **Monday** under **First day of week**.

Factory settings

Local time.



If the system has been without voltage for more than 20 days since it left the factory, the clock may have returned to the original setting: 01-01-2005 0:00.

Date and time may have been changed during the setting of system.

There is no automatic changeover to/from daylight-saving time.

4-5-2-1_TM032310_024

4-5-3_TM038989_114

9.6.75 Password (4.5.4)

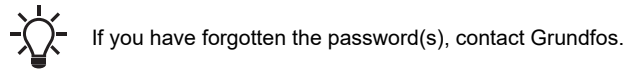


4-5-4_TM032899_115

Password

Description

You can limit the access to the menus **Operation** and **Settings** by means of a password. If the access is limited, it is not possible to view or set any parameters in the menus.
The password must consist of four digits and may be used for both menus.



If you have forgotten the password(s), contact Grundfos.

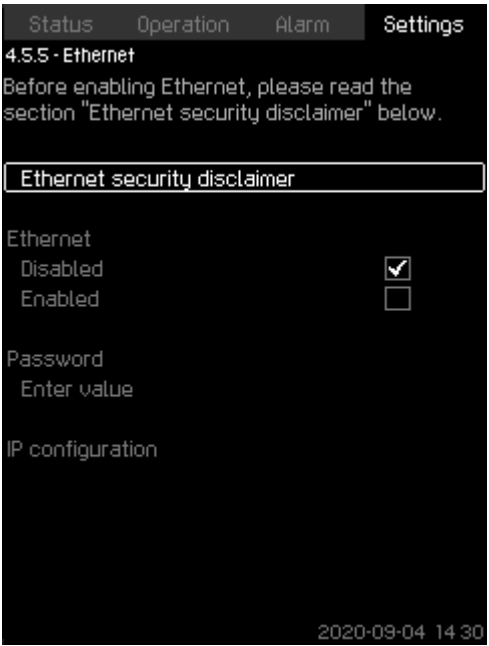
Setting via the operating panel

- **Settings > Functions, CU 352 > Password.**
1. Select the password to be enabled.
 2. Select: **Enter password**. The first digit of the password is flashing.
 3. Select digit. The second digit of the password is flashing.
 4. Repeat these steps if it is necessary to enable the other password.

Factory settings

Both passwords are disabled. If a password is enabled, the factory setting will be **1234**.

9.6.76 Ethernet (4.5.5)



4-5-5_ETHERNET_217

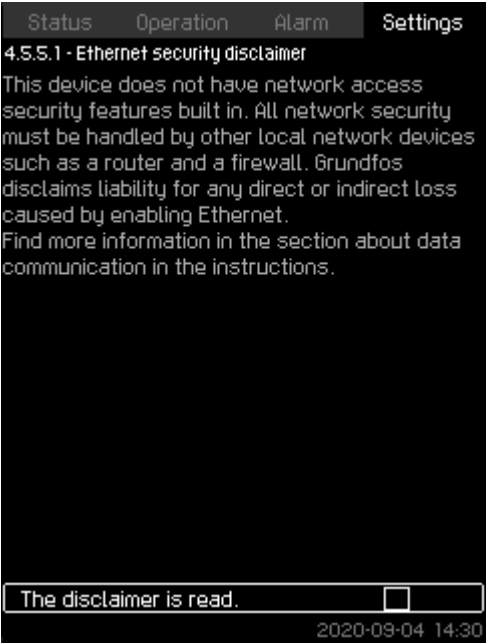
Ethernet

Description

CU 352 is equipped with an Ethernet connection for communication with a computer, either directly or via the Internet. Ethernet is disabled by default, and a unique password needs to be set to enable Ethernet.
The **Ethernet security disclaimer** must be read and acknowledged before Ethernet can be enabled. See also section Ethernet.

Setting via the operating panel

- **Settings > Functions, CU 352 > Ethernet.**
1. Select **Ethernet security disclaimer**. Display 4.4.5.1 appears.



4-5-5-2_ETHERNET_218

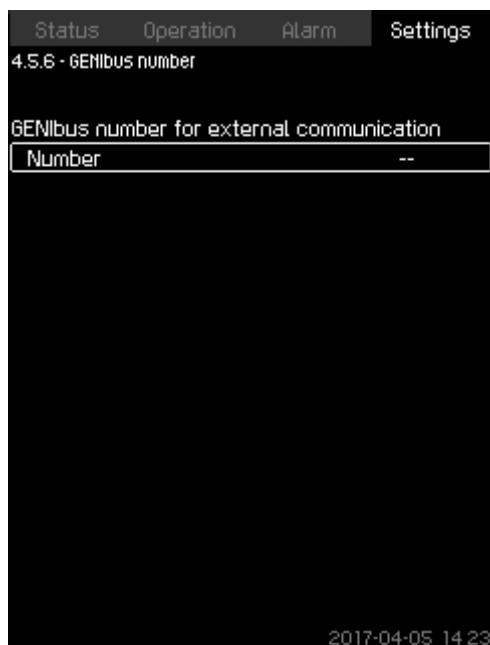
Ethernet security disclaimer

- Make sure the disclaimer is read.
- Set password:
 - minimum 8 characters
 - minimum 1 non-alphabetic character
 - minimum 1 upper case alphabetic character
 - minimum 1 lower case alphabetic character.
- Enable Ethernet.
- Configure IP settings.

Related information

[9.7.1 Ethernet](#)

9.6.77 GENIbus number (4.5.6)



4-5-6_TM032297_117

GENIbus number

Description

CU 352 can communicate with external units via an RS-485 interface (option). For further information, see section Data communication.

Communication is carried out according to the Grundfos bus protocol, GENIbus, and enables connection to a building management system or another external control system.

Operating parameters, such as setpoint and operating mode, can be set via the bus signal. Furthermore, status about important parameters, such as actual value and input power, and fault indications can be read from CU 352.

Contact Grundfos for further information.

Setting range

The number can be set between 1 and 64.

Setting via the operating panel

- **Settings > Functions, CU 352 > GENIbus number.**

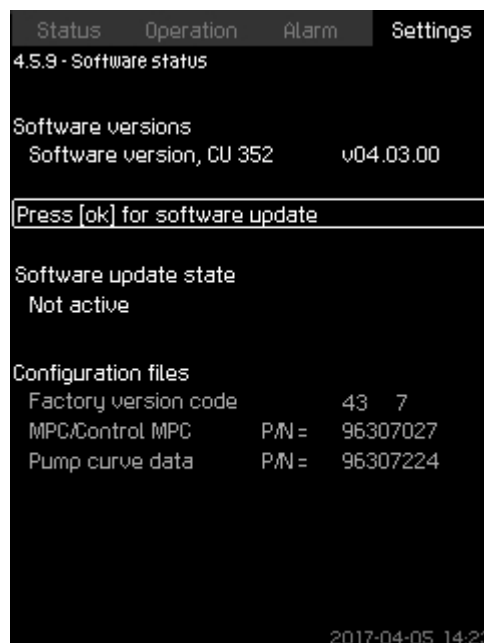
Factory settings

No number has been set.

Related information

[9.7 Data communication](#)

9.6.78 Software status (4.5.9)



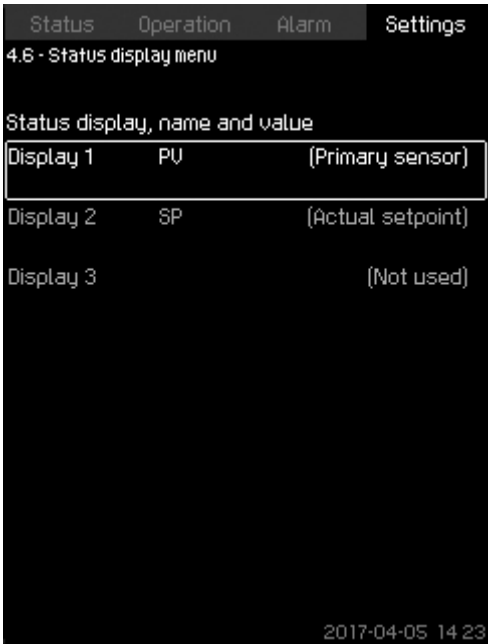
4-5-9_TM032296_099

Software status

Description

The display shows the status of the software installed in CU 352. Furthermore, the version code and the product numbers of configuration files (GSC) read into the unit are shown. You can also upgrade the software version. Contact Grundfos for further information.

9.6.79 Status display menu (4.6)



4-6_STATUS_DISPLAY_MENU_196

Status display menu

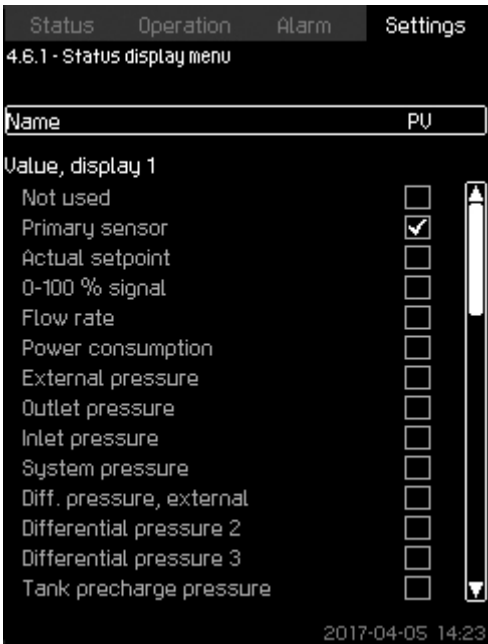
Description

In the main status menu, you can have up to three status values displayed.
In this menu, you can define each status value to be displayed and define a short name for the value.

PV	=	Process Value
SP	=	Setpoint
Q	=	Flow

Setting range

Name of each display value.
Function type for **Display 1-3**.



4-6-1_STATUS_DISPLAY_MENU_197

Status display menu (4.6.1)

Setting via the operating panel

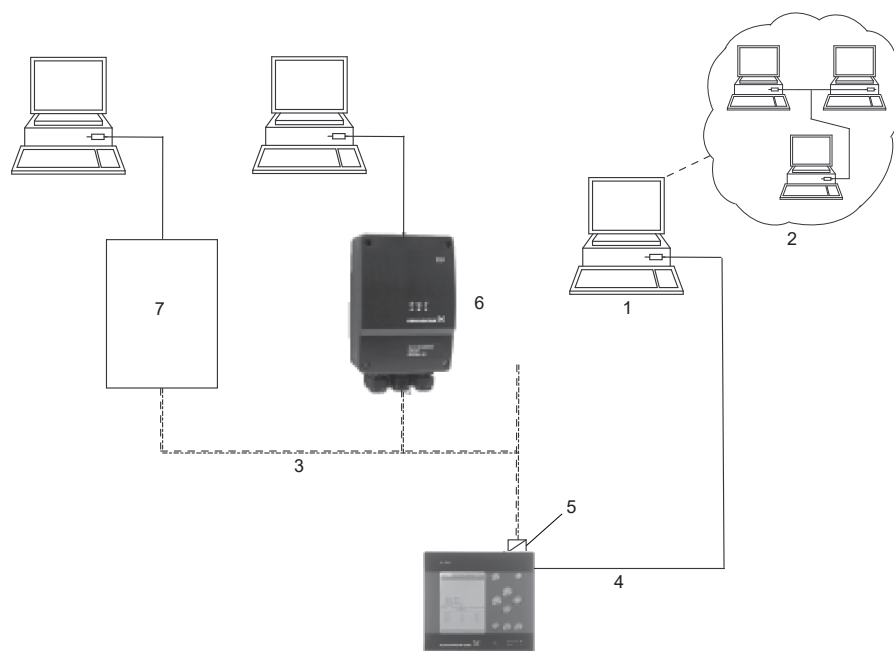
- **Settings > Status display menu**
 1. Select display 1, 2 or 3, press [OK].
 2. Define a name for display.
 3. Select the value for the display 1, 2 or 3.

Factory settings

Display 1: PV, Primary sensor
Display 2: SP, Actual setpoint

9.7 Data communication

CU 352 is equipped with a hardware enabling communication with external units, such as a computer, via an external GENIbus or ethernet connection.



TM053235

Data communication via external GENIbus and ethernet connection

Pos.	Description
1	Intranet
2	Internet
3	External GENIbus connection
4	Ethernet connection
5	External GENIbus module (option)
6	Grundfos CIU communication interface
7	Third-party gateway

Related information

[9.6.45 Control source \(4.3.20\)](#)

[9.6.77 GENIbus number \(4.5.6\)](#)

9.7.1 Ethernet

Ethernet is the most widely used standard for local networks (LAN). The standardisation of this technology has created some of the easiest and cheapest ways of creating communication between electric units, for instance between computers or between computers and control units.

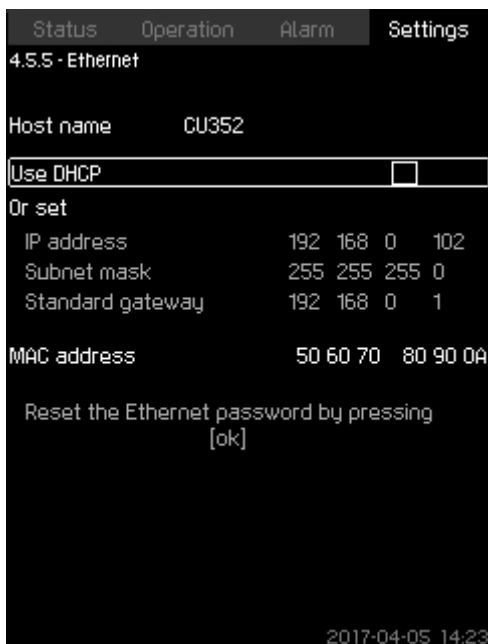
The webserver of CU 352 makes it possible to connect a computer to CU 352 via an ethernet connection. The user interface can thus be exported from CU 352 to a computer so that CU 352 and consequently the system can be monitored and controlled externally.



We recommend that you protect the connection to CU 352 according to your safety requirements in consultation with the system administrator.

In order to use the webserver, you must know the IP address of CU 352. All network units must have a unique IP address to communicate with each other. The IP address of CU 352 from factory is 192.168.0.102.

Alternatively to the factory-set IP address, it is possible to use a dynamic assignment of IP address. This is possible by activating a DHCP (Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol) in CU 352 or via the webserver. See the example in figure below.



Example of setting of ethernet

Dynamic assignment of an IP address for CU 352 requires a DHCP server in the network. The DHCP server assigns a number of IP addresses to the electric units and makes sure that two units do not receive the same IP address.

A standard internet browser is used for connection to the webserver of CU 352.

If you want to use the factory-set IP address, no changes are required in the display. Open the internet browser and enter the IP address of CU 352.

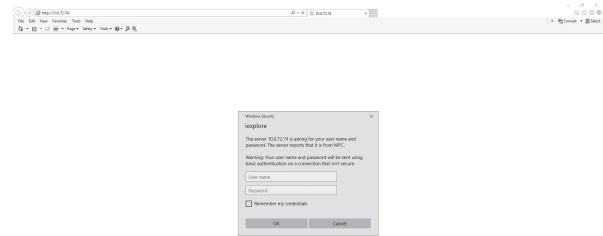
If you want to use dynamic assignment, you must enable the function by selecting **Use DHCP** and clicking [ok]. A check mark shows that the function has been enabled.

Open the internet browser and enter the host name of CU 352 instead of the IP address. The internet browser will now try to connect to CU 352. The host name can be read in the display, but can only be changed by either a GSC file (configuration file) or via a webserver. See section [Change of network setting](#).



A host name is required to use DHCP.

This is the first display shown when connecting to CU 352.



Connection to CU 352

Factory settings

User name: admin

Password: admin

When you have entered the user name and password, an application starts up in CU 352, provided that a Java Applet has been installed on the computer. If this is not the case, but the computer is connected to the internet, then use the link on the screen to download and install the Java Applet.

The application on CU 352 exports the Java Applet to your browser and gives you access to user interfaces such as display and operating panel.

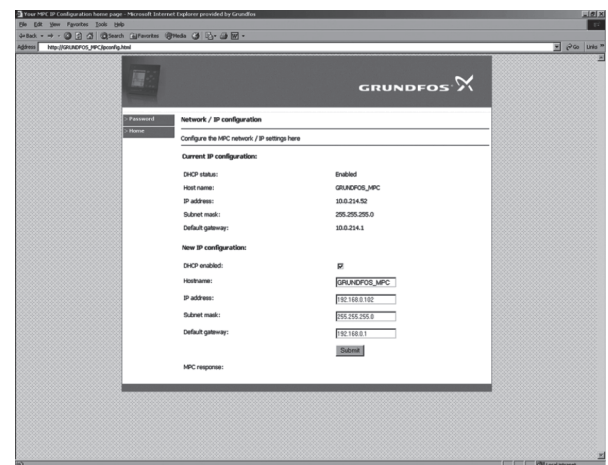
The Java Applet installation in the browser must be accepted by the user. You can now monitor and control CU 352 from a computer.



Network setting

Change of network setting

When connection to the webserver of CU 352 has been established, you can change the network setting.



Change of network setting

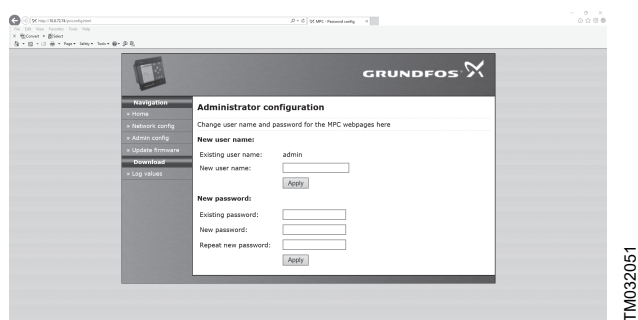
1. Click [→Network admin].
2. Enter the changes.
3. Click [Submit] enable the changes.

TM032048

TM053236

TM032050

Administrator configuration



TM032051

Change of user name and password

1. Click [Admin config].
2. Enter new user name if applicable.
3. Click [Apply].
4. Enter existing password.
5. Enter new password.
6. Repeat new password.
7. Click [Apply].

Related information

[9.6.76 Ethernet \(4.5.5\)](#)

9.7.2 GENibus

By installing a GENibus module in CU 352, you can connect the system to an external network. The connection can take place via a GENibus-based network or a network based on another fieldbus protocol via a gateway. See examples in the section Data communication. For further information, contact Grundfos.

The gateway may be a Grundfos CIU communication interface or a third-party gateway. For further information on CIU, see Grundfos Product Center, or contact Grundfos.

Related information

[9.6.45 Control source \(4.3.20\)](#)

10. Servicing the product

DANGER

Electric shock

Death or serious personal injury



- Disconnect the power supply before you start maintaining the product. Make sure that the power supply cannot be accidentally switched on.

WARNING

Electric shock

Death or serious personal injury



- We recommend that you lock the control cabinet to prevent unauthorized access to the cabinet.
- All operations must be carried out by qualified personnel according to local regulations.

WARNING

Electric shock

Death or serious personal injury



- Follow the safety instructions for the motor. Mains connectors are marked with L, N and PE.
- The pump and the internal pipes must be grounded to the same PE equipotential.

WARNING

Hot surface

Death or serious personal injury



- Install the external pipe connections according to the guidelines of pipe manufacturers to avoid excessive stress on the pipes.
- Before maintaining the product, isolate the product from the main pipes, and cool it down before draining.
- Open the drainage valve slowly to release the pressure inside the pipe when draining the pump. Hot water and steam can evaporate from the drain sump.

WARNING

Hot surface

Death or serious personal injury



- Turn off the butterfly valves before doing maintenance on pressurized or hydraulic parts.
- Close the butterfly valves before carrying out any work on hydraulic parts. Make sure that the butterfly valves are in a completely closed position and that the lock is engaged.
- Isolate and drain the hot water supply before decommissioning.
- Make sure that the surface of the product cools down before you touch the product.

WARNING

Overhead load

Minor or moderate personal injury



- Use appropriate lifting equipment when lifting the product.
- Do not lift the product by manifolds.
- Make sure that there is no person walking below the lifted product.

WARNING

Overhead load

Death or serious personal injury



- Before lifting the product, make sure that the lifting equipment is capable of lifting the load stated on the nameplate.

WARNING

Body Injury

Death or serious personal injury



- Before lifting the cabinet, remove all external connections. Make sure there is some space from the baseplate and remove soil or sand from the baseplate.



For long-term end-of-line service, we recommend that you install a blind or companion flange for safety precautions.

10.1 Maintaining the product

10.1.1 Pumps

Pump bearings and shaft seal are maintenance-free.

10.1.2 CU 352

CU 352 is maintenance-free. Keep the unit clean and dry, and protect it against direct sunlight. For ambient temperature, see the section on Technical data.

Related information

[12.2 Temperature](#)

10.1.3 Suction diffuser

Depending on the system conditions, you can periodically open the suction diffuser and clean debris from strainer basket. Inspect strainer for holes. Replace the suction diffuser if damaged.

10.1.4 Motor bearings

It is important to keep the motor clean in order to ensure adequate ventilation.

- Check the motor at regular intervals.
- If the pump is installed in a dusty environment, check and clean it regularly.

10.1.5 Lubrication of motors

Always follow the motor lubricating instructions of the motor manufacturers.

Some information is stated on the motor nameplate, and additional information can be found in the installation and operating manual from the motor manufacturer.

10.2 Protecting the product against frost

Pumps that are not being used during periods of frost must be drained to avoid damage.

WARNING Escaping liquid

Death or serious personal injury

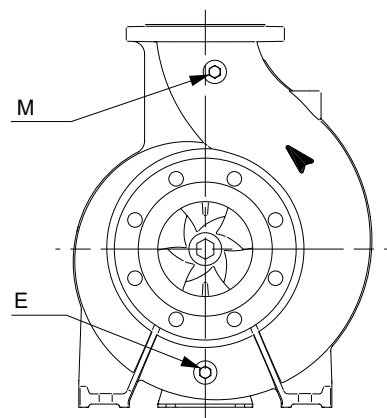


- Make sure that the escaping liquid does not cause personal injury or damage to the motor or other components.



- In the hot-liquid installation, pay attention to the risk of personal injury caused by hot liquid.
- In the cold-liquid installation, pay attention to the risk of personal injury caused by cold liquid.

1. Drain the pump by removing the drain plug.



TM033935

Drain plug (E), priming and venting plug (M)

2. Do not tighten the priming plug or replace the drain plug until the pump is to be used again.
3. If the pump is to be drained before a long period of inactivity, inject a few drops of silicone oil on the shaft at the bearing bracket. This prevents the shaft seal faces from seizing up.

10.3 Taking the system out of operation

DANGER Electric shock

Death or serious personal injury



- Make sure that the power supply is disconnected and cannot be accidentally switched on.



Drain the system if you are not going to use it for a long time.

1. Switch off the main switch to take the system out of operation.
2. Switch off the corresponding motor protective circuit breaker, automatic circuit breaker or fuse to take the individual pump out of operation.

10.3.1 Short-term shutdown

For overnight or temporary shutdown periods under non-freezing conditions, the system may remain filled with liquid. The pump must be fully primed before restarting.

For short or frequent shutdown periods under freezing conditions, the liquid must be kept moving within the system and the system exterior must be insulated or heated to prevent freezing.

10.3.2 Long-term shutdown

For long shutdown periods, or to isolate the system for maintenance, the inlet isolation valve must be closed. If no inlet valve is used and the system has positive inlet pressure, all liquid must be drained from the inlet pipe to prevent the liquid from entering the system inlet pipe. The plug-in pump drainage and ventilation holes must be removed, as required, and all liquid must be drained from the pump housing.

If there are freezing conditions during long shutdown periods, the system must be drained completely, and all liquid passages and pockets must be blown out with compressed air. Freezing of the pumped liquid can also be prevented by filling the system with an antifreeze solution.

11. Fault finding

DANGER Electric shock

Death or serious personal injury



- Switch off the power supply and wait at least five minutes before making any connections in the breaker cabinet or control cabinet.
- Make sure that the power supply is turned off and cannot be accidentally switched on.

11.1 Pumps not running

The pumps are not running.

Cause	Remedy
The actual pressure is higher than or equal to the setpoint.	• Wait until the pressure drops, or lower the pressure on the outlet side of the system. Check if the pumps start.
The power supply is switched off.	• Connect the power supply.
The main switch cuts out.	• Turn on the main switch.
The main switch is defective.	• Replace the main switch.
The motor protection is activated.	• Contact Grundfos.
The motor is defective.	• Repair or replace the motor.
The pressure transmitter is defective.	• Replace the pressure transmitter. Transmitters with 0-20 mA or 4-20 mA output signals are monitored by the system.
The cable is broken or short-circuited.	• Repair or replace the cable.
The individual pump is set to the manual mode and stopped.	• Set all individual pumps to the auto mode.
The primary sensor is set to the wrong channel.	• Correct the channel setting for the primary sensor.

11.2 Pumps starting but stopping immediately

The pumps start but stop immediately. The operating pressure is not reached.

Cause	Remedy
Water shortage or no inlet pressure.	Re-establish the supply of water to the system. When the inlet pressure is re-established, the pumps will restart after 15 seconds.

11.3 System stopping without restarting

The system stops and cannot restart.

Cause	Remedy
The pressure transmitter is defective.	Replace the pressure transmitter. Transmitters with 0-20 mA or 4-20 mA output signals are monitored by the system.
The cable is broken or short-circuited.	Repair or replace the cable.
The power supply of CU 352 is switched off.	Connect the power supply.
CU 352 is defective.	Contact Grundfos.

11.4 Unstable water supply from system

The water supply from the system is unstable.

Cause	Remedy
The inlet pressure is too low.	Check the inlet pipe and the inlet strainer, if any.
The inlet pipe, strainer or pumps are partly blocked by impurities.	Clean the inlet pipe, strainer or pumps.
The pumps suck air.	Check the inlet pipe for leakages.
The pressure transmitter is defective.	Replace the pressure transmitter.
The inlet pipe of the pressure transmitter sucks the air in.	Purge the air from the inlet pipe of the pressure transmitter.

11.5 Pumps running but delivering no water

The pumps are running but delivering no water.

Cause	Remedy
The valves are closed.	Open the valves.
The inlet pipe or the pumps are blocked by impurities.	Clean the inlet pipe or the pumps.
The non-return valve is blocked in the closed position.	Clean the non-return valve. Check if the non-return valve moves freely.
The inlet pipe is leaky.	Check the inlet pipe for leakages.
There is air in the inlet pipe or the pumps.	Vent and prime the pumps. Check the inlet pipe for leakages.

11.6 System not reaching the setpoint

The system is unable to reach the setpoint.

Cause	Remedy
The consumption is too high.	- Reduce the consumption, if possible. - Install a bigger system.
Too many standby pumps are selected.	Reduce the number of standby pumps.

Cause	Remedy
There is a pipe fracture or a leakage in the system.	Check the system and repair the damaged parts, if necessary.

11.7 Leakage from the shaft seal

There is leakage in the shaft seal.

Cause	Remedy
The shaft seal is defective.	Replace the shaft seal.
The height adjustment of the pump shaft is inaccurate.	Readjust the shaft height.

11.8 Noise

There is considerable noise in the system.

Cause	Remedy
The pumps are cavitating.	Clean the inlet pipe or the pumps, and possibly the inlet strainer.
The pumps do not rotate freely (frictional resistance) due to inaccurate height adjustment of the pump shaft.	Readjust the shaft height.

11.9 Very frequent starts and stops

There are very frequent starts and stops.

Cause	Remedy
The diaphragm tank precharge pressure is not correct.	Set the correct precharge pressure.

12. Technical data

12.1 Pressure

Inlet pressure

The GRUNDFOS DELTA HCU can operate with a positive inlet pressure (precharged pressure system) or with a negative inlet pressure (vacuum at the inlet manifold).

We recommend that you calculate the inlet pressure in the following cases:

- water is drawn through long pipes
- water is drawn from depths
- inlet conditions are poor.



In this document, the term "inlet pressure" is defined as the pressure or vacuum which can be measured immediately in front of the system.

To avoid cavitation, make sure that there is a minimum inlet pressure on the inlet side of the system. The minimum inlet pressure in bar can be calculated as follows:

p_s	$> H_v + \rho \times g \times 10^{-5} \times NPSH + H_s - p_b$
p_s	= The required minimum inlet pressure in bar is read from a pressure gauge on the inlet side of the system.
H_v	= Vapour pressure of the pumped liquid in bar
ρ	= The density of the pumped liquid in kg/m ³ .
g	= Gravitational acceleration in m/s ² .
NPSH	Net Positive Suction Head in meters head. NPSH can be read from the NPSH curve at the maximum performance at which the pump will run. See the Installation and operating instructions for NBS and NBSE pumps.
H_s	= The safety margin is equal to a minimum 0.1 bar.
p_b	= The barometric pressure in bar. Normal barometric pressure is 1.013 bar.

Maximum inlet pressure

The total value of the inlet pressure and the pump pressure must be lower than the maximum operating pressure stated on the pump nameplate. Operation against a closed valve yields the highest operating pressure.

Operating pressure

As standard, the maximum operating pressure is 175 psi (12 bar). On request, Grundfos offers DELTA HCU pump systems with a maximum operating pressure higher than 175 psi (12 bar).

12.2 Temperature

Liquid temperature	14 to 212 °F (-10 to 100 °C) ⁹⁾
Ambient temperature	32 to 104 °F (0 to 40 °C)
Storage temperature	-4 to 140 °F (-20 to 60 °C)

9) On request, Grundfos offers DELTA HCU pump systems with a liquid temperature higher than 212 °F (100 °C).

Related information

[10.1.2 CU 352](#)

12.3 Relative humidity

Maximum: 95 % RH.

12.4 Altitude

Altitude: up to 3280 ft¹⁰⁾

12.5 Electrical data

Supply voltage

See the nameplate.

Supply voltage

For the product voltage, see the nameplate.

Supply voltage	Frequency
3 × 208-230 V	60 Hz
3 × 460 V	60 Hz
3 × 575 V (for Canada)	60 Hz

Backup fuse

See the wiring diagram supplied with the system.

Digital inputs

Open-circuit voltage	24 VDC
Closed-circuit current	5 mA, DC
Frequency range	0-4 Hz



All digital inputs are supplied with PELV (Protective Extra-Low Voltage).

Analog inputs

	0-20 mA
Input current and voltage	4-20 mA 0-10 V
Tolerance	± 3.3 % of full scale
Repetitive accuracy	± 1 % of full scale
Input resistance, current	< 250 Ω
Input resistance, voltage, CU 352	50 kΩ ± 10 %
Input resistance, voltage, IO 351	> 50 kΩ ± 10 %
Supply to sensor	24 V, maximum 50 mA, short-circuit protected



All analog inputs are supplied with PELV voltage (Protective Extra-Low Voltage).

Digital outputs (relay outputs)

Maximum contact load	240 VAC, 2 A
Minimum contact load	5 VDC, 10 mA

All digital outputs are potential-free relay contacts.



Some outputs have a common C terminal. For further information, see the wiring diagram supplied with the pump system.

Inputs for PTC sensor or thermal switch

Open-circuit voltage	12 VDC ± 15 %
Closed-circuit current	2.6 mA, DC



Inputs for PTC sensors are electrically separated from the other inputs and outputs of the pump system.

Related information

[2.5.1 Nameplate](#)

[6. Electrical installation](#)

10) Customization should be considered if the altitude is higher than 3280 ft.

13. Related documents

You can find further information about the product in the following documents. Some of these documents are available in Grundfos Product Center at <http://www.grundfos.com>.

Book name	Part number	Frequency	QR code
Data booklet			
NBS, NBSE	99932033	60 Hz	
GRUNDFOS DELTA HCU	92705455	60 Hz	-
Installation and operating instructions			
NBS Single-stage end-suction pumps with split coupled design	99932034	60 Hz	-
NBE, NBSE, NKE, TPE, TPED	99470532	60 Hz	-
CUE	99735239	60 Hz	-
CU 3X2, CU 3X4	96842987	50/60 Hz	
Other documents			
Wiring diagram ¹¹⁾	-	-	-

¹¹⁾ A wiring diagram is supplied with the system.

14. Disposing of the product

This product or parts of it must be disposed of in an environmentally sound way.

1. Use the public or private waste collection service.
2. If this is not possible, contact the nearest Grundfos company or service workshop.

See also end-of-life information at www.grundfos.com/product-recycling.

15. Document quality feedback

To provide feedback about this document, scan the QR-code using your phone's camera or a QR code app.



FEEDBACK92705454

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Limited consumer warranty

1. Limited consumer warranty

This Limited Warranty is provided for Consumer Products sold in the United States only and applies to Consumer Transactions as defined in and applicable under the Magnusson-Moss Warranty Act and any other applicable Federal and/or State laws. In case of non-Consumer Products, please refer to Grundfos' warranty terms defined in clause 10 of Grundfos US Terms and Conditions of Sale of Product and Services available at <https://www.grundfos.com/legal/grundfos-customer-terms/usa-grundfos-general-terms-for-sales-of-products-and-services>

This Limited Warranty gives you specific legal rights, and you may also have other rights which vary from State to State.

New products manufactured by Grundfos are warranted to the original purchaser only and are to be free from defects in design, material and workmanship under normal use and service for no greater than a period of thirty (30) months from the date of manufacture which is set forth on the product's nameplate and on the product's packaging or the minimum period required by the applicable State law. For New Jersey, the applicable period is one year from the date of purchase.

The warranty period for replacement products, parts and components expires thirty (30) months from the original date of manufacture of the product originally purchased, unless a longer period is required under the applicable State law. For New Jersey, the warranty period for replacement products, parts and components expires one year from the original date of purchase of the product, not the date of replacement. Products sold by Grundfos that are manufactured by others are not covered by this warranty.

Note that when purchasing a Grundfos product online, it is important to check the date of manufacture and the duration of the warranty with the seller as the product might no longer be covered under this Limited Warranty.

When a product is subject to this Limited Warranty a purchaser should contact the seller from which it purchased the product to make a claim.

If the seller of a product is no longer in business, the purchaser should contact a Grundfos Authorized Service Partner, which can be found at www.grundfos.com/us under > Support > Contact Service.

As part of making a claim, a purchaser shall return a defective product at the purchaser's cost, to the extent allowed by applicable law, along with proof of purchase and an explanation of the defect, date the defect occurred and circumstances surrounding the defect. For New Jersey there is no prohibition on returning a defective product at a purchaser's cost. If Grundfos is required by applicable State law to pay for the cost of shipment under applicable State law, then a purchaser should contact a Grundfos Authorized Service Partner to arrange for shipment. A purchaser also needs to promptly respond to Grundfos as to any inquiries regarding a warranty claim.

Grundfos' liability under this Limited Warranty to purchaser is limited to the repair or replacement of a product (at Grundfos' decision) that is the sole and exclusive remedy for purchaser to the extent permissible by applicable law. For New Jersey this limitation is permissible.

This warranty does not cover the following: ordinary wear and tear; use of a product for applications for which it is not intended; use of a product in an unsuitable environment; modifications, alterations or repair undertaken by anyone not acting with Grundfos' written authorization; failure to follow Grundfos' instructions, operations manuals, any other guidelines or good industry practice; use of faulty or inadequate ancillary equipment in combination with a product; application of spare or replacement parts not provided or authorized by Grundfos; accidental or intentional damage or misuse of a product.

The time period for making a claim under the implied warranty of merchantability and implied warranty of fitness are limited to the same time period as provided by this warranty to the extent permissible by applicable law. For residents of New Jersey, this limitation is permissible, but note that some states do not allow limitations on how long an implied warranty lasts, so the above limitation may not apply to you.

Grundfos shall not be liable for any incidental and consequential damages in connection with a product to the extent permissible by applicable law. For residents of New Jersey, this limitation is permissible, but note that some states do not allow limitations of incidental or consequential damages, so the above limitation may not apply to you.

2. Garantía limitada del consumidor

Esta garantía limitada se proporciona únicamente para los productos de consumo vendidos en los Estados Unidos y es aplicable a las transacciones de consumo tal y como se define en y resulta aplicable en virtud de la ley de Garantías Magnusson-Moss y cualquier otra legislación federal y/o estatal aplicable. Para el caso de productos que no sean de consumo, consulte los términos de la garantía de Grundfos definidos en la cláusula 10 de los términos y condiciones de venta de productos y servicios de Grundfos para los EE. UU., disponibles en <https://www.grundfos.com/legal/grundfos-customer-terms/usa-grundfos-general-terms-for-sales-of-products-and-services>.

Esta garantía limitada le confiere derechos legales específicos. Puede que también tenga otros derechos en virtud de su jurisdicción estatal.

Se garantiza únicamente al comprador original que los productos fabricados por Grundfos estarán libres de defectos de diseño, materiales y mano de obra en condiciones normales de uso y servicio durante un periodo no mayor a treinta (30) meses a partir de la fecha de fabricación que figura en la placa de datos del producto y en el empaque del mismo o el periodo mínimo exigido por la legislación estatal aplicable. Para Nueva Jersey, el periodo aplicable es de un año a partir de la fecha de compra.

El periodo de garantía para los productos, partes y componentes de repuesto vence a los treinta (30) meses contados a partir de la fecha de fabricación original del producto adquirido en primer lugar, a menos que la legislación estatal aplicable exija un periodo más largo. Para Nueva Jersey, el periodo de garantía de los productos, partes y componentes de repuesto vence un año contado a partir de la fecha original de compra del producto, no de la fecha de sustitución.

Los productos vendidos por Grundfos que sean producidos por otros fabricantes no están cubiertos por esta garantía.

Tenga en cuenta que, al comprar un producto Grundfos en línea, es importante revisar la fecha de fabricación y la duración de la garantía con el vendedor, ya que es posible que el producto ya no esté cubierto por esta garantía limitada.

Cuando un producto esté sujeto a esta garantía limitada, el comprador deberá ponerse en contacto con el vendedor al que haya comprado el producto para presentar una reclamación.

Si el vendedor de un producto ya no está en el negocio, el comprador debe ponerse en contacto con socio de servicio autorizado por Grundfos, que puede encontrar en la dirección www.grundfos.com/us, en la sección "Support" > "Contact Service".

Como parte de la presentación de una reclamación, el comprador deberá devolver el producto descompuesto a su costa, en la medida en la que lo permita la legislación aplicable, junto con el comprobante de compra y una explicación del defecto, la fecha en que este se haya producido y las circunstancias en torno al defecto. En Nueva Jersey no existe ninguna prohibición de devolver un producto descompuesto a costa del comprador. Si la legislación estatal aplicable obliga a Grundfos a hacerse cargo de los gastos de envío, el comprador deberá ponerse en contacto con un servicio técnico autorizado por Grundfos para organizar el envío. El comprador también debe responder con prontitud a Grundfos cualquier consulta relacionada con una reclamación de garantía.

La responsabilidad de Grundfos hacia el comprador en virtud de esta garantía limitada se limita a la reparación o sustitución de un producto (a decisión de Grundfos), que es el único y exclusivo remedio para el comprador en la medida permitida por la legislación aplicable. Para Nueva Jersey, esta limitación resulta permisible.

Esta garantía no cubre lo siguiente: el desgaste ordinario; el uso de un producto para aplicaciones para las que no está diseñado; el uso de un producto en un entorno inadecuado; las modificaciones, alteraciones o reparaciones realizadas por cualquier persona que no actúe con la autorización por escrito de Grundfos; el incumplimiento de las instrucciones, manuales de operación, cualquier otro lineamiento o las buenas prácticas industriales de Grundfos; el uso de equipos auxiliares descompuestos o inadecuados en combinación con un producto; el uso de repuestos o partes de sustitución no proporcionados ni autorizados por Grundfos; el daño accidental o deliberado o el uso indebido de un producto.

El periodo para presentar una reclamación en virtud de la garantía implícita de comerciabilidad y la garantía implícita de idoneidad se limita al mismo periodo previsto por esta garantía en la medida permitida por la legislación aplicable. Para los residentes de Nueva Jersey, esta limitación resulta permisible, si bien se debe tener en cuenta que algunos estados no permiten limitaciones en cuanto a la duración de una garantía implícita, por lo que la limitación anterior puede no resultar aplicable en su caso.

Grundfos no será responsable de ningún daño indirecto o consecuente en relación con un producto en la medida en la que lo permita la legislación aplicable. Para los residentes de Nueva Jersey, esta limitación resulta permisible, si bien debe tenerse en cuenta que algunos estados no permiten limitaciones en cuanto a daños indirectos o consecuentes, por lo que la limitación anterior puede no resultar aplicable en su caso.

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